The Classification of this Brief is: UNCLASSIFIED

# U.S. Northern Command Overview

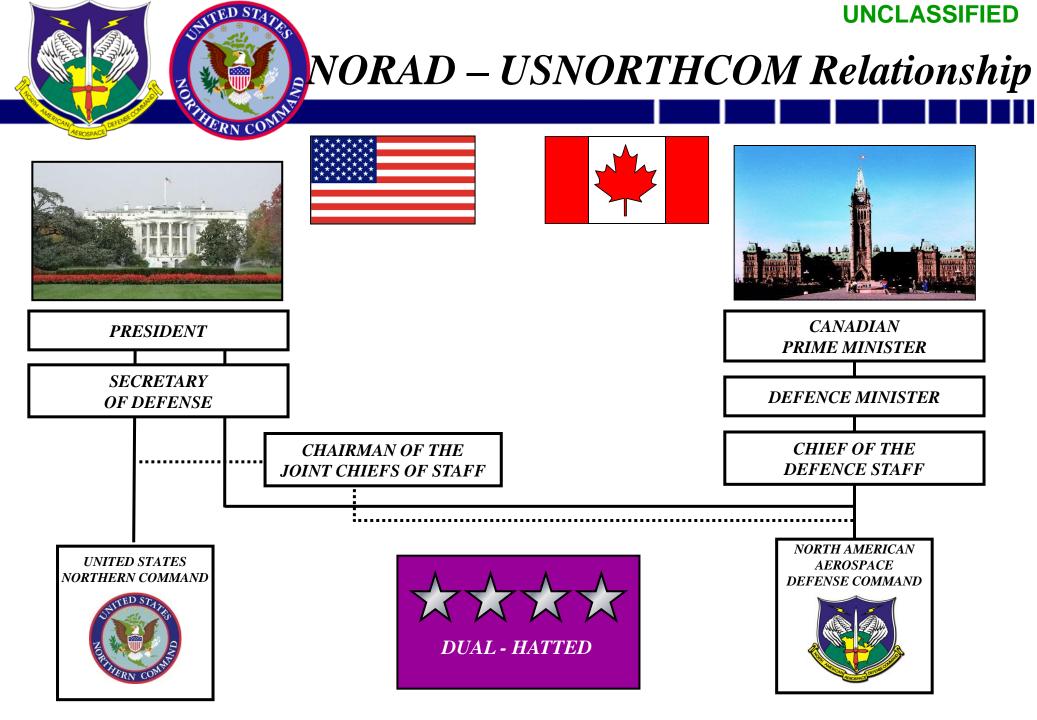
National DSCA Workshop Henderson, Nevada 3 March 2009

Headquarters NORAD and USNORTHCOM



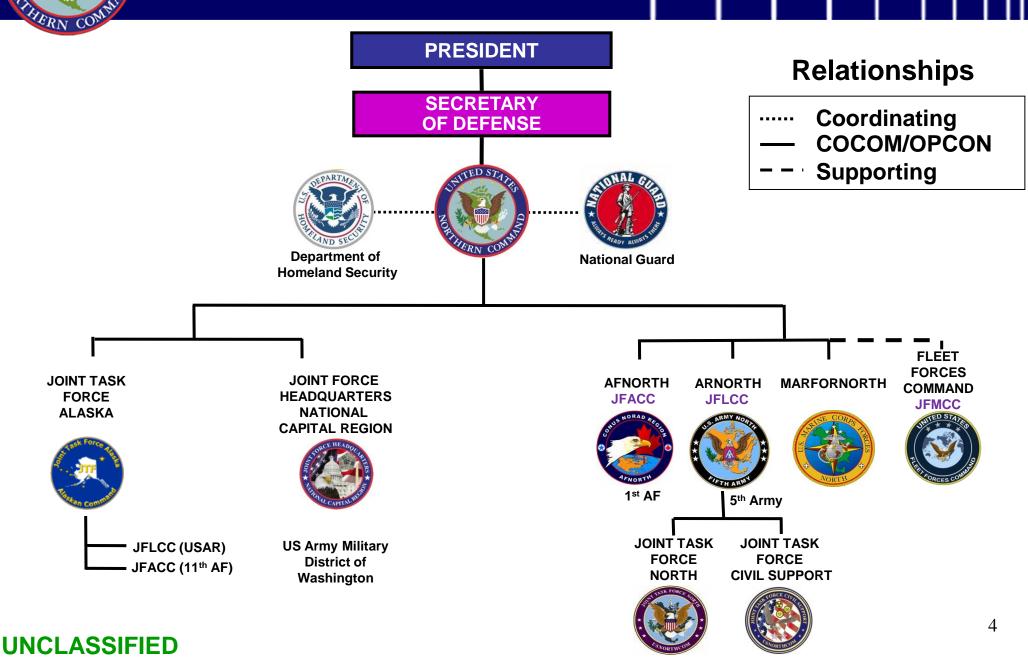
Agenda

- NORAD USNORTHCOM Relationship
- Situation:
  - Friendly
  - Area of Responsibility
  - DSCA/CBRNE CM Authorities
  - CBRNE CM Assumptions, Facts, Limitations
- Mission Statements and Commander's Intent
- CBRNE CM Operations:
  - CBRNE CM Response Forces
  - Operational Construct
  - Response Timeline and Phasing
- Command & Control



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## **USNORTHCOM C2**



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Total Force/Interagency Team

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### More than 60 Organizations are part of our Team!!!

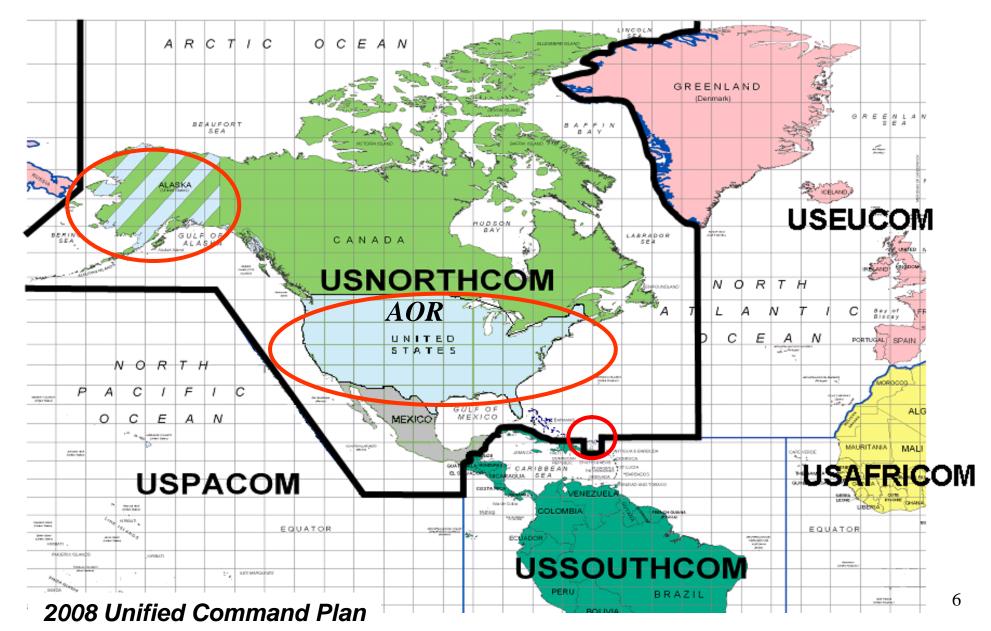




### Redefining Jointness...Success Through Effective Relationships

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# Area of Responsibility







### **DSCA/CBRNE CM Support Authorities**

- National Response Framework
  - Department of Homeland Security (DHS) is responsible for coordinating the national response to disasters and emergencies; DOD is in support

#### Stafford Act –

- Allows President to use DOD to provide support to a state with an Emergency Declaration or a Disaster Declaration; usually follows a state-declared emergency or major disaster
- Economy Act
  - Not a DSCA Statute, but a statute that allows Federal agencies to provide support to each other on a reimbursable basis
- Joint Publication 3-28, Civil Support
- Joint Publication 3-41, CBRNE CM
- CJCSI 3125.01B DSCA for CM in Response to a CBRNE Incident (19 Aug 09)
- USNORTHCOM CONPLAN 3501, Defense Support of Civil Authorities
- USNORTHCOM CONPLAN 3500-08, CBRNE CM Operations
- Joint Staff Standing DSCA Execute Order (EXORD) (14 Aug 09)
- Joint Staff Standing CBRNE CM EXORD (20 Apr 09)



UNCLASSIFIED//FOUO CBRNE CM Key Assumptions

- There will be little to no warning before a CBRNE incident
- SecDef will approve civilian agency requests for DOD assistance IAW the NRF and applicable laws and policy
- At the request of civil authorities, DOD forces in the local area will respond to the CBRNE incident under Immediate Response authority. If the forces are to remain at the incident site, CDRUSNORTHCOM will request Operational Control (OPCON) of those forces
- Appropriate elements of the National Guard will be involved in all CBRNE CM operations
- National Guard forces responding to an incident in a non-Title 10 role, such as Governor deployment or EMAC request, will not operate under control of federal authorities





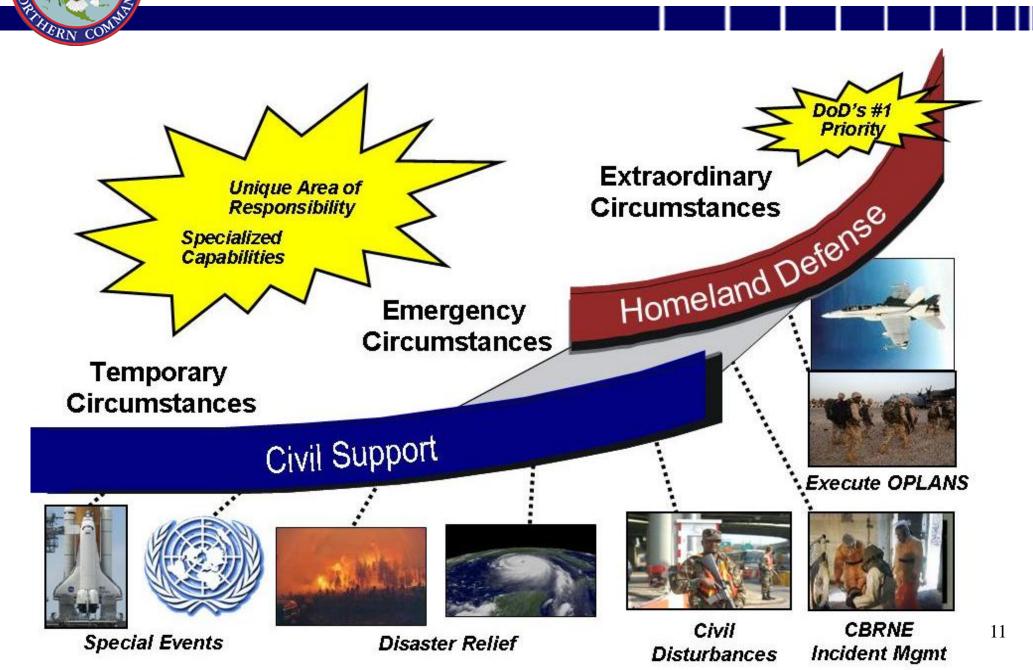
- DHS, through FEMA, leads the Nation's efforts in response to catastrophic incidents
- DHS responds to incidents IAW the NRF
- USNORTHCOM supports DHS's efforts by conducting CBRNE CM, a specific form of DSCA
- DOD is a Supporting Agency for all Emergency Support Functions (ESFs) except ESF 3 (Public Works and Engineering)
- USNORTHCOM CBRNE CM operations are will be part of a coordinated effort between local, state, and federal mission partners
- USNORTHCOM must receive an approved RFA to conduct CBRNE CM
- This plan is specific to US territories within the USNORTHCOM AOR



- USNORTHCOM has no legal authority to initiate DSCA operations without the approval of the President or SecDef
- Title 10 military personnel shall not be employed to enforce or execute civil law in violation of United States Code, Title 18, Section 1385 (Posse Comitatus Act), except as otherwise provided by law
- DOD forces shall not procure or maintain any supplies, material, or equipment exclusively for providing DSCA, unless otherwise directed by the Secretary of Defense

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### **Protecting the Homeland**



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USNORTHCOM anticipates and conducts Homeland Defense and Civil Support operations within the assigned area of responsibility to defend, protect, and secure the United States and its interests.



USNORTHCOM defends America's homeland—protecting our people, national power, and freedom of action

**NORAD-NORTHCOM Vision 2020** 



UNCLASSIFIED//FOUO USNORTHCOM DSCA Mission

When directed, USNORTHCOM conducts Defense Support of Civil Authorities within the Operational Area to support civil authorities during special events and to mitigate the effects of a disaster.



CONPLAN 3501-08, DSCA



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# CBRNE Overview

National DSCA Workshop Henderson, Nevada 3 March 2009

### Headquarters NORAD and USNORTHCOM



When directed by the SecDef, CDRUSNORTHCOM conducts Consequence Management in the 48 contiguous States, the District of Columbia, and Alaska, to support civil authorities in response to Chemical, Biological, Radiological, Nuclear, and High-Yield Explosive events.



CONPLAN 3500-08, CBRNE CM



- Purpose: When directed by SecDef, provide timely military CBRNE CM response in order to <u>assist</u> civil authorities to establish control of the situation, save lives, mitigate human suffering and <u>facilitate</u> recovery operations.
- Key Tasks:
  - Execute DOD responsibilities outlined in the NRF
  - Meet the timelines specified in the NRF (Catastrophic Incident Supplement)
  - Complete all SecDef-approved requests for assistance
  - Recommend additional missions required to save lives, mitigate human suffering and facilitate recovery operations



Commander's Intent (2 of 2)

End State: USNORTHCOM CBRNE CM operations conclude when directed by the SecDef, the effects of the incident are mitigated, civil authorities assume full responsibility with no degradation of operations, and OPCON of deployed DOD assets, less those assigned to USNORTHCOM, is transferred back to their respective commands.

#### **Concluding operations is both a military and political decision**



UNCLASSIFIED//FOUO Limitations

- CDRUSNORTHCOM <u>must receive an RFA</u> from primary Government agency to employ forces as defined by the SecDefapproved Joint Staff CBRNE CM EXORD
- Federal forces can only be placed under the command of Title 10 authorities
- In accordance with United States Code, Title 18, Section 1385 (Posse Comitatus Act), Title 10 military personnel shall not be employed to enforce or execute civil law, except as otherwise provided by law
- Intelligence collection on U.S. persons is restricted by Executive Order 12333 and DOD policy
- There are four mobilization sections contained in Title 10, United States Code (U.S.C.) Section 12301 thru 12304. These sections restrict the ability to rapidly mobilize reserve forces, including the National Guard, for DSCA events, unless the event involves WMD or a terrorist attack



**CBRNE CM Response Forces** 

State Federal Response Response CCMRF **CERF-P** JTF-HQ from USNORTHCOM Joint National Guard Force Package #1 WMD CST Initial C2, Command **CBRNE** Enhanced Assessment Teams, **Response Force** Weapons of Chem/Bio Incident Response Force Package (CBIRF) M-Day NG Status until (Medical, Logistics, Extraction) Activated in SAD/ Force Package #2 Title 32/Title 10 Medical, Decontamination, C2, Transportation and Logistic, Security, Public Affairs -~186 personnel

> Force Package #3 C2, Transportation, Logistical Support, Mortuary Affairs

Additional CM capabilities

Mass Destruction **Civil Support Team** (National Guard) Title 32/full time

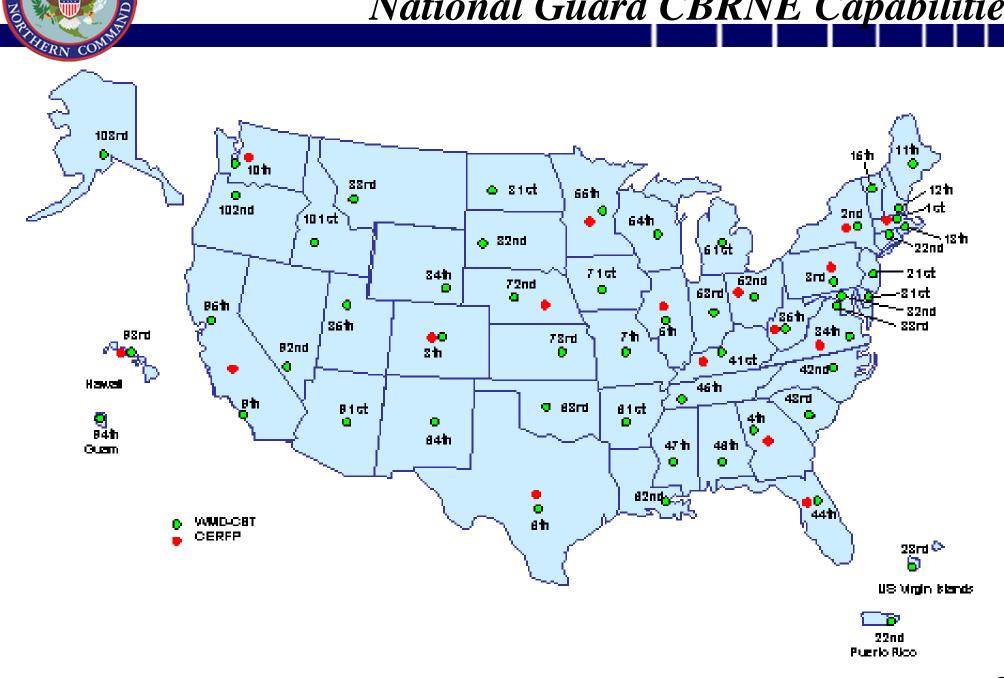
- 22 personnel

- Detection -Identification

(57 total)

- Casualty Search/Rescue
- Decontamination
- Emergency Medical Care
- Force Protection (17 total)

### National Guard CBRNE Capabilities



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- Wide range—medical, CBRNE specific, C2, extraction, decontamination, logistics, transportation
- Capabilities described in CONPLAN 3500 and CJCS EXORD
  - > Both are classified and were derived over time in collaboration with Joint Force Providers

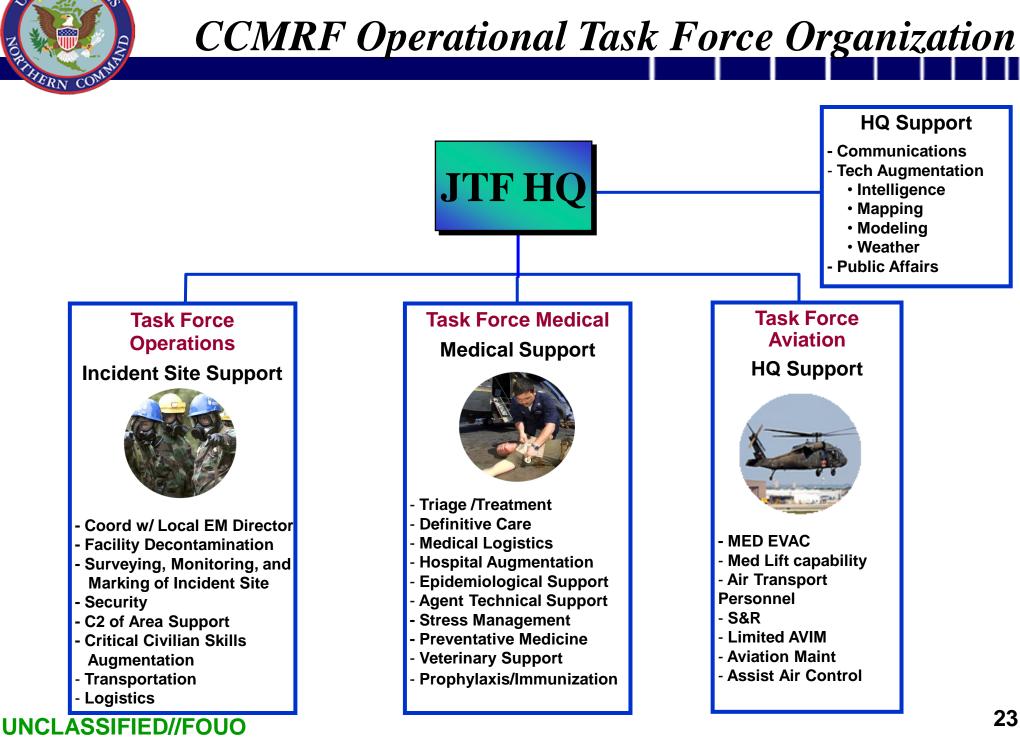
### **Organizational Concepts:**

- > Force Packages: for alert, marshal and deploy actions
- Task Forces: for operational employment & Command and Control

# **CCMRF Force Package and Task Force Structure**

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	CCMRF FPs	Force Package Capabilities	Task Force P	Breakdown by FP
Units at Home Station	Force Package 1	Command & Control Situation Awareness Teams CBIRF Incident Response Force HQ ADVONs JRSOI		Joint Task Force
	Force Package 2	Command & Control Force Protection CBRNE Recon/Decon Medical Treatment & Response Communications Logistical Support Transportation (Aerial and Ground) Security Public Affairs		Task Force OperationsTask Force Medical
	Force Package 3 ED//FOUO	Command and Control Transportation (Aerial and Ground) Logistical Support Engineer Support Aerial MEDEVAC Mortuary Affairs Medical Sustainment		Task Force Aviation22



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### UNCLASSIFIED//FOUO Defense Coordinating Officer

#### DOD single point of contact to the Joint Field Office

- Active duty Army colonel
- Accompanied by a staff of eight people
- May be augmented as required





 Processes requests for DOD support; screens for

- Legality
- Lethality
- Risk
- Cost
- Appropriateness
- Readiness
- Forwards requests to DOD organizations
- May be appointed as the Joint Force Commander



UNCLASSIFIED//FOUO CONPLAN 3500 Operational Concept

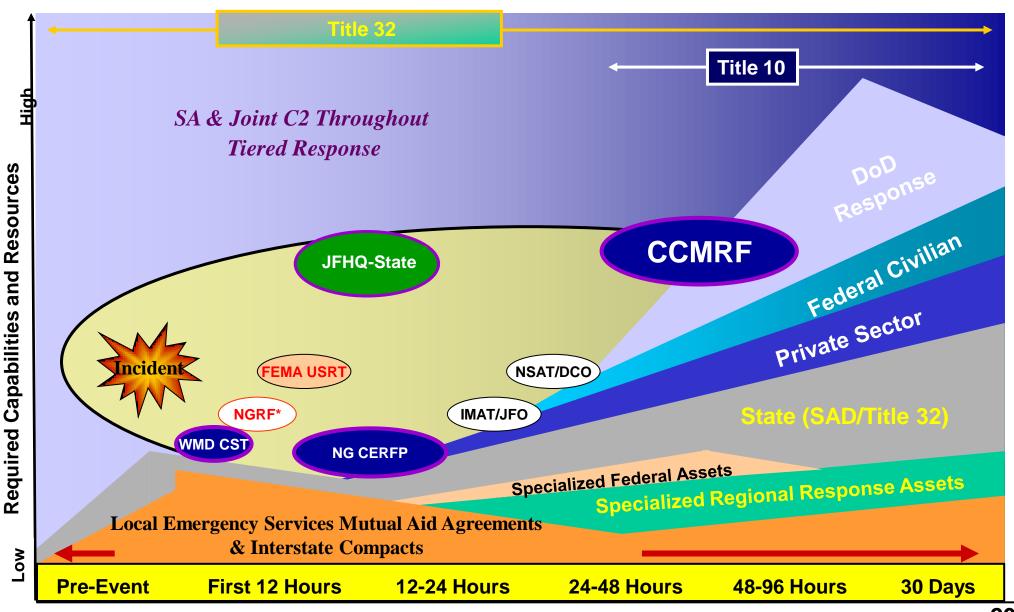
- Operational Concept:
  - Employs up to three CBRNE Consequence Management Response Forces (CCMRF)
  - Provides Command and Control (C2) for multiple simultaneous incidents
  - Utilizes a five-tiered CBRNE Response Posture Level (CRPL) system





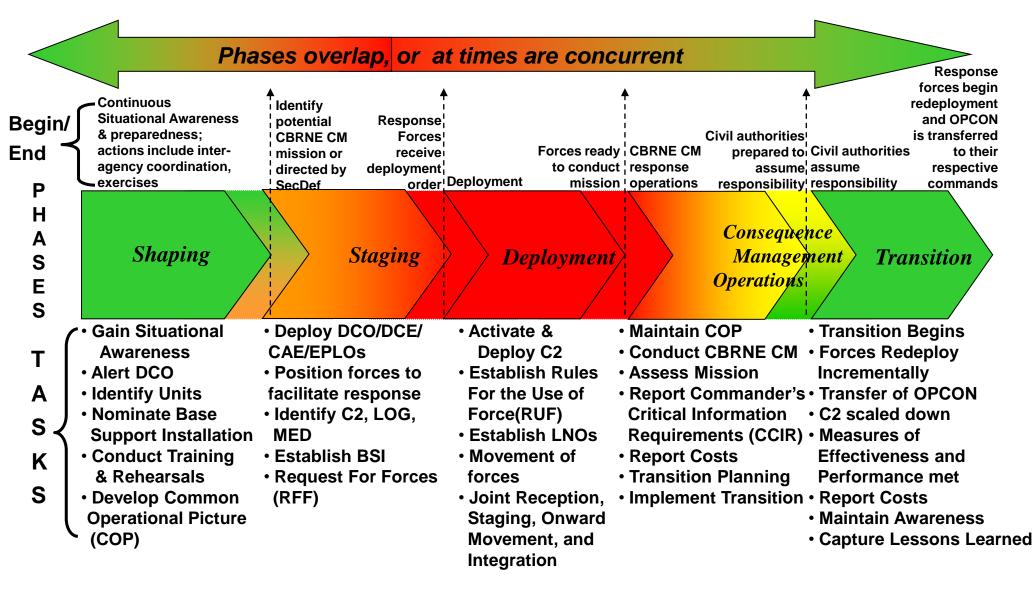


### **Consequence Management Response Timeline**



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**CONPLAN 3500 Phases** 



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**Concept of Operations** 

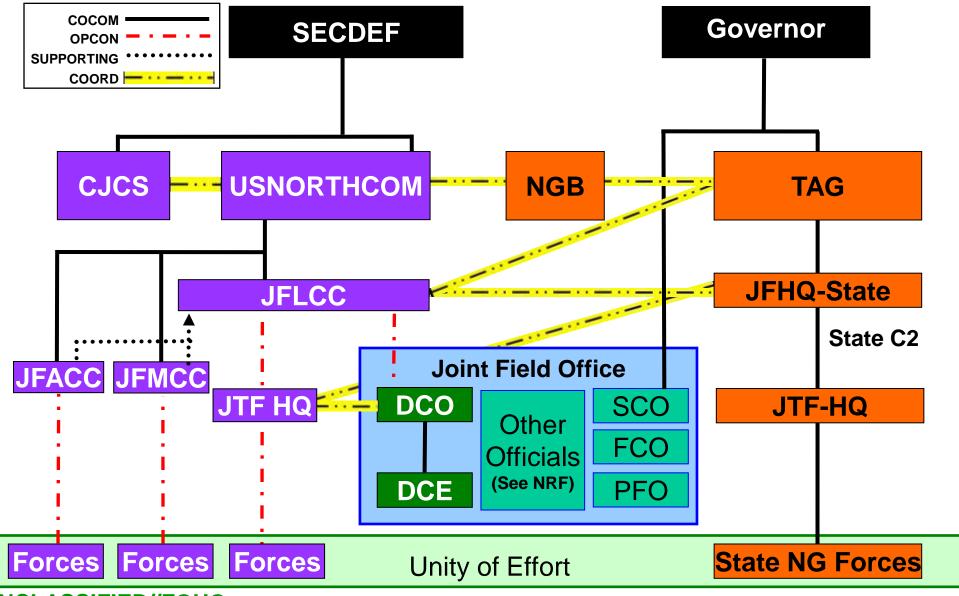
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### CONPLAN 3500 C2 Options

(uc	•			<u>Large-Scale</u> <u>Event</u>			
Magnitude (Scope, and Duration,		Medium-Scale Event		Functional			
	Small-Scale Event	Task Force Commanders		Component Commanders			
	DCO as Joint Force	CCP-1 (ARNORTH)	JTF-CS	(ARNORTH)			
	Commander (JFC) • DCO • DCE • EPLOs • REPLOs • JRMPs	CCP-2 (ARNORTH) 1AETF Other TF	JTF-AK JTF-NCR JTF-State (NG) Other JTF	JFACC (AFNORTHERN) JFMCC (USFF)	-		
Event <b>N</b>	Incident(s) limited in size and area	Incident(s) broader in scope and devastation	n requiring significant C2 capabilities d				
Level of DoD Support							

### **DOD C2 Relationships**







UNCLASSIFIED//FOUO The Big Unknowns

# What? Where?

# How much?

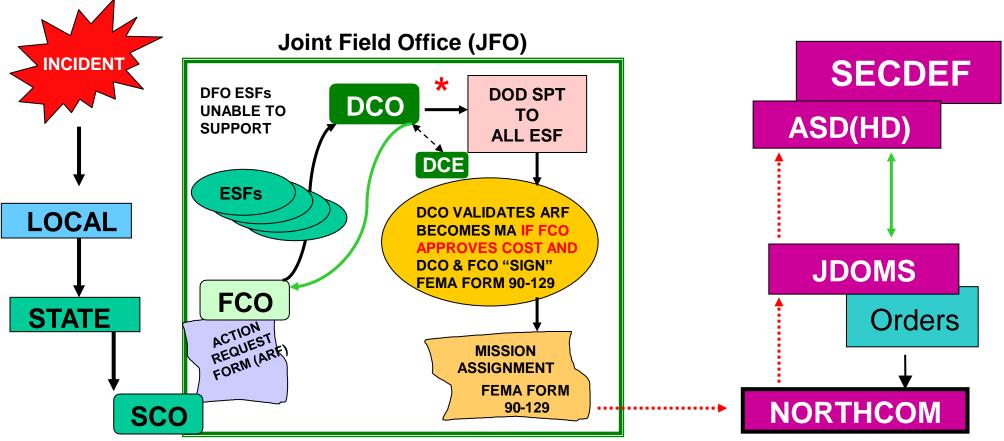
- Regional work has been done to address this for CBRNE response
- FEMA planning, Regional & State planning underway
- FEMA IPS is improving standardization in planning efforts
- TFER will help link Federal and State planning efforts
- Support and situational awareness from DCO/DCE and EPLOs and NSAT a key...





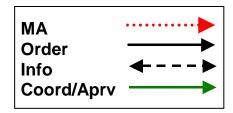
### Request for Assistance (RFA) FEMA Mission Assignment (MA) Process

#### If DCO employed to UCG Stafford Act declaration likely



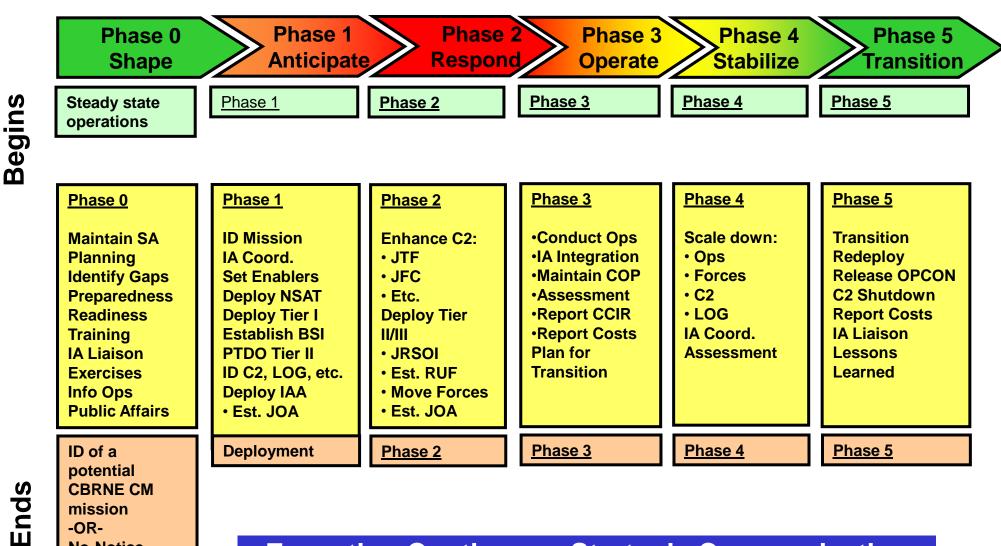
\* DCO receives Action Request Form (ARF) & forwards through command channels similar to a Warning Order - planning only, no action.

Mission Assignment (MA) comes through command channels similar to an EXORD





### **DSCA Phasing Construct**



**Executing Continuous Strategic Communication** 

CONPLAN 3501-08, DSCA

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**No-Notice** event

-OR-