APPENDIX A: EQUIPMENT RECOGNITION

INFANTRY WEAPONS

9-mm Self-Loading Pistol Type 92 (QSZ-29)



Cartridge 9 x 19 mm (Chinese DAP-92)

Effective Range 50

Operation Short recoil, semiautomatic fire

Feed Device 15-round box magazine

Weight 760 kg Length 190 mm

NOTE: also available chambered for 5.8- x 21-mm cartridge.

7.62-mm Automatic Pistol Type 54



Cartridge7.62 x 25.0 mmEffective Range50 m

Operation Recoil, semiautomatic fire Feed Device 8-round box magazine

Weight Unloaded 0.903 kg Length 195.0 mm

NOTE: The Type 54 is a copy of the Russian TT-33/Tokarev

5.8-mm Rifle QBZ 95



Cartridge 5.8 x 42.0 mm

Effective Range 400 m

Cyclic Rate of Fire 600 to 650 rounds/minute
Method of Operation Gas blowback, seletive fire
Feed Device 30-round box magazine

Weight Unloaded 3.25 kg Length 746 mm

NOTE: The Type 97 rifle is the export version of the QBZ 95; it is chambered to fire 5.56 x 45-mm NATO rounds. QBZ 95B carbine is a shorter version.

7.62-mm Assault Rifle Type 56, Type 56-1



Cartridge 7.62 x 39 mm

Range

Maximum 2,500 m Effective 400 m

Cyclic 600 rounds/minute
Single-Shot 40 to 60 rounds/minute

Operation Gas blowback,

selective fire (semiautomatic, automatic)

Feed Device 30-round box magazine

Weight Unloaded 3,851 kg Length 1,021.0 mr

1,021.0 mm Type 56-1 is 645 mm long with stock folded

NOTE: The Type 56 and 56-1 are Chinese variants of the AK-47/AKM.

7.62-mm Submachinegun Type 64



Cartridge 7.62 x 25 mm Effective Range 135 m

Method of OperationGas blowback, selective fireCyclic Rate of Fire1,315 rounds/minuteFeed Device30-round box magazine

Weight Unloaded 3.4 kg

Length 843 mm stock extended, 635 mm stock folded

7.62-mm Light Machinegun Type 56



Caliber 7.62 x 39.0 mm Effective Range 800 m

Maximum Range 2,500 m

OperationGas blowback, automatic fireCyclic Rate of Fire650 to 750 rounds/minute

Feed Device 25- or 50-round nondisintegrating-link belt Weight Unloaded 7.08 kg with empty belt container

Length 1,036 mm

NOTE: feed capacity is 100 rounds in linked belt sections in drum-style container.

7.62-mm General Purpose Machinegun Type 80



Caliber
Effective Range
Operation
Rate of Fire
Feed Device
Weight Unloaded

Length

7.62 x 54.0 mm 1.000 m

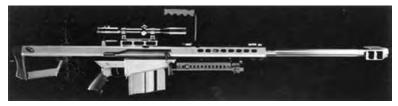
Gas blowback, automatic fire

Cyclic 650, practical 350 rounds/minute 100- or 200-round belt or 50-round drum

12.6 kg (gun and tripod)

1,192 mm

0.50-in Sniper Rifle Barrett Model 82A1



Cartridge Effective Range Maximum Range

Method of Operation Feed Device

Weight Loaded Overall Length 12.7 x 99.0 mm 1,500 m

2,000 m Short recoil, semiautomatic 10-round box magazine

13.6 kg 1,448.0 mm

30-mm Automatic Grenade Launcher AGS-17



Cartridge Crew **Effective Range** Maximum Range

Rates of Fire

Cyclic Automatic Single-Shot Lethal Radius

Method of Operation

Feed Device

Weight Unloaded **Length Overall**

30 x 131.7-mm HE-Frag

2 to 3 1,200 m 1,730 m

400 rounds/minute 58 to 87 rounds/minute

45 rounds/minute

7 to 9 m

Gas blowback, selective fire

29-round nondisintegrating-link belt fed from a drum magazine

17.75 kg 840 mm

ARMOR

Armament

Tank Type 59, 59-1, 59-2, 59-3, 79-I, 79-II



Crew 4

Main 105-mm rifled gun
Coaxial 7.62-mm machinegun
Turret 12.7-mm machinegun
Bow 7.62-mm machinegun

Range 440 km (600 km with external fuel)

Maximum Speed 60 km/h Vertical Obstacle 0.8 m

Gradient/Side Slope 60/30 percent

Trench 2.7 m

Fording 1.4 m (5.5 m with preparation)

Combat Weight 37,500 kg
Overall Length x Width x Height 9.2 x 3.3 x 2.8 m

Fuel Capacity, Type 927 liters plus 400 liters in drums

NOTE: The Type 79-I and 79-II are the latest in the progression of improvements to the Type 59. The Type 59 had a 100 mm gun, 59-1 improved power train, 59-2 had a 105-mm gun, 59-3 has improved automotive features. The Type 79 incorporated a 105-mm gun, side skirts, and a copy of an Israeli image intensifier large optical head Type 79-I, described and shown above, is widely deployed among China's forces.

Modernized Tank ZTZ 59 D1



Crew

Armament
Main
Coaxial
Turret
Bow
Other

Armament
105-mm rifled gun
7.62-mm machinegun
12.7-mm machinegun
7.62-mm machinegun
Gun-launched ATGMs

Range 440 km (600 km using external fuel)

Maximum Speed60 km/hVertical Obstacle0.8 mGradient/Side Slope60/30 percent

Trench 2.7 m

Fording 1.4 m (5.5 with preparation)

Combat Weight 37,000 kg
Overall Length x Width x Height 9.2 x 3.3 x 2.8 m

Fuel Capacity, Type 927 liters plus 400 liters in drums

Tank ZTZ 88B (Export Type 80-II); ZTZ 88B Modernized



Crew 4 Armament

Main 105-mm rifled gun
Coaxial 7.62-mm machinegun
Turret 12.7 mm machinegun

Turret 12.7-mm machinegun
Range 430 km
Maximum Speed 55 to 60 km/h
Vertical Obstacle 1.4 m

Gradient/Side Slope 32/30 percent **Trench** 2.7 m

Fording 1.4 m (5 m with snorkel)

Combat Weight 38,500 kg
Overall Length x Width x Height 9.3 x 3.4 x 2.3 m

Tank Type ZTZ 96 (88C)/(85IIAP/85IIM Export); ZTZ 96-1 (88D), ZTZ96A



Crew Armament

> Main Coaxial Turret

Range

Maximum Speed Vertical Obstacle Gradient/Side Slope

Trench Fording

Combat Weight

Overall Length x Width x Height

Fuel Capacity

3

125-mm smoothbore gun 7.62-mm machinegun 12.7-mm machinegun

600 km 57 km/h 0.8 m

60/40 percent

2.7 m

1.4 m (5 m for 600 m with snorkel)

41,000 kg 10.3 x 3.4 x 2.3 m

1.300 liters

(1,700 liters with external drums)

Tank Type ZTZ 98/99A; ZTZ-99, Type 98G (WZ 123)



Crew Armament

> Main Coaxial Turret Other

Range

Maximum Speed Vertical Obstacle

Gradient/Side Slope

Trench Fording

Combat Weight

Overall Length x Width x Height NOTE: ZTZ-99/Type 98G shown.

3

125-mm smoothbore gun 7.62-mm machinegun 12.7-mm machinegun Gun-launched ATGMs

500 m 65 to 80 km/h

0.9 m

60/32 percent

3.0 m 1.4 m

(5.0 m for 600 m with preparation)
Up to 54,000 kg, depending on variant

11 x 3.5 x 2.3 m

Light Tank Type ZTQ 62



Crew 4

Armament

Main85-mm rifled gunCoaxial7.62-mm machinegunTurret12.7-mm machinegun

Range510 kmMaximum Speed60 km/hVertical Obstacle0.7 m

Gradient/Side Slope 60/30 percent

Trench 2.55 m

Fording 1.3 m (5 m with preparation)

Combat Weight 21,000 kg

Overall Length x Width x Height 7.9 x 2.9 x 2.8 m (gun forward)

Amphibious Light Tank Type ZTS 63



Crew Armament

Main

Coaxial Turret

Range

Maximum Speed Vertical Obstacle

Gradient/Side Slope Trench

Fording Combat Weight

Overall Length x Width x Height

Fuel Capacity, Type

3

85-mm rifled gun 7.62-mm machinegun

12.7-mm machinegun

370 km 64 km/h

0.87 m

32/38 percent

2.9 m

Amphibious 18,400 kg

8.44 x 3.20 x 3.12 m

liters of

Modernized Amphibious Light Tank Type ZTS 63A



Crew 3

Armament

85-mm rifled gun Main 7.62-mm machinegun Coaxial Turret 12.7-mm machinegun Other

1K13 ATGMs carried on ZTS 63A1

Range

370 km **Maximum Speed** 64 km/h **Vertical Obstacle** 0.87 m **Gradient/Side Slope** 38/32 percent Trench 2.9 m Fording Amphibious

Combat Weight 22,000 kg Overall Length x Width x Height 9.6 x 3.2 x 3.0 m

Armored Personnel Carrier Type 63-Series (WZ 531 C, D, E; YW 531/701/750/304/381)



Crew; Passengers 2; 13

Standard Weapon 12.7-mm machinegun

Range800 kmMaximum Speed66 km/hVertical Obstacle0.6 mSide Slope25 percentFordingAmphibious

Combat Weight 12,600 kg
Overall Length x Width x Height 5.5 x 3.0 x 2.9 m
Fuel Capacity, Type 450 liters of diesel

NOTE: These models represent the evolution of the Type 63 (WZ531) APC. Variants include the YW 531 series with 12.7-mm machinegun, YW 304 with 82-mm mortar, YW 381 with 120-mm mortar, YW750 ambulance, YW 701 series C² vehicles.

Amphibious Armored Personnel Carrier Type 63C (WZ 531)



Crew; Passengers 2; 13

Standard Weapon12.7-mm machinegunRange800 km (500 km on water)Maximum Speed61 km/h (6.0 km/h on water)

Vertical Obstacle 0.6 m
Side Slope 25 percent
Fording Amphibious
Combat Weight 12,600 kg

Overall Length x Width x Height 7.5 x 3.0 x 2.9 m Fuel Capacity, Type 450 liters of diesel

NOTE: This variant has been modified with flotation cells fore and aft and an outboard motor.

Amphibious Armored Personnel Carrier Type 77 (WZ 511)



Crew: Passengers Standard Weapon

Range

Maximum Speed **Vertical Obstacle**

Gradient/Side Slope

Trench

Fording Combat Weight

Overall Length x Width x Height

Fuel Capacity, Type

2; 16

12.7-mm machinegun 370 km (70 km on water) 60 km/h (12 km/h on water)

0.87 m

60/40 percent

2.9 m

Amphibious

15,500 kg 7.4 x 3.2 x 2.2 m

416 liters of diesel plus 200 liters in auxil-

lary tanks

NOTE: Variants of this series include the Type 77-1 and Type 77-2, with 12.7-mm machinegun; HQ-2, with HQ-2J SAM; Type 83 (WZ 211), with SILKWORM antiship missile; prototype WZ 211, with turreted 122-mm gun-howitzer.

Infantry Fighting Vehicle Type ZBD 86 (WZ 501)



Crew; Passengers Armament

Main

73-mm smoothbore gun with autoloader (sustainable rate of fire 8 rounds/minute) 7.62-mm machinegun Coaxial

One launch rail for Red Arrow 73 ATGM Other

3;8

510 km Range Maximum Speed 65 km/h Vertical Obstacle 0.8 m

Gradient/Side Slope 60/47 percent

Trench 2.0 m

Fording **Amphibious** Combat Weight 13,300 kg Overall Length x Width x Height 6.7 x 2.9 x 2.2 m Fuel Capacity, Type 460 liters of Diesel

NOTE: variants include WZ 501, which is China's copy of the BMP-1; WZ 501A, with 25-mm cannon; WZ 504, with four pop-up rail launchers for Red Arrow 73 ATGM; WZ 506 command vehicle; Type 86B Marine version, with floatation cells and outboard motor; and Type 86G, with 30-mm cannon.

Armored Personnel Carrier Type 89 (WZ 534)-ZSD 89I 12.7-mm, ZSD89II 25-mm



Crew; Passengers 2; 8

Standard Weapon 12.7-mm machinegun

 Range
 500 km

 Maximum Speed
 65 km/h

 Vertical Obstacle
 0.7 m

Gradient/Side Slope 60/25 percent

Trench 2.2 m Fording Amphibious

Combat Weight 14,500 kg
Overall Length x Width x Height 6.6 x 3.1 x 2.8 m

NOTE: The Type 89 also is used as a base vehicle for 25-mm cannon and turret; Red Arrow 8 ATGMs (shown above); 120-mm mortar; 122-mm howitzer; 130-mm multiple rocket launcher; command and control variant; amphibious refueler; ambulance; and others.

Armored Personnel Carrier Type 90, 91 (WZ 535)



Crew; Passengers 2; 13

Standard Weapon 12.7-mm machinegun

 Range
 500 km

 Maximum Speed
 67 km/h

 Vertical Obstacle
 0.7 m

 Side Slope
 40 percent

Side Slope40 percentFordingAmphibiousCombat Weight14,500 kg

Overall Length x Width x Height Type 90 6.7 x 3.1 x 2.4 m; Type 91 7.4 x 3.1 x 2.4 m

NOTE: The Type 90 has 5 road wheels on each side, the Type 91 has 6. Variants include Type 90 with 120-mm mortar, 82-mm mortar, 130-mm multiple rocket launcher, or Red Arrow HJ-8 ATGMs; and Type 91 with 23- or 25-mm cannon or 122-mm gunhowitzer.

Airborne Infantry Fighting Vehicle BMD-3



Crew; Passengers Armament

Main Turret

Bow

Range Maximum Speed Vertical Obstacle **Gradient/Side Slope**

Trench Fording Combat Weight

Overall Length x Width x Height

Fuel Capacity, Type

2;5

30-mm rifled automatic cannon

7.62-mm machinegun; 9M113 or 9M113M (AT-5 or -5M) Konkurs ATGM

5.45-mm machinegun (on the right side); 30-mm automatic grenade launcher (left

side)

500 km (80 km on water)

71 km/h (10 km/h on water)

0.8 m

70/45 percent

1.5 m

Amphibious

13,200 kg

6.4 x 3.1 x 2.6 m 450 liters of diesel

Amphibious Infantry Fighting Vehicle BMP-3



Crew; Passengers

Armament

Main Coaxial

Bow Other

Maximum Speed

Range

Gradient/Side Slope

Vertical Step Trench

Fording Combat Weight

Length x Width x Height

Fuel Capacity

3;7

100-mm rifled gun and 30-mm automatic cannon

7.62-mm machinegun

2x 7.62-mm machinegun, one on each side AT-10 ATGMs (launched from 100-mm gun)

70 km/h (10 km/h on water) 600 km (70 km on water)

75/35 percent

0.8 m 2.5 m

Amphibious 18,700 kg

6.7 x 3.3 x 2.5 m

690 liters of diesel (multifuel capable)

Armored Personnel Carrier Type ZSL 90 (WZ 551), Type ZSL 92 (WMZ 551)



Crew; Passengers 2;11

Armament

Armored Personnel Carrier 12.7-mm machinegun

25-mm cannon and 7.62-mm machinegun Infantry Combat Vehicle

(shown above)

73-mm gun, 7.62-mm machinegun, and a Red Arrow ATGM launcher **Infantry Combat Vehicle**

Antitank Variant Four Red Arrow ATGM launch rails

500 km Range Maximum Speed 66 km/h

Vertical Obstacle $0.5 \, \text{m}$ Gradient 30 percent

Trench 1.2 m **Fording Amphibious**

Combat Weight APC 12,500 kg; ICV 14,200 kg

6.6 x 2.8 x 2.9 m (length and height vary with configuration) Overall Length x Width x Height

Fuel Type Diesel

NOTE: The Type 90 chassis also is used for 122-mm self-propelled howitzer and 120-mm self-propelled mortar.

ARTILLERY

315-mm (2 Rd) Rocket Launcher PMH90-315-2



Number of Tubes Type of Round Range Emplacement Time Traverse Limits Maximum Speed Road Range 2 HE-frag. 40 to 100 km 15 minutes 45.0 degrees left or right 60 km/h 500 km

300-mm Rocket Launcher Type A100



Tube Configuration Types of Rounds

Range

Rate of Fire

Reload Time Emplacemen

Emplacement/Displacement Time Road Range Maximum Speed

Gradient Fording

Chassis Length x Travel Width

Platform

1 row of 4 tubes over 1 row of 6 tubes ADHPM (DPICM, AT mines, possibly

thermobaric) 40 to 100 km

10 rounds in 35 seconds

20 minutes 7/2 minutes 650 km km/h

57 percent 1.1 m 11.1 x 3.1 m

TA5450 8x8 cargo truck

NOTE: The Type A100 is equipped with GPS, low-altitude meteorological, and fire-control systems.

122-mm Multiple Rocket Launch System (with 40-round Reload) Type 85, Type 89



Crew

Tube Configuration 4 rows of 10 tubes with 40-round reload pack HE-frag., HE steel ball, HE steel ball incendiary, ICM, DPICM, incendiary, mine-laying **Types of Rounds**

Range

9.600 (6.000 for mine-laving rocket) to 40.000 m Rate of Fire

40 rounds in 20 seconds **Emplacement/Displacement Time** Approximately 2 minutes

Traverse Limits Left 102.0 degrees, right 66.0 degrees

Elevation Limits 0.0 to +55.0 degrees

12.7-mm machinegun (Type 89 only) Other Armament

Maximum Speed 55 km/h **Road Range** 450 km **Vertical Step** 0.7 m

Gradient/Side Slope 31/25 degrees

Trench 2.6 m **Fording** 1.3 m **Travel Weight** 29,900 kg Travel Length x Width x Height 7.2 x 3.1 x 3.2 m

NOTE: Type 85 shown above.

107-mm Towed Multiple Rocket Launcher System Type 63



Crew 2

Tube Configuration 12 rocket launch tubes (3 rows of 4)

Range, Indirect Fire 3,000 to 8,500 m

Rate of Fire 12 rounds in 7 to 9 seconds
Traverse Limits 15 degrees left and right

Elevation Limits 0 to +60 degrees

Reload Time 5 minutes 3/2 minutes Travel Weight 5 minutes 613 kg

Travel Length x Width x Height 2.60 x 1.40 x 1.19 m

NOTE: The Type 63 is NOT in LAF inventory, but may be in Hizballah hands.

122-mm Self-Propelled Howitzer Type 85, Type 89



Crew

Gun Caliber 121.92 mm x 38.0

Types of Rounds HE-frag., DPICM, illumination, smoke

Range, Conventional Munition >15,300 m

Burst Rate of Fire6 to 8 rounds/minuteTraverse Limits22.5 degrees left or rightElevation Limits-5.0 to +70.0 degreesMaximum Speed60 km/h (6.0 km/h on water)

Road Range 500 km km
Vertical Step 0.6 m
Gradient 53 percent
Trench 2.2 m
Fording Amphibious

Travel Length x Width x Height 6.7 x 3.1 x 2.9 m

NOTE: Type 85 and Type 89 are based on the Soviet D-30. Type 85 is described above. Type 89 improvements include a different tracked chassis and turret gun mount (Type 85 has an open mount with canvas cover over the crew compartment).

152-mm Self-Propelled Gun-Howitzer Type 83



Crew

Types of Rounds HE-frag., DPICM illumination, smoke

Range, Conventional 17,230 m **Traverse Limit** 360 degrees

Elevation Limits -5.0 to +65.0 degrees

Emplacement Time 1 minute

Other Armament 12.7-mm machinegun

Road Range450 kmMaximum Speed45 km/hVertical Step0.7 m

Gradient/Side Slope 71 percent/30 degrees

 Trench
 2.7 m

 Fording
 1.3 m

 Travel Weight
 27,215 kg

 Travel Length x Width x Height
 7.0 x 3.1 x 3.5 m

155-mm Self-Propelled Gun-Howitzer PLZ45



Crew Gun Caliber Types of Rounds

Range, Conventional, Indirect Fire

Rates of Fire Burst

Sustained Traverse Limits

Elevation Limits
Maximum Speed

Road Range Vertical Step

Gradient/Side Slope

Trench Fording Travel Weight

Travel Length x Width x Height

5

155.0 mm x 45.0

HE-frag., illumination, smoke

5,400 to 30,000 m (50,000 m extended)

4 to 5 rounds per minute 2 rounds per minute 30.0 degrees left or right -3.0 to +45.0 degrees

55 km/h 450 km

0.7 m 58 percent/21.15 degrees

2.7 m 1.2 m 32,000 kg

10.5 x 3.3 x 2.6 m

122-mm Towed Howitzer Type 54-1



Gun Caliber Types of Rounds

Range

Direct Fire

Indirect Fire

Rates of Fire

Burst Normal Sustained Traverse Total Elevation Limits

Emplacement/Displacement Time

Travel Weight Travel Length

121.92 mm x 23.0 HE-frag., smoke

660 m

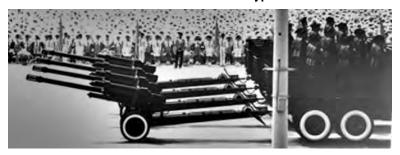
5,350 to 11,800 m (conventional)

5 to 6 rounds per minute 3 rounds per minute 2 rounds per minute 49.0 degrees

-3.0 to 63.5 degrees

2/1 minute 2,500 kg 5.9 m

122-mm Towed Howitzer Type 83



Gun Caliber
Types of Rounds
Range
Traverse Limits
Elevation Limits
Combat Weight
Travel Length x Width x Height

121.92 mm
HE-frag., illumination, smoke
Conventional 12 km, extended 15 km
25.0 degrees left or right
-5 to +65.0 degrees
2,700 kg
6.8 x 2.1 x 1.5 m

122-mm Towed Howitzer D-30



Crew: Section Size

Caliber

Types of Rounds

Range

Rate of Fire

Burst Normal Sustained

Traverse Limit. Total **Elevation Limits**

Emplacement/Displacement Time

Travel Weight

Travel Length x Width x Height

Prime Mover

5:6

121.92 mm x 38.0

HE-frag., DPICM, illumination, smoke 1,000 to 15,300 m (conventional), 18,000 m (extended)

8 rounds per minute

6 rounds per minute 4 rounds per minute

360 degrees

-7.0 to +70 degrees

1.5/3 minutes 3,200 kg

5.40 x 1.95 x 1.66 m

Heavy 6x6 truck

130-mm Towed Gun Type 59-1



Gun Caliber Types of Rounds

Range, Direct Fire Range, Indirect Fire Rates of Fire

Burst Normal Traverse Limits

Elevation Limits Travel Weight

Travel Length x Width x Height

130.0 mm x 52.0

HE-frag., HE-frag.-incendiary, DPICM, illumination, smoke

1,170 m

7,800 to 27,150 m (38,000 m extended)

8 to 10 rounds per minute 6 rounds per minute

Left 30.0 degrees, right 28.0 degrees

-2.5 to +45.0 degrees

6,300 kg

10.8 x 2.4 x 2.8 m

152-mm Gun-Howitzer Type 66, 66-1



Crew 5

Caliber, Cannon 152.4 mm x 27.82

Types of Rounds HE-frag., DPICM, illumination, incendiary

Range

Direct Fire 800 m

Indirect Fire, Conventional 4,400 to 17,400 m (up to 20,000 m extended)

Rates of Fire

Burst 6 to 8 rounds per minute 5 rounds per minute Normal Sustained 4 rounds per minute **Elevation Limits** -5 to +65 degrees

Left 32.0 degrees, right 26.0 degrees **Traverse Limits**

Emplacement/Displacement Time 2.5 minutes **Travel Weight** 5,720 kg

Travel Length x Width x Height 8.7 x 2.43 x 2.5 m

NOTE: Type 66-1 is an improved version of the Type 66. Both are copies of the Soviet D-20. Data above are for the Type 66-1.

76-mm Towed Field Gun Type 54



Crew; Section 5; 6

Ammunition 76.2- x 41.6-mm HE-frag.

Range

Direct Fire 820 m

Indirect Fire 1,500 to 13,290 m (conventional)

Rates of Fire

Burst25 rounds per minuteNormal15 rounds per minuteSustained8 rounds per minuteTraverse Limits27 degrees left or rightElevation Limits-5 to +37 degrees

Emplacement/Displacement Time 1 minute Travel Weight 1,116 kg

Travel Weight 1,116 kg
Travel Length x Width x Height 5.1 x 1.2 x 1.4 m

NOTE: The Type 54 is a licensed copy of the Soviet ZIS-3 (shown).

100-mm Manportable Mortar Type PP89



Crew
Ammunition
Range
Rates of Fire
Burst
Normal
Traverse Limits
Elevation Limits
Travel Weight

4 HE-frag., smoke, illumination 6,400 m

20 rounds per minute 15 rounds per minute degrees +45.0 to +80.0 degrees 73 kg

120-mm Towed Mortar Type W86



Ammunition Range

Conventional Extended **Normal Rate of Fire**

Traverse Limits Elevation Limits

Travel Weight

HE-frag., HE-RA, smoke, illumination

7,700 m 13,000 m

20 rounds per minute 4.7 degrees left or right +45.0 to +80.0 degrees

291 kg 2.4 x 1.6 x 1.1 m

Travel Length x Width x Height 2.4 x 1.6 x 1.1 m

NOTE: The Type W86 probably is replacing the 120-mm mortar Type 55, which is heavier and has a shorter maximum range than the W86.

60-mm Manportable Mortar Type 63-1



Ammunition Range Burst Rate of Fire Weight Empty 60.75-mm HE-frag., smoke, illumination 95 to 1,550 m 30 to 35 rounds per minute 12 kg

82-mm Manportable Mortar Type 67



Ammunition

Range **Burst Rate of Fire Traverse Limits Elevation Limits**

Weight Empty

NOTE: The Type 67 mortar can be broken down into three loads.

HE-frag., incendiary, smoke, illumination,

leaflet 85 to 3,040 m

25 rounds per minute ≤21 degrees left or right by shifting bipod +45.0 to +85.0 degrees

35 kg

82-mm Towed Automatic Mortar Type W99



Crew; Section Ammunition Range, Indirect Fire Rates of Fire

Burst Normal Sustained Operation

Feed Device Traverse Limits Elevation Limits

Weight Empty
Firing Mode Width x He

Firing Mode Width x Height

4; 5 HE-frag.

800 to 4,270 m (direct fire is possible)

4 rounds in 1.5 seconds 120 rounds per minute 300 rounds in 30 minutes Blow-back, selective fire (single-shot, automatic burst)

4-round clip (muzzle-loading is possible)

30 degrees left or right -1.0 to +85.0 degrees

650 kg

3.1 x 1.2 m

NOTE: The Type W99 is a copy of the Soviet 82-mm automatic mortar 2B9.

ANTIARMOR

120-mm Self-propelled Antitank Gun PTZ 89



Crew 4

Armament 120-mm high-pressure smoothbore cannon Main Gun

Auxiliary 12.7-mm machinegun Rate of Fire, Main Gun 4 rounds per minute

Cruise Range
Maximum Speed
Gradient/Side Slope
Vertical Obstacle 450 km 42 km/h

60/40 percent 0.7 m Trench 2.5 m 1.3 m

Fording Combat Weight 30,000 kg Hull Length x Width x Height 6.4 x 3.2 x 1.5 m

Antitank Guided Missile System Red Arrow 8



Warhead Diameter
Types of Rounds
Effective Range
Guidance
Armor Penetration
Combat Weight
Launch Tube with Missile
Tripod
Launch Tube Length x Diameter

120 mm Unitary HEAT, Tandem HEAT, 100 to 4,000 m SACLOS, wire guided 800 to 900 mm RHA or greater

24.5 kg in firing mode 23 kg 1,566 x 255 mm

82-mm Recoilless Gun Type 65-1



Types of Rounds Effective Range Maximum Range Rate of Fire **Armor Penetration** Weight of Launcher

Launcher Length x Bore 1.54 x 0.082 m NOTE: The Type 65-1 is a modified copy of the Soviet B-10.

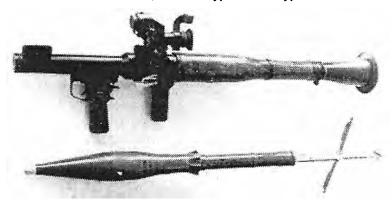
HEAT or fragmentation 300 m

1,750 m

rounds per minute 280 mm

28 kg

40-mm Grenade Launcher Russian RPG-7, Chinese Type 69 and Type 69-1



Type Shoulder-fired rocket-propelled-grenade

launcher

Caliber 40-mm (launcher)

Grenade Types HEAT, tandem, thermobaric, shaped-charge,

HE-frag., and incendiary (grenades consist of

warhead and two-stage rocket motor)

20 m

Minimum Range Effective Range

> Stationary Target 500 m Moving Target 330 m

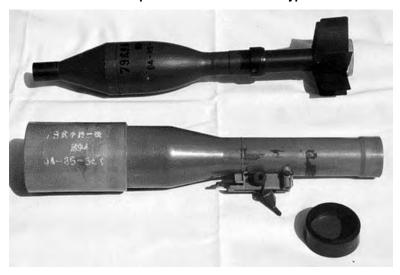
Rate of Fire 4 to 6 rounds per minute

Armor Penetration 300 mm or greater (depending on grenade)

Weight 6.3 kg Overall Length 1.1 m

NOTE: The Type 69 is a copy of the RPG-7 (shown above with optical sight), a notable difference being the addition of a bipod. The Type 69-1 is slightly shorter and lighter than the Type 69 and adds mechanical sight improvements and optional IR and electro-optical sights.

Rocket Propelled Grenade launcher Type 79



Type Disposable shoulder-fired rocket-propelled-

grenade launcher

Grenade Types HEAT
Effective Range 50 m
Maximum Range 450 m
Launcher Weight 1.55 kg
Launcher Length x Bore Diameter 0.42 x 0.070 m

AIR DEFENSE

Low- to High-Altitude Surface-to-Air Missile System S-300P-series (SA-10c, -10d, -20 GRUMBLE)



Missile Type	5V559 (SA-10c, SA-N-6)	48N6 (SA-10d, SA-N-6)	48N6/2 (SA-20, SA-N-20)
Warhead	133-kg HE-frag.	143-kg HE-frag.	180-kg HE-frag.
Guidance	Inertial with updates and semi-active radar TVM		
Fuze	Proximity and contact		
Range	5 to 90 km	5 to 150 km	3 to 200 km
Target Altitude	25 to 25,000 m	10 to 27,000 m	10 to 27,000 m
Max. Target Speed	4,300 km/h	10,000 km/h	10,000 km/h
Rate of Fire	1 missile every 3 to 5 seconds		
Launch Weight	1,725 kg	1,800 kg	1,840 kg
Length x Diameter	7.25 x 0.514 m	7.5 x 0.515 m	7.5 x 0.515 m
Wingspan	1.13 m		
Transporter-Launcher	Land-based systems use the 5P85T trailer and Ural 375 truck, or 5P85S modified MAZ 543 or modified MAZ 7911 (modified SCUD B launcher) vehicle. Sea-based missiles usually are launched from 8-tube rotary launchers.		

NOTE: These systems have an antimissile capability. HQ-15 is China's designator for its version of the SA-10. China's designation for the naval version of these missiles is HHQ-9.

Short- and Medium-Range Theater Air Defense Missile Systems CF-2000, HQ-12 (export variant FT-2000)



Missile Type	CF-2000	HQ-12		
Warhead	143-kg HE-blast-frag.	130-kg HE		
Guidance	Inertial with GPS/GLONASS and active radar seeker	Inertial with broadband pas- sive radar seeker TVM and home-on-jam capability		
Fuze -	Proximity			
Range	20 to 180 km	12 to 100 km, poss. greater		
Target Altitude	Unknown	3 to 20 km		
Launch Weight	2,100 kg	1,300 kg		
Length x Diameter	7.2 x 0.52 m	6.8 x 0.47 m		
Transporter-Launcher	TAS5380 or 5P85S (similar to that used for the SA-10)			
NOTE: Characteristics listed above are estimates.				

Surface-to-Air Missile System HQ-2J (M-7) and HQ-2B



Туре

Range Limits HQ-2J

HQ-2B

Effective Altitude Limits

HQ-2J HQ-2B

Maximum Target Speed

Warhead Fuze Guidance Reload Time

Missile Launch Weight HQ-2J

HQ-2B Maximum Wingspan

Missile Length x Max. Diameter

Transporter-Launcher HQ-2J

HQ-2J

HQ-2B

2-stage low- to high-altitude SAM system

7 to 34 km

(120 km in surface-to-surface role, CEP = 500 m)

7 to 35 km

500 to 27,000 m 1,000 to 27,000 m < 3.600 km/h

130-kg HE-blast-fragmentation

Proximity or command

Command 10 to 15 minutes

2,326 kg 2,322 kg 2.5 m

10.84 x 0.65 m

Semi-fixed trainable single-rail launcher, traverse 360 degrees, elevation +11 to +65 degrees

Mobile single-rail launcher (based on Type 63 tank chassis)

NOTE: The HQ-2 systems are improved versions of Russia's S-75 (SÁ-2 GUIDELINE). The HQ-7J can be used against ground targets. This requires a different control system and tank-chassis launcher.

Low- to High-Altitude Surface-to-Air Missile System 9K40 Buk-series/9K37 EZh (SA-17, SA-N-12 GRIZZLY)



Missile Designation
Range Limits
Effective Altitude
Maximum Target Speed
Warhead
Fuze
Guidance
Missile Launch Weight
Maximum Wingspan
Missile Length x Max. Diameter
Transporter-Launcher

9M317 (SA-17) 9M38M2 (SA-N-12) 3.25 to 42 km 3.25 to 30 km 15 to 25.000 m Up to 30,000 m 4,320 km/h 2,988 km/h 50- to 70-kg HE-frag. 70-kg HE-frag. Proximity and contact Proximity Inertial with command updates and SAR homing 715 kg 710 kg . 0 86 m -

5.55 x 0.4 m
Track- or semi-trailerbased self-propelled
loader-launcher or trackbased firing unit

5.55 x 0.4 m Single-rail launcher with vertical rotary magazine with 24 missiles

NOTE: The SA-17 GRIZZLY is evolutionary replacement for the SA-11 GADFLY. It was designed to engage strategic and tactical aircraft, tactical ballistic missiles, cruise missiles, tactical air-launched missiles, and helicopters, including those hovering. The firing unit carries a radar system and is capable of autonomous operation. The launcher-loader carries spare missiles. The SA-N-12 is the naval version of the SA-17 and the evolutionary replacement for the SA-N-7 GADFLY.

Self-Propelled SAM System Tor-M1 (SA-15 GAUNTLET)



65 km/h

Type

Crew
Effective Range
Effective Altitude Limits
Maximum Target Speed
Warhead
Fuze
Guidance
Reaction Time
Missile Preparation Time
Missile Launch Weight
Missile Length x Diameter
Launcher
Weight
Length x Width x Height
Road Speed

Single-stage low- to medium-altitude surface-to-air missile system designed to engage aircraft, precision-guided weapons, and missiles 4
1,000 to 12,000 m
10 to 10,000 m (10 to 7,000 m against missiles) 2,520 km/h
15 kg HE-frag.
Radar proximity
Radio command 5 to 8 seconds 5 seconds
165 kg
2.9 x 0.23 m
GM5955
34,000 kg
7.5 x 3.3 x 5.1 m

Self-Propelled SAM System HQ-7, FM-80



Type

HQ-7 Battery Composition 3x Firing Units

1x Search Unit

Effective Engagement Range Effective Altitude Limits Target Detection Range Target Tracking Range Warhead Fuze Guidance

Reaction Time Kill Probability Missile Length x Diameter

Firing Unit Weight

Firing Unit Shelter Dimensions

Shelter-mounted all-weather low- to very-lowaltitude surface-to-air missile system

Trailer-mounted shelter; tracking radar system; TV tracking system; IR localizer; data processing and communication units; 4-tube missile launcher; towing vehicle; generator Trailer-mounted shelter; search radar system;

data processing and communication units; IFF system; radio station; towing vehicle; generator 500 to 12,000 m

30 to 5,000 m

18.4 km 17 km HE-frag. Proximity

Radio command to line-of-sight guidance using radar or TV to track the target and IR to track the

missile. 6 seconds

>80 percent (1 missile), >96 percent (2 missiles)

3 x 0.2 m 11,000 kg

4.15 x 2.6 x 1.3 m (length x width x height)

Short-Range Surface-to-Air Missile PL-9-series



Type

Effective Range

PL-9 PL-9N

PL-9C

Warhead

Fuze

Guidance

Missile Launch Weight

Wingspan

Missile Length x Diameter

PL-9, PL-9C ground- or air-launched; PL-9N ship-launched

Air-launched 15 km; ground-launched 5.5 km

5 km

Air-launched 22 km

10-kg HE-blast-frag. with 13-m kill radius Active laser proximity

Infrared 115 kg 0.82 m

2.9 x 0.157 m

25-mm Self-Propelled Gun-Missile Air Defense System PGZ 95



Crew Armament

Ammunition Maximum Range, Gun/Missile Maximum Altitude, Gun/Missile Rate of Fire, Gun Traverse Limits; Rate **Elevation Limits: Rate Reaction Time Maximum Speed** Cruise Range Combat Weight Vehicle Length x Width x Height

Quad 25-mm gun, 4x HN-5B surface-to-air missiles (SAM)

25.0- x 137-mm HEI, HEI-T, APHEI-T, APDS-T

2,500/5,500 m 6,400/3,300 m

600 to 800 rounds per minute per barrel Unlimited; 120 degrees per second

-5 to +87 degrees; 100 degrees per second

6 to 9 seconds 53 km/h 450 km 22,500 kg

6.7 x 3.2 x 4.8 m (radar antenna up)

57-mm Twin Self-Propelled Air-Defense Artillery System Type 80



Crew Ammunition 57.0- x 348-mm HE-T. APC-t

Range

Tactical 5.500 m **Maximum Vertical** 8.800 m Maximum Horizontal 12,000 m

Rate of Fire per Barrel Traverse Limits; Rate Elevation Limits; Rate 105 to 120 rounds per minute Unlimited; 36 degrees per second -5 to +85 degrees; 20 degrees per second

50 km/h Maximum Speed **Combat Weight** 31,000 kg

Type 69-II main battle tank chassis Platform NOTE: The Type 80 can fire on the move and from slopes up to 15 degrees.

37-mm Twin Self-Propelled ADA System Type 88



Crew Ammunition 37.0- x 253R-mm HE, HE-T, AP-T

Ranges Tactical 4.000 m **Maximum Vertical** 6.700 m Maximum Horizontal 8.000 m

Rate of Fire per Barrel Traverse Limits; Rate Elevation Limits; Rate 180 to 190 rounds per minute Unlimited; 60 degrees per second

-10 to +87 degrees; 50 degrees per second 6 to 12 seconds

Reaction Time **Maximum Travel Speed** 50 km/h **Combat Weight** 35,000 kg

Type 80 main battle tank chassis Platform

NOTE: Type 88 is a follow-on version of the Type M1986. The Type M1986 is mounted on a Type-69 tank chassis. It has no radar or fire control system, and its maximum horizontal range is 8,500 m

100-mm Towed Air Defense Artillery Gun Type 59



7 to 10

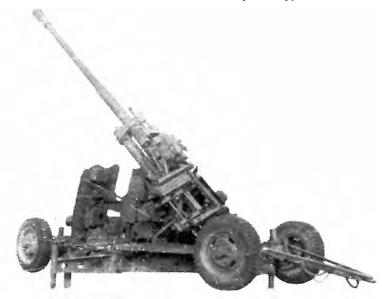
m

Crew
Ammunition
Range
Tactical
Maximum Vertical
Maximum Horizontal
Burst Rate of Fire
Emplacement/Displacement Time
Traverse Limits; Rate
Elevation Limits; Rate
Combat Weight
Travel Length x Width x Height

100.0-mm frag., AP-T, APC-T, PFHE

12,600 m
14,500 m
21,000 m
10 to 15 rounds per minute
7/6 minutes
Unlimited; 20 degrees per second
-3 to +85 degrees; 12 degrees per second
9,600 kg

85-mm Towed Air Defense Artillery Gun Type 72



Crew **Ammunition** Range

Tactical Anti-aircraft Maximum Vertical **Maximum Horizontal**

15 to 20 rounds per minute 10 to 30 seconds Rate of Fire **Reaction Time**

Emplacement/Displacement Time Traverse Limits, Total; Rate Elevation Limits; Rate 720 degrees; 30 degrees per second –3 to +82 degrees; 20 degrees per second

85- x 630-mm frag., AP-T

10,200 m

10,200 m

15,500 m

6 minutes

4,300 kg **Combat Weight**

NOTE: The Type 72 may also be used in ground-support and antitank roles.

57-mm Towed Air Defense Artillery Gun S-60



Crew

Ammunition 57- x 348-mm FRAG-T, HE-T, APC-T, PFHE Maximum Range

Tactical 4,000 m (with optical sight, using off-carriage radar extends tactical AA range to 6,500 m)

9.400 m Maximum Vertical Maximum Horizontal 12.000 m

Rate of Fire 105 to 120 rounds per minute

Emplacement Time 1 minute **Displacement Time** 3 minutes Reload Time 4 to 8 seconds Reaction Time 4 to 5 seconds

Traverse Limits; Rate Powered Unlimited; 40 degrees per second **Elevation Limits; Rate Powered**

-4 to +87 degrees/ 34 degrees per second

Combat Weight 4,763 kg

Length x Width x Height 8.84 x 2.08 x 2.37 m

NOTE: The Chinese Type 59 is a close copy of the Russian S-60; capabilities are slightly less.

37-mm Twin Air Defense Artillery Gun Type P793



Crew Ammunition Range

Tactical Anti-aircraft Maximum Vertical **Maximum Horizontal** Rate of Fire per Barrel

Reload Time **Reaction Time**

Emplacement/Displacement Time Traverse Limits; Rate

Elevation Limits; Rate

Combat Weight

5 to 6

37- x 253R-mm HE, HE-T, AP-T

Up to 4,000 m 6,700 m 8,500 m

220 to 300 rounds per minute

4 to 12 seconds 3 to 4 seconds 60/70 seconds

Unlimited; 70 degrees per second Powered 0 to +82.5 degrees, manual –5 to +87 degrees; 55 degrees per second

3,100 kg

NOTE: Type P793 is an evolution of the Type 65. In contrast to the Type 65, the P793 has its own generator, hydraulic drive, and an electro-optical computing sight.

37-mm Towed Air Defense Artillery Gun Chinese Type 55



Crew 8

 Caliber
 37- X 253R-mm

 Ammunition
 FRAG-T, AP-T

Range

Tactical Antiaircraft2,500 mMaximum Vertical6,700 mMaximum Horizontal8,500 m

Rate of Fire 160 to 180 rounds per minute
Traverse Limits; Rate Unlimited; 67 degrees per second

Elevation Limits; Rate –5 to +85 degrees; 34 degrees per second

Weight 2,353 kg

Length x Width x Height 5.94 x 1.90 x 2.08 m

Platform 2-axle, 4-wheel, towed cruciform carriage

NOTE: The Type 55 is a direct copy of the Russian M1939.

35-mm Twin Air Defense Artillery Gun Type 90



Crew Ammunition Range

Tactical Anti-aircraft **Maximum Vertical**

Maximum Horizontal

Rate of Fire per Barrel Feed Device

Emplacement/Displacement Time

Traverse Limits; Rate **Elevation Limits; Rate**

Combat Weight NOTE: Licensed Chinese-produced version of the GDF-005.

35- x 228-mm HEI, HEI-T, TP-T

4,000 m, depending on radar system used 8.500 m

11.200 m

550 rounds per minute

7-round clip packed in a 56-round reload

container 2 to 4/5 minutes

Unlimited; 120 degrees per second

-5 to +92 degrees; 60 degrees per second

6,300 to 6,400 kg

14.5-mm Quad Heavy Anti-aircraft Machinegun Type 56



Crew 5

Ammunition 14.5- x 114-mm API, API-T, HEI

Range

Tactical Anti-aircraft2,000 mMaximum Vertical4,600 mMaximum Horizontal6,350 m

Rate of Fire per Barrel 550 rounds per minute

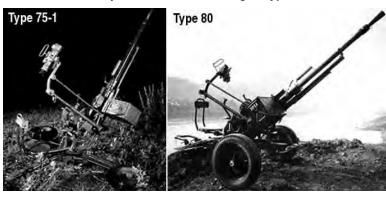
Emplacement/Displacement Time1.5 minutesReload Time15 secondsReaction Time8 seconds

Traverse Limits; Rate 360 degrees; 48 degrees per second

-9 to +90 degrees; 29 degrees per second

Weight without Ammunition 1,810 kg
Travel Length x Width x Height 4.5 x 1.9 x 2.3 m
NOTE: The Type 56 is a copy of the Russian ZPU-4.

14.5-mm Heavy Anti-aircraft Machinegun Type 75, 75-1, -80



Ammunition 14.5- x 114-mm API, API-T, HEI

Tactical AA Range2,000 mMax. Vertical Range4,600 mMax. Horizontal Range6,300 m

Rate of Fire per Barrel 550 rounds/min

Emplacement/Displacement Time

Type 75, 75-1 15 to 20/20 to 25 seconds

Type 80 30 seconds
Reload Time 15 sec

Traverse Limits; Rate 360 degrees; 60 degrees per second
Elevation Limits; Rate -15 to +85 degrees; 40 degrees per second

Weight

 Type 75
 140 kg

 Type 75-1
 165 kg

 Type 80
 214 kg

NOTE: Type 80 is a copy of the Russian ZGU-1 mountain pack. Types 75 and 75-1 are light copies of the ZGU-1. Type 75 is the tripod-mounted version of the Type 75-1.

14.5-mm Twin Heavy Anti-aircraft Machinegun Type 58



Ammunition 14.5- x 114-mm API, API-T, HEI

Range

Tactical Anti-aircraft 2,000 m

Maximum Vertical 4,600 m

Maximum Horizontal 6,300 m

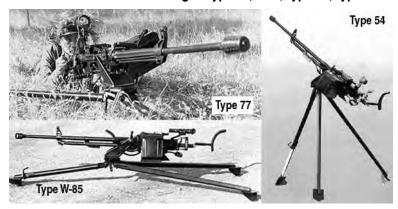
Rate of Fire per Barrel 550 rounds/min

Emplacement/Displacement Time 20 sec Reload Time 20 sec

Traverse Limits; Rate 360 degrees; 56 degrees per second Elevation Limits; Rate -15 to +90 degrees; 36 degrees per second

Weight 560 kg

12.7-mm Anti-aircraft Machinegun Type 54, 54-1; Type 77; Type W-85



	Type 54, 54-1	Type 77	Type W-85	
Crew	4			
Ammunition	12.7- x 108-mm API, API-T, APDS			
Tactical AA Range	1,000 m 1,600 m			
Max. Vertical Range	5,300 m			
Max. Horizontal Range	8,000 m			
Rate of Fire, rounds/min	540 to 600	650 to 750		
Feed Device	50-round belt	60-round belt in magazine		
Reload Time	10 sec			
Reaction Time	2 sec			
Emplacement/ Displacement Time	1/3 min			
Traverse Limits, Total				
AA Position	360°	360°		
Ground Position	300	120°		
Elevation Limits				
AA Position	-10° to +85°	-15° to +80°		
Ground Position	−27° to +27°		–15° to +25°	
Weight with Tripod	92 kg	56.1 kg	39 kg	
Length	1.56 m	2.15 m	2.00	
NOTE: The triped can be act in a high (AA) or law (ground) position. May be vehicle mount				

NOTE: The tripod can be set in a high (AA) or low (ground) position. May be vehicle-mounted. The Type 54-1 differs from the Type 54 only in that it has cooling fins on the barrel.

QW-1, -2, -3



Type Two-stage low-altitude manportable air defense missile system HE chemical energy fragmentation IR homing seeker with proportional navigation and target-adaptive guidance Warhead Guidance Deployment Time Reaction Time 10 seconds <5 seconds

	QW-1	QW-2	QW-3		
Effective Range	500 to 5,000 m	500 to 6,000 m	800 to 6,000 m		
Effective Altitude Limits	30 to 4,000 m	10 to 4,000 m	4 to 5,000 m		
Launcher Weight with Missile	16.9 kg	18.4 kg	23 kg (missile)		
Missile Length x Diameter	1.53 x 0.071 m	1.59 x 0.072 m	Length 2.1 m		
NOTE: QW-3 naval variant has	an HE-expanding-	rod warhead and	semi-active laser		
cooker which increases the maximum range to 9 000 m					

seeker, which increases the maximum range to 8,000 m.

HN-5A, -5B, -5C



Type

Effective Slant Range Effective Altitude Limits Maximum Target Speed Warhead

Guidance Reaction Time

Launcher Weight with Missile Missile Length x Diameter 1.44 x 0.72 m

NOTE: The HN-5B is an improved version of the HN-5A. The HN-5C is designed for

mounting on a vehicle.

Single-stage low-altitude manportable air defense missile system

800 to 4,400 m

50 to 5,000 m (depending on target variables)

950 km/h HΕ

IR homing seeker

5 seconds 16 kg

AIRCRAFT

H-6A, H-6D, -6E, -6F, -6H, -6X, H-6 III, H-6U/HU-6



Strategic bomber, maritime strike (H-6D), refuelling tanker (H-6U) Type

Crew

6x or 7x guns in nose, dorsal, ventral, and tail positions (none on H-6D); bombs in internal bay; cruise missiles; antiship missiles on H-6D Armament

Maximum Cruise Speed 424 kn

Range Up to 2,320 nmi

Endurance 5:41

Service Ceiling 12,000 m Maximum Bomb Load 9,000 kg **Maximum Takeoff Weight** 75,800 ktg Weight Empty 38,530 kg

34.8 x 34.2 x 10.4 m Length x Wingspan x Height

NOTE: The H-6 is China's licensed production version of the Soviet Tu-16 (BADGER).

H-5 (BEAGLE), HJ-5 (MASCOT), HZ-5



Tactical light bomber, maritime strike aircraft, armed trainer (HJ-5), tactical reconnaissance aircraft (HZ-5) Type

Crew 3 or 2 (HJ-5)

2x fixed forward-firing 23-mm cannon; 2x turret-mounted 23-mm cannon in tail; various bombs, torpedoes, mines, or depth charges Armament

Typical Criuse Speed 415 kn

Range 1,295 nmi (maritime strike 1,175 nmi) Service Ceiling 12.500 m (maritime strike 12.300 m)

Maximum Internal Weapon Load 3,000 kg **Maximum Takeoff Weight** 21,200 kg

Weight Empty, Equipped 12,890 kg Length x Wingspan x Height 16.8 x 21.5 x 6.2 NOTE: The H-5 is based on the Soviet II-28 (shown). 16.8 x 21.5 x 6.2 m

Su-30MKK, -30MKK2, (FLANKER G)



Type Multirole fighter, naval strike fighter

Crew 2 tandem

Armament 1x 30-mm GSh-30-1 gun; 250- and 500-kg

bombs; guided bombs; 80-, 120-, or 250-mm

rocket packs; antiship missiles

Combat Range 1,620 nmi (internal fuel)
Maximum Level Speed Approximately 1,345 kn

Service Ceiling 17,300 m Maximum External Weapon Load 8,000 kg Maximum Takeoff Weight 34,500 kg

Length x Wingspan x Height 21.9 x 14.7 x 6.4 m

NOTE: The Su-30 is based on the Su-27UB. Su-30MKK2 shown above.

Su-27SK (J-11), Su-27UB (FLANKER B, FLANKER C)



Type SK UB Crew Armament

Range with Maximum Fuel
Maximum Level Speed
Service Ceiling
Maximum Weapon Load
Maximum Takeoff Weight
Length x Wingspan x Height

Fighter
Armed trainer

1 (2 tandem on Su-27UB)

1x 30-mm GSh-30-1 gun; 250- and 500-kg bombs; 80-, 120-, or 250-mm rocket packs; 2,370 nmi (2,807 nmi with in-flight refueling)

Approximately 1,345 kn

18,000 m Up to 8,000 kg 33,000 kg 21.9 x 14.7 x 5.9 m



Type Crew Armament Multirole fighter 1 (2 tandem in trainer)

1x 23-mm gun; probably various air-to-air and air-to-surface missiles, rockets, guided or free-fall

bombs

Mach 1.85 at altitude 1,000 nmi

Maximum Level Speed Ferry Range, Maximum Fuel Service Ceiling Maximum External Stores **Maximum Takeoff Weight**

18,000 m 4,500 kg 18,500 kg 9,750 kg 15.6 x 8.8 x 4.8 m

Weight Empty 9,750 kg
Length x Wingspan x Height 15.6 x 8.8 x
NOTE: The above characteristics are estimated.

J-8A, J-8 I, J-8B, J-8C/J-8 III, J-8D/J-8 IV, J-8F, JZ-8, JZ-8F (F-8 FINBACK)



Type Armament

Design Max. Level Speed Ferry Range Service Ceiling Maximum External Stores Maximum Takeoff Weight Weight Empty Length x Wingspan x Height Multirole fighter, reconnaissance aircraft 1x twin 23-mm cannon; 7 external stations for a variety of air-to-air missiles and rockets, 90-mm air-to-surface rockets, bombs

701 kn 1,025 nmi 18,000 m 4,500 kg 18,879 kg 9,820 kg

20.5 x 9.3 x 5.4 m (excluding nose probe)

J-7 I/J-7B/II, J-7C/III, J-7D/IIIA, J-7E J-7G, JJ-7, JH-7, JH-7A, JZ-7



Type Crew Armament

Never-Exceed Speed Range with Maximum Fuel Service Ceiling Normal Takeoff Weight Weight Empty Length x Wingspan x Height Fighter, reconnaissance aircraft

1x twin 23-mm cannon; 5 external stores stations for various missiles, rockets, bombs 1,346 kn between 12,500 and 18,500 m 1,025 nmi 18,000 m

8,150 kg

Approximately 5,300 kg 13.9 x 7.2 or 8.3 x 4.1 m

J-6 A, J-6 B, JJ-6, CJ-6, JZ-6



Fighter, maritime strike, attack, and tactical reconnaissance aircraft Type

Crew

2x or 3x 30-mm guns; air-to-air rockets or missiles, bombs, torpedoes, antiship missiles 783 kn at 10,000 m

Maximum Level Speed Range with Maximum Fuel Endurance 1,187 nmi 2:38 Service Ceiling Maximum Takeoff Weight 17,900 m

Armament

8,820 kg Weight Empty 5,760 kg
Length x Wingspan x Height 13.4 x 9.0 x 3.9 m
NOTE: The J-6 is China's version of the Soviet MiG-19 (FARMER).

Q-5, Q-5I, Q-5IA, Q-5II, A-5M



Type Attack fighter, naval strike Crew

1x 23-mm gun; up to 10 attachment points for external stores such as air-to-air rockets or missiles, bombs, torpedoes, antiship missiles 643 kn at 11,000 m Armament

Maximum Level Speed Range with Maximum Fuel Service Ceiling 982 nmi 15.850 m

Maximum Takeoff Weight 11,830 kg, with maximum external stores

Weight Empty 6,375 kg
Length x Wingspan x Height 15.7 x 9.7 x 4.3 m
NOTE: The Q-5 and A-5M are strike fighters are based on the J-6.

II-76MD (CANDID B), Beriev A-50



Type Transport, airborne early warning (A-50)

Crew; Passengers 7; 140 troops
Cruising Speed 405 to 420 kn
Range with Maximum Payload
Range with 20,000-kg Payload 3,940 nmi

Normal Cruise Altitude 9,000 to 12,000 m

Maximum Pavload 47.000 kg

Maximum Takeoff Weight 190,000 kg (maximum permissible 210,000 kg

for up to 15 percent of flights)

Operating Weight Empty 89,000 kg

Length x Wingspan x Height 46.6 x 50.5 x 14.76 m

NOTE: Specifications are for II-76MD (shown above).

Tu-154M, Tu-154M/D (CARELESS)



Role Transport,

electronic or signals intelligence (Tu-154M/D) Crew; Passengers 3; up to 180 504 kn

Normal Cruising Speed Range, Maximum Fuel 3,563 nmi (12,015-kg payload)

Maximum Cruising Height 11,900 m Maximum Payload 18,000 kg **Maximum Take-off Weight** 100,000 kg Weight Empty 55,300 kg

47.92 x 37.55 x 11.40 m

Length x Wingspan x Height NOTE: Tu-154M/D shown above.

AN-26, -26B (CURL A) Short-Range Transport



Type Crew; Passengers Normal Cruising Speed Range with Maximum Fuel Maximum Payload

Armament

Cargo Handling

Takeoff Run Service Ceiling Maximum Take-off Weight Length x Wingspan x Height Twin-turboprop, short-range transport

5; 38 to 40 235 kn

593 to 1,380 nmi (depending on cargo loading)

5,500 kg

Provision for bomb rack on fuselage below each

wingroot trailing edge

Powered mobile over-head winch (2,000-kg capacity); flush-mounted floor conveyor or

rollgangs 870 m 7,500 m

24,000 kg

23.80 x 29.20 x 8.58 m

Y-8 Y-8F100/200, Y-8H, Y-8J, Y-8X, Y-8E, Y-8(DZ)



Transport, freighter, communications, airborne Role

> warning and control system, airborne early warning (Y-8J), maritime patrol/surveillance (Y-8J, Y-8X), electronic intelligence (Y-8 [DZ]), signals intelligence, drone carrier (Y-8E), test

bed

3 or 5: up to 96 Crew; Passengers

Possibly twin 23-mm guns in tail turret Armament

Maximum Level Speed 357 kn Range with Maximum Fuel 3.032 nmi Takeoff Run 1.270 m

Maximum Payload Up to 20,000 kg depending on configuration and

> cargo type 10.400 m 61,000 kg

Service Ceiling Maximum Take-off Weight Weight Empty, Equipped 34,500 kg

Length x Wingspan x Height 34.0 x 38.0 x 11.2 m

NOTE: The Y-8 is China's version of the Soviet An-12. Y-8(DZ) shown above.

An-24 (COKE), Y-7



Short-range transport, communications Role Crew; Passengers

3 or 5; 30 paratroops or 38 equipped troops

Normal Cruising Speed 243 kn

Range with Maximum Fuel 1,618 nmi (no reserves)

Takeoff Run 640 m Service Ceiling 8.400 m Maximum Payload 4,612 kg **Maximum Take-off Weight** 21,000 kg Weight Empty 14,060 kg

Length x Wingspan x Height 23.53 x 29.20 x 8.32 m

NOTE: The An-24 is designed to operate from airfields of limited size, with paved or natural runways. It can be fitted with rocket-assisted take-off units. The Y-7 is China's version of the An-24.

An-30 (CLANK) Special Mission



Role

Aerial survey, cloud seeding, or radiation detec-

Crew

Maximum Level Speed Cruising Speed at 6,000 m Range with Maximum Fuel Service Ceiling

Maximum Takeoff Weight **Basic Operating Weight**

Length x Wingspan x Height

tion, depending on variant

291 kn

232 kn 1,420 nmi Up to 8,300 m

23,000 kg 15,590 kg

24.26 x 29.20 x 8.32 m

SH-5



Type Maritime patrol aircraft, antisubmarine bomber,

search and rescue flying boat

Crew 5 flight crew and 3 mission crew members
Armament Dorsal turret with 2 guns; underwing hardpoints

for antiship missiles, torpedoes; depth charges,

mines, bombs, sonobuoys

Maximum Level Speed300 knMinimum Patrol Speed124 knRange with Maximum Fuel2,565 nmiWater Takeoff Run482 mService Ceiling10,250 mMaximum Take-off Weight45,000 kg

Weight Empty, Equipped 26,500 kg

Length x Wingspan x Height 38.9 x 36.0 x 9.8 m

JJ-5 (FT-5)



Type Trainer Crew 2 tandem

Armament 23-mm gun in removable belly pack

Normal Operating Speed 418 kn

Range with Maximum Fuel 664 nmi at 12,000 m

Service Ceiling14,300 mMaximum Takeoff Weight6,215 kgWeight Empty, Equipped4,080 kg

Length x Wingspan x Height 11.3 x 9.6 x 3.8 m **NOTE:** The JJ-5 is China's version of the MiG-17 (shown).

Mi-6A (HOOK)



Type Heavy lift helicopter

Crew; Passengers 5; 65

Armament 12.7-mm machinegun in nose

Maximum Dash Speed164 knRange (Placard)335 nmiService Ceiling4,500 m

Main Rotor

Number of Blades
Diameter
35.0 m
Maximum Payload
12,000 kg
Maximum Takeoff Weight
42,500 kg
Basic Weight Empty
27,240 kg

Fuselage Length x Width x Height 33.2 x 3.2 x 6.7 m

SA 342L-Gazelle, Partizan, HI-45, HO-45, HN-45



Type Light-lift, attack helicopter Crew: Passengers

Armament 20-mm gun, HOT ATGMs, 68-mm rockets

Maximum Speed 167 kn

Range 407 nmi at 128 kn

Endurance 4:12 Service Ceiling 4.300 m

Main Rotor **Number of Blades** 10.5 m Diameter

Tail Rotor Number of Blades

13 Diameter 0.7 m **Basic Weight Empty**

975 kg 9.5 x 2.0 x 3.2 m Fuselage Length x Width x Height

AS 332L, AS 332L1 Super Puma; NAS-332L



Role	Iransport
Crew; Maximum Passengers	2; 25
Range	480 nmi
Maximum Dash Speed	164 kn
Main Rotor	
Number of Blades	5
Diameter	15.6 m
Tail Rotor	
Number of Blades	5
Diameter	2.7 m
Maximum Payload	2,727 kg
Cargo Handling or Sling Load	4,500 kg
Maximum Design T-O Weight	9,350 kg
Basic Weight Empty	4,265 kg
Length x Width x Height	16.3 x 3.8 x 4.9 m

Z-11-Z-11, Z-11J, Z-11G, Z-11W, Z-11WA, Z-11MB1



Role Crew; Passengers Armament Internal Light transport, attack 2; 5

External

Possible 7.62-mm machinegun or 20-mm cannon Possible 20-mm cannon and 7.25-in rocket pack; 2x 2.75-in rocket packs; 2x to 4x air-to-surface missiles; twin 12.7-mm machinegun pods; or twin 57-mm rocket packs 155 kn

Maximum Speed Main Rotor

Number of Blades 3 Diameter 10.7 m

Diameter Tail Rotor

Number of Blades
Diameter
2 1.9 m
Cargo Handling or Sling Load
Maximum Design T-O Weight
Basic Weight Empty
2,200 kg
1,120 kg

Basic Weight Empty 1,120 kg
Fuselage Length x Width x Height 10.9 x 2.5 x 3.1 m

Z-9, Z-9A, Z-9C, Z-9F, Z-9WA, WZ-9G



Role

Crew; Passengers Armament

Z-9A

Z-9C

Z-9WA, WZ-9G

Range, Standard Mission **Maximum Continuous Speed**

Service Ceiling Main Rotor

> **Number of Blades** Diameter

Tail Rotor

Number of Blades

Diameter 3.3 m

Maximum Payload Cargo Handling or Sling Load

Maximum Design T-O Weight 4,100 kg Basic Weight Empty 2,161 kg

Fuselage Length x Width x Height 11.4 x 2.0 x 4.5 m (Z-9WA 11.6 x 3.2 x 3.5 m)

NOTE: Characteristics are for Z-9A/Z-9F unless otherwise stated.

Medium multipurpose, command and control, fire direction (Z-9A); antisubmarine warfare (Z-9C); day/night attack (Z-9WA, WZ-9G) 2: 12 (Z-9WA/WZ-9G only crew of 2 to 4)

Possibly 20- or 12.7-mm machinegun, 57- or

90-mm rockets

2x torpedoes or antiship missiles

8x ATGMs, up to 8x air-to-air missiles, possibly machineguns or cannon, rockets

464 nmi, using standard tanks (Z-9C 360 nmi) Z-9A, Z-9WA/WZ-9G 151 kn; Z-9C 133 kn

Z-9A 6.000 m; Z-9C 4.220 m

11.94 m

11

SA-321G Super Frelon, Z-8



Role Transport, antisubmarine and antisurface warfare, minesweeping, minelaying, search and rescue
Crew; Passengers 2; 27

Armament 4x torpedoes, 2x antiship missiles
Maximum Speed 170 kn

Range, Standard Mission 440 nmi Service Ceiling 3,100 m

Main Rotor
Number of Blades
Diameter

18.9 m

Diameter 18.9 r
Tail Rotor
Number of Blades 5

Diameter 4.0 m Cargo Handling or Sling Load 5,000 kg Maximum Design T-O Weight 13,000 kg Basic Weight Empty 6,836 kg

Fuselage Length x Width x Height 19.4 x 2.2 x 4.9 m

KA-27PS (HELIX D)



Role Naval search and rescue

Crew: Passengers 4; 14 Maximum Dash Speed 146 kn Range 670 nmi Main Rotor Coaxial Number of Blades Diameter 15.9 m

Maximum Pavload 4.347 kg Cargo Handling or Sling Load 4,174 kg Maximum Design T-O Weight 12,600 kg Basic Weight Empty
Fuselage Length x Width x Height

6,655 kg 11.3 x 4.0 (width less main rotor) x 5.4 m

NOTE: The KA-27PS is similar in appearance to the KA-28 (HELIX A), which is a basic antisubmarine warfare helicopter.

Mi-8P, -8T (HIP C)



Type Twin-turbine transport helicopter

Crew; Passengers 3; 24

Armament Possibly 57-mm rockets or 500-kg bombs

Range 260 nmi

Maximum Dash Speed 140 kn Service Ceiling 4,800 m

Main Rotor

Number of Blades 5

Diameter 21.3 m

Tail Rotor

Number of Blades 3 Diameter 3.8 m

Payload

Internal 4,000 kg Sling Load 3,000 kg

Maximum Design Takeoff Weight 12,000 kg (rolling takeoff)

Weight Empty 6,824 kg

Fuselage Length x Width x Height 18.22 x 2.5 x 4.75 m

Mi-17MD, Mi-8MTV-5, Mi-172 (HIP L)



Type Medium-lift assault helicopter Crew; Passengers 3; 36 troops in full combat gear

Armament Possible combination of 23-mm gun pods, rocket

packs, ATGMs, bombs, air-to-air missiles Rear loading ramp, starboard cabin door.

Maximum Speed 137 kn
Range with maximum load 335 nmi
Endurance 4:00
Service Ceiling 6.000 m

Main Rotor

Features

Number of Blades 5
Diameter 21.3 m
Tail Rotor Number of Blades 3

Cargo Handling

Internal 4,000 kg Sling Load 5,000 kg Maximum Design Takeoff Weight 13,000 kg

Fuselage Length x Width x Height 18.4 x 4.3 (width less main rotor) x 4.7 m **NOTE:** Mi-172 (HIP L) is the civilian variant based on the Mi-17MD. Mi-8MTV-5 is an alternate designation for the Mi-17MD. Mi-17MD is shown above with open rear loading ramp and side cargo doors. Characteristics listed are for Mi-17MD.

Mi-4 (HOUND), Z-5



Type Medium-lift helicopter

Crew; Passengers 2 or 3; 16

Armament Possible 12.7-mm machinegun in belly turret

Features Clamshell rear cargo door,

 Maximum Dash Speed
 115 kn

 Ferry Range
 405 nmi

 Service Ceiling
 5,500 m

Main Rotor

Number of Blades 4
Diameter 21.0 m

Tail Rotor

Number of Blades
Diameter
2.6 m
Maximum Payload
1,670 kg
Cargo Handling or Sling Load
1,300 kg
Maximum Design Takeoff Weight
7,800 kg
Basic Weight Empty
5,027 kg

Fuselage Length x Width x Height 16.8 x 2.0 x 4.0 m

NOTE: Z-5 is China's version of the Mi-4 (shown).

BUAA Chang Hong



Type High-altitude air-launched multipurpose UAV

Maximum Level Speed 432 kn at 17,500 m

1,350 nmi Range Endurance 3:00 **Operational Ceiling** 17.500 m

Payload 65 kg of various survey or reconnaissance mission sensors

Maximum Launch Weight 1,700 kg Length x Wingspan 9.0 x 9.8 m

NOTE: Shown above are Y-8E carrying two Chang Hong UAVs underwing (top) and Chang Hong UAV (below).

ASN-105, -105B



Role Mission Equipment Ground Support Equipment

Maximum Level Speed
Mission Radius
Endurance
Service Ceiling
Maximum Payload
Mission Design Takeoff Weight
Wingspan

Fuselage Length x Width x Height

Reconnaissance

Color video camera, 70-mm panoramic camera Truck-mounted main command station and vanbased mobile ground control station

108 kn 54 nmi 2:00 3,200 m 30.0 kg 140 kg 4.2

3.3 x 0.37 x 0.37 m

ASN-206



Role **Mission Equipment Ground Support Equipment**

Maximum Speed Mission Radius **Endurance Service Ceiling** Payload Takeoff Weight Wingspan Fuselage Length x Height Reconnaissance

Video camera or IR linescanner

6x truck-mounted shelters, each for command and control, launcher, power supply, information processing, maintenance, transportation

113 kn 81 nmi 8:00 6,000 m 50 kg

220 Kg 6.0 m

3.8 x 1.4 m

A-99

SHIPS

XIA Class (Type 092) SSBN



Type
Displacement, Dived
Dimensions
Complement
Speed, Dived
Armament
Missiles
Torpedoes
Surface Search Radar System
Sonar System
Active/Passive Search

Strategic missile submarine 6,500 metric tons 120 x 10 x 8 m 140 22 kn

12 CSS-N-3 ballistic missiles 6x 533-mm bow tubes SNOOP TRAY

TROUT CHEEK

HAN Class (Type 091) SSN



Role Attack Displacement

Surfaced 4,500 metric tons Dived 5.550 metric tons **Dimensions** 98/106 x 10 x 7.4 m 75

Complement

Speed Surfaced 12 kn Dived 25 kn

Armament 1x C-801 antiship missile **Missiles Torpedoes** 6x 533-mm bow tubes

Mines 36, in lieu of torpedoes **Radar System** Surface Search SNOOP TRAY

Sonar Systems Active/Passive Search TROUT CREEK

Passive Ranging and Intercept DUUX-5

GOLF Class (Type 031) SSB



Type Displacement

Surfaced Dived Dimensions

Complement

Speed

Surfaced Dived

Range, Surfaced Armament

Missiles **Torpedoes Navigation Radar**

Sonar System
Active/Passive Search

Strategic missile submarine

2,350 metric tons 2.950 metric tons 97.5 x 8.6 x 6.6 m

86

17 kn 13 kn

6.000 nmi at 15 kn

1x CSS-NX-5 ballistic missile 6x bow and 4x stern 533-mm tubes

SNOOP PLATE

PIKE JAW

YUAN Class (Type 041) SSK



Role Dimensions Armament

Missiles Torpedoes Patrol 72.0 x 8.4 m

Possible antiship missile 6x 533-mm bow tubes

SONG Class (Type 039) SSK



Role
Displacement
Surfaced
Dived
Dimensions
Complement
Speed
Surfaced
Dived
Armament

Missiles Torpedoes

Mines

Patrol

1,700 metric tons 2,250 metric tons 74.9 x 7.5 x 5.3 m 60

15 kn 22 kn

C-801 antiship missile 6x 533-mm tubes In lieu of torpedoes

KILO Class (Type 877, 636) SSK



Role Patrol

Displacement Surfaced 2,325 metric tons Dived 3,076 metric tons Dimensions 72.6 x 9.9 x 6.6 m

Complement 52

Speed Surfaced 10 kn Dived

Armament Missiles Antiship missile **Torpedoes** 6x 533-mm tubes

Mines 24 in lieu of torpedoes Radar System Surface Search SNOOP TRAY

Sonar Systems Active/Passive Search SHARK TEETH

Active Attack MOUSE ROAR

NOTE: Type 636 is 1.2 meters longer. An SA-N-8 surface-to-air missile launcher may be fitted on the top fin.

17 kn

MING Class (Type 035) SS



Role Patrol Displacement

 Surfaced
 1,584 metric tons

 Dived
 2,113 metric tons

 Dimensions
 76 x 7.6 x 5.1 m

Complement 57

Speed
Surfaced 15 kn

Dived 18 kn Snorting 10 kn Range

 Dived
 330 nmi at 4 kn

 Snorting
 8,000 nmi at 8 kn

 Armament

Torpedoes 6x bow and 2x stern 533-mm tubes

Mines 32 in lieu of torpedoes

Radar System
Surface Search
SNOOP TRAY
Sonar Systems

Active/Passive Search/Attack PIKE JAW Passive Ranging and Intercept DUUX 5

ROMEO Class (Type 033) SS



Role Patrol Displacement

 Surfaced
 1,475 metric tons

 Dived
 1,830 metric tons

 Dimensions
 76.6 x 6.7 x 5.2 m

Complement 54

 Speed
 15.2 kn

 Surfaced
 13 kn

 Dived
 13 kn

 Snorting
 10 kn

Snorting Armament

Torpedoes 6x bow and 2x stern 533-mm tubes

Mines 28 in lieu of torpedoes

Radar System
Surface Search
SNOOP PLATE or SNOOP TRAY

Sonar Systems

Active/Passive Search/Attack
Passive Ranging and Intercept

Hercules or Tamir 5
DUUX 5 in some

NOTE: One ROMEO Class has been modified (shown above) to carry 6 surface-tosurface missiles. The launch tubes are mounted horizontally on each side of the fin. The sub must surface and elevate the tubes to launch the missiles.

LUYANG I, II Class (TYPE 052B, 052C) DDG





Role

Displacement, Full Load LOA x Max. Beam x Max. Draft

Complement

Speed Range

> LŬYANG I LUYANG II

Armament

Guns

Missiles LUYANG I Missiles LUYANG II

Other Aviation

Equipment (LUYANG II)

Radar Systems

Navigation Air Search

Surface Search, Target Acq.

Air/Surface Search

Fire Control

IFF

Anti-air, -surface, and -submarine warfare 7.000 metric tons

157 x 17 x 6.2 m

280

LUYANG I 29 kn; LUYANG II 30 kn

4.500 nmi at 15 kn

2.355 nmi at 30 kn. 4.945 nmi at 14 kn

1x 100-mm x 56, 2x 7-barrel 30-mm x 75 4x guad launchers for YJ-83, SA-N-12

2x quad lauchers for YJ-62 (ASM), 8x sextuble HHQ-9 launchers (SAM)

4x multiple rocket launchers

Flight deck and hangar for Z-9 or Ka-28 helicopter 2x 1-Mton and 2x 2.5-Mton cranes, 2x 6-m utility

boats. 12x life raft canisters

2x Kaige

TOP PĽATE (LUYANG I)

SR-47B-G (LUYANG I); 2x LR-66 (LUYANG II)

Type 364 Seagull C

4x FRONT DOME, Type 344, 2x Type 347G(2)

RICE BOWL

Possibly 2x LONG BAR

NOTE: Characteristics apply to both classes unless otherwise specified.

SOVREMENNY I, II Class (Project 956E, 956EM) DDG



Role

Displacement, Full Load LOA x Beam x Draft Complement Speed Range

Armament

Surface-to Surface Missiles Surface-to-Air Missiles

Torpedoes Other Aviation

Equipment
Radar Systems
Air Search
Surface Search
Fire Control

Sonar System

Active Search and Attack

Anti-air, -surface, and -submarine warfare; naval gunfire support; over-the-horizon targeting

7,940 metric tons 156 x 17.3 x 6.5 m

296 32 kn

2,400 nmi at 32 kn, 4,000 nmi at 14 kn

1x or 2x twin 130-mm x 70,

4x 6-barrel 30-mm x 65 (part of CADS-N-1)
2x quad launchers for SS-N-22 SUNBURN
2x launchers for SA-N-7, 2x 8-tube launchers for SA-N-11 (part of CADS-N-1)

2x twin 533-mm tubes

2x 6-barrel RBU 1000 mortars, mine rails Flight deck, pad, and telescoping hangar for

Z-9C or Ka-28 helicopter

13x life raft canisters (SOVREMENNY II)

TOP PLATE PALM FROND

FRONT DOME (SA-N-7), KITE SCREECH (130-

mm guns), 2x BASS TILT (30-mm guns)

BULL HORN and WHALE TONGUE

LUHU (Type 052) Class DD



Role

Displacement, Full Load LOA x Beam x Draft

Complement

Speed Range

Armament

Guns Surface-to Surface Missiles

Surface-to-Air Missiles

Torpedoes Other

Aviation Equipment Radar Systems

Air Search

Air/Surface Search Surface Search

Fire Control

Sonar System

Active Search and Attack

Active Attack

Anti-air, -surface, and -submarine warfare

4,600 metric tons

266

28 kn

1,300 nmi at 28 kn, 5,000 nmi at 14 kn

1x twin 100-mm x 56, 4x twin 37-mm x 76A

4x quad launchers for YJ-83

1x 8-tube launcher for HQ-7 (Crotale)

2x triple 324-mm tubes 2x FQF 2500 12-tube mortars

Flight deck and dual hangar for 2x Z-9 helicopters

12x life raft canisters

Type 518

Type 363S Sea Tiger

Type 362

Type 344 (SSMs and 100-mm guns), 2x Type 347G(1) RICE BOWL (37-mm guns), Type 345

(SAMs)

DUBV-23 DUBV-43 VDS

LUDA I, II, III Class (Type 051, 051D, 051Z) DD



Role Displacement, Full Load LOA x Beam x Draft Complement Speed Range Armament

Guns **Surface-to Surface Missiles** Surface-to-Air Missiles Torpedoes **Depth Charges** Other Aviation (Jinan only) Radar Systems Air Search Navigation Surface Search Fire Control

Sonar System **Active Search and Attack NOTE:** Equipment and electronics varies between ships.

Anti-air, -surface, and -submarine warfare 3.670 metric tons 132 x 12.8 x 4.6 m 280 32 kn 2.970 nmi at 18 kn

2x twin 130-mm x 58. 2x twin 57-mm x 70 or 4x twin 37-mm x 63, 4x twin 25-mm x 60 2x triple launchers for HY-2

2x triple-tube 324-mm in some 2x or 4x BMB projectors, 2x or 4x racks 2x FQF 2500 12-tube mortars, 38 mines Flight deck and twin hangar for 2x Z-9 helicopters

Type 515 BEAN STICKS, Type 381 RICE SHIELD FIN CURVE or Decca 1290 Type 354 EYE SHIELD, Type 352 SQUARE TIE WASP HEAD or Type 343 SUN VISOR B, 2x Type 347G RICE BOWL

Pegas 2M and Tamir 2

LUHAI Class (Type 051B) DD



Role Displacement, Full Load LOA x Beam x Draft

Complement

Speed Range Armament

Guns

Surface-to Surface Missiles Surface-to-Air Missiles

Torpedoes Aviation

Radar Systems Air Search

> Air/Surface Search **Navigation**

Fire Control

Sonar System

Active Search and Attack

Anti-air, -surface, and -submarine warfare

6.000 metric tons 154 x 16 x 6 m

250 29 kn

4.500 at 14 kn

1x twin 100-mm x 56. 4x twin 37-mm x 63

4x guad launchers for YJ-83 1x 8-tube launcher for HQ-7 (Crotale)

2x triple 324-mm tubes

Flight deck and dual hangar for 2x Z-9 or Ka-28

helicopters

Type 517 KNIFE REST, Type 381C RICE SHIELD

Type 360 Seagull S

Decca 1290

Type 344 (SSM and 100-mm guns), 2x Type 347G(1) RICE BOWL (37-mm guns), Type 345 (HQ-7)

DUBV-23

LUZHOU Class (Type 051C) DDG



Displacement, Full Load LOA x Beam x Draft Armament

Guns

Surface-to Surface Missiles Surface-to-Air Missiles

Aviation

Equipment Radar Systems

Air Search

Air/Surface Search

Navigation/Surface Search

Fire Control

7,000 metric tons 155.0 x 17.0 x 6.0 m

1x 100-mm x 56-01, 2x 7-barrel 30-mm x 75 2x quad launchers for YJ-83 6x 8-round launchers for SA-N-20 Flight platform for Z-9 helicopter 6.5-m utility craft, 12x life raft canisters

TOP PLATE Type 364 Seagull C 2x Kaige Type 344 (SSMs and 100-mm gun), TOMB STONE

JIANGKAI I Class (Type 054) FF



Displacement, Full Load LOA x Beam x Draft

Complement Speed

Range Armament

Guns

Surface-to Surface Missiles Surface-to-Air Missiles

Torpedoes

Aviation

Radar Systems

Air/Surface Search
Surface Search

Fire Control

3,900 metric tons 132.0 x 15.0 x 5.0 m

190 27 kn

3,800 nmi at 18 kn

1x 100-mm x 56-01, 1x 6-barrel 30-mm x 54

2x quad launchers for YJ-83

HHQ-7C

2x triple 324-mm tubes

Flight deck and hangar for Z-9 or Ka-28 helicopter

Type 360 Seagull S Type 364 Seagull C

Type 344 (SSM and 100-mm guns), Type 345 (HQ-7), Type 347G(1) RICE BOWL (30-mm guns)

NOTE: A follow-on to this class, JIANGKAI II Class, is under construction. The JIANGKAI II is expected to have increased air defense capabilities.

JIANGHU I, V Class (Type 053H) FF



Displacement, Full Load LOA x Beam x Draft Complement Speed Range Armament

Surface-to Surface Missiles

Depth Charges

Other

Guns

Radar Systems
Navigation
Air Search
Air/Surface Search

Surface Search/Fire Control

Fire Control

Sonar System

Active Search and Attack

NOTE: Equipment varies significantly between ships. JIANGHU V shown.

Approximately 1,700 metric tons

103.2 x 10.8 x 3.1 m

200 26 kn

2,700 at 18 kn, 4,000 at 15 kn

2x 100-mm x 56 or 2x twin 100-mm x 56, 2x to

6x twin 37-mm x 63

2x twin launchers for HY-2

2x BMB-2 projectors (plus 2 racks in some) 2x or 4x RBU 1200 5-tube mortars, up to 60 mines, possibly 122-mm MRLs in place of missile

launchers (JIANGHU V)

Don 2, FIN CURVE, or Racal Decca

Type 517 KNIFE REST Type 354 EYE SHIELD Type 352 SQUARE TIE

Type 347G RICE BOWL (in some), Type 343

WASP HEAD (in some)

Echo Type 5

JIANGHU II (Type 053) Class FFT



Displacement, Full Load LOA x Beam x Draft Complement

Speed

Range Armament

> Guns Surface-to Surface Missiles

Torpedoes

Depth Charges Other

Aviation Radar Systems

Navigation Air/Surface Search

Surface Search/Fire Control Fire Control

Sonar System

Active Search and Attack

1,865 metric tons 103.2 x 10.8 x 3.1 m

185 26 kn

2,700 at 18 kn, 4,000 at 15 kn

1x 100-mm x 55, 4x twin 37-mm x 63

1x twin launchers for HY-2 2x triple 324-mm tubes

2x BMB-2 projectors (plus 2 racks in some)

2x RBU 1200 5-tube mortars Flight deck and hangar for Z-9

Don 2 or FIN CURVE Type 354 EYE SHIELD Type 352 SQUARE TIE

HIGH POLE A, YARD RAKE or SQUARE HEAD

Echo Type 5

JIANGHU III, IV (Type 053 H2) FF



Displacement, Full Load LOA x Beam x Draft Complement

Speed Range

Armament Guns

Surface-to Surface Missiles

Depth Charges

Other

Radar Systems Navigation Air Search

Air/Surface Search
Surface Search/Fire Control

Fire Control

IFF Sonar System

Active Search and Attack

1,924 metric tons 103.2 x 10.8 x 3.1 m

200 26 kn

2,700 at 18 kn, 4,000 at 15 kn

2x twin 100-mm x 56, 2x twin 37-mm x 63-MOD

4x twin launchers for YJ-1 or YJ-83 2x BMB-2 projectors, 2 racks

2x RBU 1200 5-tube mortars, up to 60 mines

FIN CURVE

Type 517 KNIFE REST Type 354 EYE SHIELD Type 352 SQUARE TIE

Type 347G RICE BOWL, Type 343 WASP HEAD

HIGH POLE A

Echo Type 5

JIANGWEI II Class (Type 053 H3) FF



Displacement, Full Load LOA x Beam x Draft Complement

Speed

Range Armament

Guns Surface-to-Surface Missiles

Surface-to-Air Missiles

Torpedoes

Other

Aviation Equipment

Radar

Air/Surface Search Air Search Fire Control

Navigation, Helicopter Guidance Kaige

Sonar

Active Search and Attack Echo Type 5

2.250 metric tons 111.7 x 12.4 x 4.8 m

170 27 kn

4,000 nmi at 18 kn

1x twin 100-mm x 56, 4x twin 37-mm x 63

4x twin launchers for YJ-1 or 2x quad launchers for YJ-83

1x 8-tube launcher for HQ-7 (Crotale)

2x RBU 1200 5-tube mortars

Flight deck and hangar for 2x Z-9 helicopters 2x 7.5-m utility boats, 10 self-inflating life rafts

Type 360 Seagull S Type 517 KNIFE REST

Type 343G (SSM and 100-mm gun), Type 345 (SAM), Type 347 G RICE BOWL

HOUBEI Class PTG



Displacement, Full Load LOA x Beam x Draft Complement Speed Armament Guns Missiles Radar Navigation Surface Search

220 metric tons 43.0 x 12.0 x 1.5 m 12 36 kn

1x 6-barrel 30-mm x 65 8x launchers for YJ-83

Unidentified I-band Type 362

HOUJIAN (Type 037-2, HUANG) Class PTG



Role
Displacement, Standard
LOA x Beam x Draft
Complement
Speed
Range
Armament
Guns
Missiles

Guns Missiles Equipment

Radar
Navigation/Surface Search
Surface Search
Fire Control

Antisurface warfare 520 metric tons 65.4 x 8.4 x 2.4 m 75 32 kn 1,800 nmi at 18 kn

1x twin 37-mm x 63, 2x twin 30-mm x 65 2x triple launchers for YJ-1 or YJ-2 1x 0.5-Mton crane, 1x 5-m speedboat, 2x life raft canisters

Decca-series Type 348 Type 347G RICE BOWL

HOUXIN (Type 037-1G) Class PGG



Role
Displacement, Full Load
LOA x Beam x Draft
Complement
Speed
Range
Armament
Guns
Missiles
Radar

Navigation
Surface Search
Fire Control

Antisurface warfare 478 metric tons 62.8 x 7.2 x 2.4 m 71 28 kn 750 nmi at 18 kn

2x twin 37-mm x 63, 2x twin 14.5-mm x 93 2x twin launchers for Y.J-1

Anritsu Type 723 SQUARE TIE RICE LAMP

HUANGFEN Class (Type 021, Osa I) PTG



Displacement, Full Load LOA x Beam x Draft Complement Speed Range Armament Guns Missiles

Radar Surface Search Fire Control

IFF

205 metric tons 38.6 x 7.6 x 2.7 m 28 35 kn 800 nmi at 30 kn

2x twin 25-mm x 60 or 2x twin 30-mm x 65 2x twin launchers for HY-2

SQUARE TIE ROUND BALL or RICE LAMP 2x SQUARE HEAD, HIGH POLE A

HAINAN Class (Type 037) PC



Role

Displacement, Full Load LOA x Beam x Draft Complement Speed Range Armament Guns

Missiles

Depth Charges Other Radar Systems Navigation/Surface Search Surface Search Sonar Systems Navigation Active Search and Attack Antisubmarine warfare, coastal surveillance, and coastal defense 392 metric tons 58.8 x 7.2 x 2.2 m 78 30.5 kn 1.300 nmi at 15 kn

2x twin 57-mm x 70, 2x twin 25-mm x 60 4x launchers for YJ-1 may be in place of aft 57mm gun 2x BMB-2 projectors, 2 racks 4x RBU 1200 5-tube mortars, rails for 12 mines

Decca-series or JRC POT HEAD or SKIN HEAD

Echo sounder STAG EAR

HAIQING (Type 037-1) Class PC



Role

Displacement, Full Load LOA x Max. Beam x Mean Draft Complement Speed Range Armament Guns Other

Radar Systems
Navigation/Surface Search
Surface Search

Sonar Systems

Active Search and Attack

Antisubmarine warfare, coastal surveillance, coastal defense

478 metric tons 62 x 7.2 x 2.2 m

71 28 kn

1,300 nmi at 15 kn

2x twin 37-mm x 63, 2x twin 12.7-mm 79 2x Type 87 6-tube mortars

Decca-series Anritsu RA 723

Thomson Sintra SS 12

HAIJIU Class PC



Displacement, Full Load LOA x Beam x Draft Complement

Speed Range

Armament Guns

Depth Charges Other

Radar Systems
Surface Search
Fire Control

Sonar System

490 metric tons 64 x 7.2 x 2.2 m

72 28 kn

750 nmi at 18 kn

2x twin 57-mm x 70, 1x twin 30-mm x 65

2 rails

4x RBU 1200 5-tube mortars

POT HEAD ROUND BALL

STAG EAR or Thomson Sintra SS 12

HAIZHUI Class (Type 062-1, SHANGHAI III) PC



Role

Displacement, Full Load LOA x Beam x Draft Complement Speed

Range Armament

Surface Search Radar System Active Search Sonar System coastal defense 170 metric tons

170 metric tons 41 x 5.3 x 1.8 m 43

25 kn

750 nmi at 17 kn

2x twin 37-mm x 63, 2x twin 14.5-mm or

Antisubmarine warfare, coastal surveillance,

2x twin 25-mm guns POT HEAD or Anritsu 726

STAG FAR

HULUDAO Class (Type 206) WPB



Displacement, Full Load LOA x Beam x Draft Complement Speed

Range

Guns

180 metric tons 45 x 6.4 x 1.7 m 24

29 kn

1,000 nmi at 15 kn

3x twin 14.5-mm machineguns

HAIGAO Class WPC



98 metric tons

31 x 4.7 x 1.4 m

Displacement, Full Load LOA x Beam x Draft Complement

15 Speed 32 kn Guns 1x twin 14.5-mm x 93

2-Mton hydraulic folding crane Equipment

Surface Search Radar System Racal Decca ARPA

Type 611 Class WPC



Displacement, Normal 162 metric tons LOA x Max. Beam x Max. Draft Complement 24

Speed, Full Power

Guns

Equipment

Radar Systems Navigation/Surface Search 43.8 x 6.5 x 1.6 m

28.5 kn

Probably 1x twin 14.5-mm x 93

1x 2-Mton hydraulic crane, 1x 7-m interceptor boat, 2x self-inflating life rafts

2x Decca-series

HAIFENG (P 58E/A) Class WPC



Displacement, Full Load LOA x Beam x Draft Complement Speed Range Guns Surface Search Radar System 435 metric tons 58 x 7.6 x 2.3 m 50 27 kn 1,500 nmi at 12 kn 1x twin 14.5-mm x 93 Unidentified I-band

WOLEI Class MM



Displacement, Full Load LOA x Beam x Draft

Complement Speed

Range Armament

Guns Other

Radar Systems

Navigation/Surface Search

3,100 metric tons 93.8 x 14.4 x 4 m

180 18 kn

7,000 nmi at 14 kn

1x twin 57-mm x 50, 3x twin 37-mm x 63

300 mines

Decca-series

FUTI Class (Type 312) MSD



Type

Displacement, Standard LOA x Beam x Draft

Complement Speed

Range

Equipment

Drone minesweepler 47 metric tons 20.9 x 3.9 x 2.1 m

12 kn

144 nmi at 12 kn

Magnetic and acoustic sweeping gear

T-43 Class (Type 010) MSC



Displacement, Full Load LOA x Beam x Draft Complement Speed Range Armament Guns Depth Charges Other

Equipment

Radar Systems Navigation/Surface Search Surface Search IFF

Sonar Systems
Active Search and Attack

590 metric tons 60 x 8.8 x 2.3 m 70 14 kn 3,000 nmi at 10 kn

1x or 2x twin 37-mm x 63, 2x twin 14.5-mm x 93 2x BMB-2 projectors, 20 depth charges 12 to 16 mines MCMV, MPT-1 paravanes, MPT-3 mechanical sweep, acoustic and magnetic gear

Furuno-series (some) FIN CURVE or Type 756 HIGH POLE or YARD RAKE

Tamir II

WOSAO Class (Type 082) MSC



Displacement, Full Load LOA x Beam x Draft Complement Speed Range Armament Guns Other Features

Navigation Radar System Sonar System

320 metric tons 44.8 x 6.8 x 2.3 m 40 25 kn 500 nmi at 15 kn

1x or 2x twin 25-mm x 80 6 mines Steel hull with low magnetic properties Hull-mounted active mine-hunting

YUTING I Class (Type 072 IV), YUTING II Class LST



Displacement, Full Load 4,800 metric tons LOA x Beam x Draft 120 x 16 x 3.2 m Complement 120

Speed 17 kn

 Range
 3,000 nmi at 14 kn

 Guns
 3x twin 37-mm x 63

Aviation Platform for 2 medium helicopters

Equipment 2x LCVPs

Military Lift 250 troops, 10 tanks, 4 LCVPs Radar Systems

Navigation/Surface Search Decca-series, Kaige, or Type 756

Navigation 2x Type 753

NOTE: YUTING II Class, a follow-on to the YUTING I (described above), is similar to but approximately 0.5 meter wider than the YUTING I.

YUKAN Class (Type 072) LST



Displacement, Full Load 4,170 metric tons LOA x Beam x Draft 120 x 15.3 x 2.9 m Complement 109

Speed 18 kn

Range 3,000 nmi at 14 kn

Guns 1x twin 57-mm x 50; 2x, 3x, or 4x twin 37-mm;

2x twin 25-mm x 60

Equipment 2x LCVP

Military Lift 200 troop, 10 tanks (total of 500 tons)

Navigation Radar Systems 2x Type 753

NOTE: Bow ramp maximum load 50 tons, stern ramp maximum load 20 tons.

YUDAO Class (Type 073) LSM



Displacement, Full Load LOA x Beam x Draft Complement

Speed

Range Guns Navigation Radar System 1,650 metric tons 77.4 x 10.4 x 3 m 60

18 kn

1,000 nmi at 16 kn 2x twin 25-mm x 60

FIN CURVE

YUDENG Class (Type 073) LSM



Displacement, Full Load LOA x Beam x Draft Complement Speed Range Guns Military Lift Radar Systems Navigation/Surface Search

1.850 metric tons 87 x 13 x 3.8 m 35

17 kn

1,000 nmi at 16.2 kn; 1,500 nmi at 14 kn 2x twin 25-mm x 80, 1x twin 37-mm x 63 MOD

500 troops; 9 tanks (250 tons)

Decca-series

YUHAI (WUHU-A) Class (Type 074) LSM



Displacement, Full Load LOA x Max. Beam x Max. Draft Complement

Speed, Full Power/Sustained Guns

Military Lift Radar Systems

Navigation/Surface Search

799 metric tons 58.4 x 10.4 x 2.7 m

56 16/14 kn

2x twin 23-mm x 81; 2x twin 25-mm 80

250 troops; 2 tanks

Decca-series; JRC

YULIANG Class (Type 079) LSM



Displacement, Full Load LOA x Beam x Draft Complement Speed Armament Guns

Other Military Lift

Navigation Radar System

1,100 metric tons 63 x 10 x 2.4 m

60 14 kn

2x twin 25-mm x 60

2x BM-21 multiple rocket launchers

3 tanks

FIN CURVE

YUNSHU Class LSM



Displacement, Full Load LOA x Beam x Draft

Complement Speed

Range

Guns

Military Lift

Radar Systems
Navigation/Surface Search

1,850 metric tons 87.0 x 12.6 x 2.25 m

70

17 kn

1,500 nmi at 14 kn

1x twin 37-mm x 60 MOD

6 tanks or 12 trucks or 250 tons dry stores

Decca-series

YUBEI Class LCU



LOA x Beam x Draft Guns Equipment Military Lift Navigation Radar System 65.0 x 11.0 x 2.7 m 2x twin 23-mm x 81 Stern kedge anchor 150 troops; 10 tanks Decca-series

YUWEI Class (Type 271) WLCU



Displacement, Full Load LOA x Beam x Draft Complement Speed, Full Power Guns Equipment Military Lift Radar Systems

Navigation/Surface Search

800 metric tons 56.5 x 10.4 x 2.3 m 25

12 kn

4x 14.5-mm machineguns Stern kedge anchor

150 tons

JRC

YUNNAN, YUNNAN II Class (Type 067) WLCM



Displacement, Full Load LOA x Max. Beam x Max. Draft Complement Speed Range Guns Military Lift Navigation Radar System

138 metric tons 28 x 5.5 x 1.6 m 12 12 kn 500 nmi at 10 kn 2x twin 14.5-mm x 93 46 tons Decca-series

YANHA Class AGB



Displacement, Full Load 3,200 metric tons
LOA x Beam x Draft 88.4 x 16.2 x 5.2 m
Complement 90

Complement 90 Speed 17.5 kn

Guns 4x twin 37-mm x 63, 4x twin 25-mm x 80

Navigation Radar System FIN CURVE **NOTE:** Possibly used for intelligence gathering.

YANBING Class (modified YANHA Class) AGI



Displacement, Full Load 4,420 metric tons LOA x Max. Beam x Max. Draft 095 495

Speed 17 kn

Guns 4x twin 37-mm x 63

Radar Systems
Navigation/Surface Search
2x Decca-series or FIN CURVE
NOTE: China claims that the YANBING can break ice up to 1.5 meter thick.

QIONGSHA Class AH, AP



Displacement, Full Load 2,150 metric tons LOA x Beam x Draft 86 x 13.5 x 4 m

Complement 59 Speed 16

Guns 4x twin 14.5-mm x 93
Equipment 2x 1-ton cargo booms aft,
1x 1.5-ton cargo boom forward
4x 9-meter utility boats

12x liferaft canisters
Military Lift 400 troops; 350 metric tons cargo

Navigation Radar System FIN CURVE

NOTE: The hospital ships are painted white; Red Cross markings are painted on the superstructure (see above).

DAZHOU Class AS



Type Submarine tender
Displacement, Full Load 1,100 metric tons
LOA x Beam x Draft 79 x 9.5 x 2.6 m
Complement 130

Speed 18 kn

Guns 1x twin 37-mm x 63; 2x twin 14.5-mm x 93

Navigation Radar System FIN CURVE

DALANG Class ARS



Type
Displacement, Full Load
LOA x Beam x Draft
Complement
Speed
Range
Guns
Navigation Radar System

Submarine rescue ship 4,200 metric tons 111.9 x 14.6 x 4.3 m 180 16 kn 8,000 nmi at 14 kn

1x twin 25-mm x 80 or 1x twin 14.5-mm x 93

FIN CURVE

DADIE Class AGI



2x Type 753

Role
Displacement, Full Load
LOA x Max. Beam x Mean Draft
Complement
Speed
Guns
Equipment

Navigation Radar System

Reconnaissance, surveillance
2,300 metric tons
94.6 x 11.3 x 6.2 m
170
17 kn
4x twin 14.5-mm x 93
8x encapsulated life rafts,
2x 7.5-meter utility boats, 2x davits,
3x 1.5-Mton articulating hydraulic cranes

XIANGYANG HONG 09 Class AG, AGI, WAGOR



Role

Displacement, Full Load LOA x Max. Beam x Mean Draft Complement Speed Aviation Equipment

Military Lift (WAGOR) Diesel oil Fresh Water Radar Systems

Navigation/Surface Search

Coastal surveillance, reconnaissance, surveil-

lance, research 4,435 metric tons 122 x 15.2 x 7.2 m 145

22 kn

AG has a helicopter platform

All have 4x 9-m lifeboats and 4x davits; some have 1x 4-Mton A-frame crane,

1x 4-Mton cab crane; AG and AGI have 1x 5-Mton boom

1,096 metric tons 413,000 liters

2x Type 756

NOTE: Appearance and equipment vary slightly between ships. AG is painted white with red star on stack and orange cab crane. AGI is painted gray.

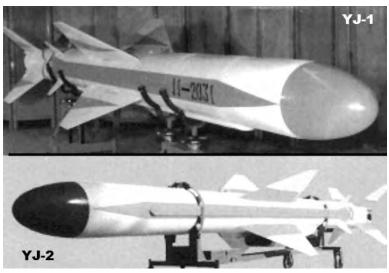
ANTISHIP/ANTISUBMARINE MISSILES

YJ-6, YJ-62



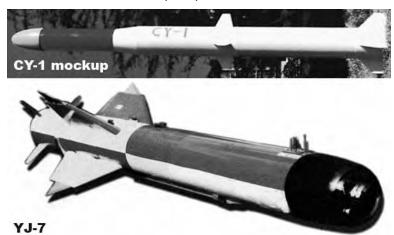
Nomenclature	YJ-6	YJ-62		
Туре	Antiship cruise missile			
Launch Platform	Aircraft			
Range	13 to 60 nmi	108 nmi		
Payload	513-kg semi-armor-piercing blast-frag. warhead	300-kg semi-armor-piercing warhead		
Fuze	Impact with delay			
Guidance	Inertial and active radar			
Launch Weight	2,440 kg	1,350 kg		
Length x Diameter	7.36 x 0.76 m	7.1 x 0.54 m		
Flight Profile				
Cruise Height	50, 70, or 100 m	30 m		
Terminal Phase	Dives onto target	7 to 10 m		
Remarks	For use against large ships			
NOTE: H-6D bomber shown above carrying two YJ-6 missiles under wings.				

YJ-1, YJ-2, YJ-82



N	V1.4	V.I.0	V 1 00
Nomenclature	YJ-1	YJ-2	YJ-82
Туре	Antiship missile		
Launch Platform	Ground/ship	Ground/ship	Aircraft
Range	4.5 to 23 nmi	8 to 65 nmi	8 to 65 nmi
Payload	165-kg semi-armor-piercing warhead		
Fuze	Impact with delay		
Guidance	Inertial and active radar		
Launch Weight	815 kg	715 kg	715 kg
Dimensions			
Wingspan	1.18 m		
Length x Diameter	5.81 x 0.36 m	6.39 x 0.36 m	5.3 x 0.36 m
Flight Profile			
Cruise Height	50 m		
Target Approach	20 to 30 m		
Terminal Phase	5 to 7 m		
Associated Search Radar Systems	SQUARE TIE, POT HEAD/SKIN HEAD, Type 363, Sea Tiger, ESR-1	SQUARE TIE, Type 363, Sea Tiger	

CY-1; YJ-7; YJ-3/YJ-83



Nomenclature	CY-1	YJ-7	YJ-83
Role	Antisubmarine	Antiship	Antiship
Launch Platform	Ship	Ship, Aircraft	Aircraft, surface, submarine
Range	4.4 to 8.3 nmi (tor- pedo 3.5 nmi)	0.5 to 9.7 nmi	86 nmi (surface) or 135 nmi (aircraft)
Payload	Torpedo with 34-kg HE warhead	29-kg semi-armor- piercing warhead	165-kg semi-armor- piercing warhead
Fuze	Contact	Impact/Proximity	
Guidance	Inertial	Inertial and TV or active radar, poss. SAI or IIR	Inertial with com- mand updates, ac- tive/passive radar
Launch Weight	700 kg	105 or 107 kg	715 kg (surface) or 555 kg (aircaft)
Wingspan	Not available	0.54 m	1.18 m
Length x Diameter	5.5 x 0.41 m	2.51 or x 0.18 m or 2.69 x 0.18 m	6.39 x 0.36 m or 5.3 x 0.36 m (aircraft)
Flight Profile			
Cruise Height		500 m	10 to 30 m
Terminal Phase	Underwater	Dives onto target	5 m
Associated Systems	Type 360, ESR-1		Type 343G
Remarks	Max. operating depth 300 m; max. target speed 30 kn	For use against small craft	Possibly supersonic

P-270, FF-1/JL-9 (SS-N-22 SUNBURN)



Type Launch Platform Range

Payload Guidance

Launch Weight Dimensions Wingspan

Length x Diameter

Flight Profile

Cruise Height Terminal Phase

Associated Search Radar Systems BAND STAND

Supersonic medium-range antiship missile

Ship or ground

5.4 to 54 nmi or greater

300-kg SAP warhead with 150 kg of HE Inertial with active, passive, or active-passive radar seeker capable of home-on-jam

3,970 kg

2.1 m

20 m

7 m

9.38 x 0.13 m

HY-2 (CSSC-3 SEERSUCKER)



Type Launch Platform Range Payload Guidance

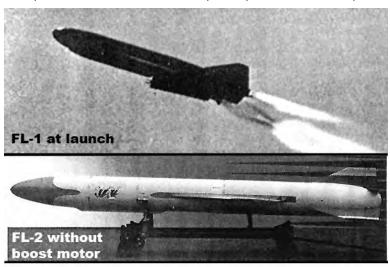
Launch Weight Missile Length x Diameter Flight Profile Cruise Height

Terminal Phase

Short-range antiship missile
Ship or ground
10.8 to 51.3 nmi
513-kg HE warhead
Autopilot with active conical-scan radar (HY-2
and HY-2G), active monopulse radar (HY-2B), or
IR (HY-2A) seeker
3,000 kg
7.36 x 0.76 m

100 to 300 m (30, 50, or 100 m for HY-2G variant) 8 m

FL-1 (CSS-N-1 SCRUBBRUSH MOD 2), FL-2 (CSS-NX-5 SABBOT), FL-7





Nomenclature Type	FL-1	FL-2 ort-range antiship mis	FL-7
			SSIIE —————
Launch Platform Range	45 km	Ship 50 km	30 km
Payload	513-kg HE warhead	365-kg HE war- head, possibly others	365-kg HE warhead
• • •			
Guidance	Autopilot with active radar seeker		
Launch Weight	2,000 kg	1,550 kg	1,800 kg
Length x Diameter Flight Profile	6.42 x 0.76 m	6.0 x 0.54 m	6.6 x 0.54 m
Cruise Height	30 m	Probably 30 m	Probably 30 m
Terminal Phase	8 m	Probably 8 m	Probably 8 m
Remarks	Jettisonable boost motor; subsonic	Jettisonable boost motor; faster than FI -1	Jettisonable boost motor; supersonic

APPENDIX D: HOLIDAYS

Secular and Communist Holidays (Gregorian Calendar)

1 January	New Year's Day
5 February 2000 24 January 2001 12 February 2002	Chinese New Year (Spring Festival)
8 March	International Women's Day
1 May	International Labor Day
4 May	Youth Day
1 June	International Children's Day
1 July	Birthday of the Chinese Communist Party
1 August	PLA Birthday
1 October	National Day

Traditional Holidays

During the Cultural Revolution, much of China's culture and traditions came under attack from radicals known as the Red Guards. Traditional holidays, though celebrated in temples and other cultural institutions, are no longer prevalent in China.

The Gregorian Calendar

China follows the Gregorian calendar. Commonly used in various parts of the world, the Gregorian calendar is based on the solar year and has 365 days.

The Chinese Calendar

Unofficially, China also uses the Lunar Calendar that is based on the cycles of the moon. Lunar cycles last 29 to 30 days so a lunar year has only 354 days. In order to catch up with the length of a solar year, which has 365 days, an extra month has to be added every 3 years. In 1995, for example, there were two "Augusts."

The Chinese New Year typically falls between late January and mid-February in the Gregorian calendar. Although many Chinese celebrate both new years, the Chinese New Year is the most important holiday of all. Although officially lasting only three days, many Chinese take a week off work to visit family and friends. Visitors should avoid traveling during this time as accommodations may be unavailable.

APPENDIX E: LANGUAGE

Numbers

	Mandarin		Mandarin
0	ling	12	shi er
1	yi	20	er shi; (two tens)
2	er, liang	21	er shi; yi
	_		(two tens and a one)
3	san	100	yi bai
4	si	200	er bai
5	wu	1,000	yi qian
6	liu	10,000	yi wan
7	qi	20,000	liang wan
8	ba	100,000	shi wan;
			(ten ten thousands)
9	jiu	200,000	er shi wan
10	shi	100,000,000	yi yi
11	shi yi;		
	(ten and one)		

Pronouns

English	Mandarin	English	Mandarin
me	woI or	we	wo men
you	ni	plural you	nimen
he, she or it	ta	they	tamen

Post and Telecommunications

English	Mandarin	English	Mandarin
post office	you ju	telephone	dian hua
letter	xin	telephone card	dian hua ka

English	Mandarin	English	Mandarin
envelope	xin fong	fax	chuan zhen
postage stamp	you piao		

Transportation

English	Mandarin	English	Mandarin
airport	fei ji chang	bicycle	zi xing che
train station	huo che zhan	boat	chuan

Military Terms

English	Mandarin
army or military	jun
air force	kong jun
navy	hai jun
naval air force	hai jun hang kong bing
naval base	hai jun ji di
Marine Corps; the Marines	hai jun lu zhan dui
naval academy	hai jun xue xiao
seaport	hai kou
seaport/harbour	hai gang
coastal defense force	hai fang bu dui
coastal artillery	hai an pao
customs inspection	hai guan jian cha
army (ground forces)	lu jun
military headquarters	jun bu
military vehicle	jun che
armed forces; army; troops	jun dui
military expenditure	jun fei
military/army uniform	jun fu
military officer	jun guan
military/army emblem	jun hui

English Mandarin

munitions jun huo
arsenal jun huo ku
military plan jun ii

military plan jun ji
military strength jun li
military provisions jun liang
military orders jun ling
military region; area command jun qu
soldier; serviceman jun ren
noncommissioned officer (NCO) jun shi

military base jun shi ji di military academy jun shi xue yuan

military academy jun xiao army group jun tuan military rank jun xian soldier's morale jun xin

Key Phrases

English Mandarin

Hello. nin hau.
Good day. r-an.
Good morning. zau-an.
Good afternoon. wu-an.
Good evening. wan-an.

See you tomorrow. ming-tyan-jyan.
Welcome. hwan-ying.
Goodbye. dzai-jyan.
See you later. hwei-tou-jyan.

Yes.* dwei-le.
No.* bu-dwei.
Please. ching.

Allow me. Thanks.

You are welcome.

I am sorry.

You have been very kind.

You have been a great help.

Come in.
Come here.

Come with me.

Come back later.

Wait a minute. Not yet.

Not now.

Listen! Look out! Be careful.

I'm glad to meet you.

I do not understand. I do not know.

Write it down. Go away! Help!

Police! Fire!

This is an emergency.

Stop here.

Explain.

I cannot hear you. How are you? Won't you sit down? Mandarin

rang wo. sye-sye.

bu-sye.
dwei-bu-chi

nin tai hau le.

cheng nin bang-mang.

ching jin. lai jer.

gen wo lai.

deng yi-sya hwei-lai.

deng-yi-deng. hai mei-you. bu-shr syan-dzai.

ting! ju-yi!

syau-syin.

wo bu dung.

wo hengau-sying de jyan dau nin.

wo bu jr-dau. ching sye sya lai. dzou-kai ba! jyou-ming a!

jyou-ming a! jing-cha!

hwo-shau! iei shr yi-ge jin-ji shi-jyan.

ching ting dzai jer.

jye-shr.

wo ting-bu-jyan.
nin hau ma?

ching dzwo?

What?

What did you say? What is that?

What do you want?

What is this? When?

Where?

Why? How?

How long? English How far? How much? How many?

Who are you? Who is...

Who?

...that boy?
...that girl?
...that man?
...that woman?

What is your name?

What do you do for a living? Do you speak English?

Where is the U.S. Embassy?

Where is the police station?

Do you understand me?

Can you help me?

What is wrong?

Mandarin

shem-ma?

nin shwo shem-ma? nei shi shem-ma? ni yau shem-ma? jei shi shem-ma? shem-ma shr-hou?

dzai nar?

wei shem-ma? dzem-ma-yang?

dwo jyou? Mandarin dwo ywan? dwo-shau? ji-ge?

nin shi shei?

shei?

nei-ge nan-hai-dz... nei-ge nyu-hai-dz... nei-ge nan-ren... nei-ge nyu-ren... nin gwei-sying?

nin dzwo shem-ma shi? ni shwo ying-wen ma?

mei-gwo da-shr-gwan dzai nar?

jing-cha-jyu dzai nar?

ni dung bu-dung wo shwo de shr

ma?

ni ke bu ke-yi bang wo?

ze me le?

What street is this?

How far is it?

Can we walk there?

Am I going in the right direction?

Is it on this side of the street?

Is it on the other

side of the street?

Is it across the bridge?

Is is straight ahead?

Is it inside the station?

Is it near the square?

Is it at the entrance?

Is it up the hill?

Is it down the stairs?

Is it around the traffic circle?

At what time is supper served?

How much do I owe you?

May I use the telephone?

May I leave a message?

What time is it?

How is the weather today?

What is the

weather forecast?

Mandarin

jei-tyau jye jyau shem-ma?

you dwo ywan?

wo-men ke bu ke-yi dzou qui na li?

wo dzou de fang-syang dwei bu-

dwei?

shi bu-shi dzai jye-dau de jei-

byar?

shi bu-shi dzai jye-dau de nei-

byar?

shi bu-shi dzai chyau dwei-mer?

shi bu-shi yi-jr syang chyan

dzou?

shi bu-shi dzai che-jan de li-tou?

shi bu-shi dzai gwang-chang de

fu-jin?

shi bu-shi dzai da-men-kou?

shi bu-shi dzai shan-shang?

shi bu-shi dzai lou-ti sya-myan?

shi bu-shi rau-je ywan hwan? shem-ma shr-hou chr wan-fan?

wo yi-gung chyan nin dwo-shau

chyan?

jye-yung dyan-hwa yi-sya?

wo ke bu ke-yi lyou yi-ge dz-tyau?

shem-ma shr-hou le?

jin-tyan de tyan-chi dzem-ma-

yang?

tyan-chi yu bau dzem-ma-yang?

Common Signs and Public Notices

Mandarin **English** Admission ru-chang

Admission free myan-fei ru-chang

Attention ju-yi

Beware of dog jin-fang gou yau

(gung-gung chi)-che-jan Bus stop

sya

City hall shi-jeng-fu-li ting Clinic jen-lyau-swo bu-kai-men Closed Danger wei-svan

Departure chi-cheng Down

Emergency exit tai-ping men

Enter jin ru Entrance ru kou chu kou Exit Forbidden jin-ji Hospital vi-vwan

Keep off the grass wu ta tsau-di

No noise ching wu chau-nau

No smoking jin yan No spitting jin-jr tu-tan No swimming bu syu you-yung No trespassing bu syu shan-ru Pedestrians only sying ren jwan yung

English Pronunciation

Pul1 la Push twei Refuse la se Silence an-jing

Toilet tse-swo
Up shang
Vacant kung de
Warning jing-gau

Watch your step syau-syin jyau-bu
Wet paint you-chi wei-gan
Zoo dung-wu-ywan

Mandarin

APPENDIX I: DANGEROUS PLANTS AND ANIMALS

Snakes

Siberian Pit Viper

Description:

Adult length usually 0.6 to 0.7 meter; maximum of 0.9 meter. Moderately stout snake. Background color pale gray, olive, or dark brown; dark crossbands with light olive or pale yellow intervals between them. Belly moder-



ately dark with indistinct spots and flecks of brown or gray. Dark postocular stripe with white line above. Head narrow, flattened on top; distinct from neck. Upturned snout.

Habitat:

Found in a variety of habitats from desert shrub to short grass or wooded steppes, coniferous forests, and mountainous areas up to elevations of 4,000 meters. Usually found in dry, rocky areas.

Activity and behavioral patterns:

Mainly nocturnal. During warmer months, emerges only after sunset. Reportedly can be highly aggressiveness.

Venom's Effects:

Primarily hemotoxic with some neurotoxic activity. Bite generally causes sharp pain at site, followed by edema and necrosis. May develop blood-filled blisters at site of bite. Heart rate and blood pressure usually increase. Recorded deaths usually result of respiratory failure.

Japanese Mamushi

No Photograph Available

Other names:

Asiatic Pit Viper

Description:

Adult length usually 0.4 to 0.5 meter; maximum of 0.7 meter. Background color pale gray, reddish brown, or yellow brown. Row of large circular markings on each flank comprised of dark oval blotches with darker margin, light inner area, and dark bullseye spot in center. Lower lateral sides whitish with series of dark spots; numerous dark flecks on belly. Dark postocular stripe extends to corner of mouth.

Habitat:

Varied; marshes, swamps, rocky hillsides, open woodland, montane rock outcroppings, and meadows.

Activity and behavioral patterns:

Generally diurnal, but active at twilight during hot weather. Usually docile, inoffensive, and sluggish.

Central Asian Pit Viper Description:

Maximum length 0.8 meter; relatively stout. Background white, gray, brown red or olive; pale dorsal crossbands with dark edges which may be in two halves not meeting



exactly at the vertebral line. Belly may be heavily or lightly speckled with gray. Dark cheek stripe, outlined above with light line extends from eye across the jaw.

Habitat:

Found in grasslands and scrub lands in mountainous areas.

Activity and behavioral patterns:

No information available.

Venom's effects:

Little information available. Likely hemotoxic and neurotoxic. Clinical symptoms may be similar to those of the Japanese Mamushi bite, which include pain and slight bleeding at site, swelling and rapid tender enlargement of local lymph nodes. Systemic symptoms may include double vision, neck rigidity, general achiness, difficulty breathing, and suppression of urine.

Rock Mamushi

No Photograph Available

Description:

Maximum length about 0.8 meter. Background color light gray to light brown; dark dorsolateral crossbands of various shades of brown, and ventrolateral series of small brown spots. belly light brownish or pinkish. Top of head with dark asymmetrical spots. Dark postocular strip bordered below with white.

Habitat:

Found on rocky slopes, along stream banks, and forest borders; mainly in mountainous areas.

Activity and behavioral patterns:

No information available.

Venom characteristics:

Hemotoxic and neurotoxic. Local symptoms may include edema, ecchymosis, blistering, and severe pain. Systemic symptoms may include blurred vision, ptosis, and ataxia.

Fea's Viper

Description:

Maximum length is 1 meter; a moderately slender snake. Background color is blue-black or black, patterned with thin redorange lateral bands that sometimes meet middorsally. Belly is gray. Head



is red-orange, patterned with two dark stripes, and is somewhat flattened and distinct from the neck.

Habitat:

Found in mountainous areas from 600 to 2,000 meters in elevation.

Activity and behavioral patterns:

Terrestrial.

Venom's effects:

Little information available. Likely hemotoxic. Few bites reported. Reported symptoms include local pain and swelling only

Usuri Mamushi

No Photograph Available

Description:

Maximum length less than 0.7 meter. Background color varies from pale to dark brown or reddish; row of large, dark bulls eye markings along both flanks. May have pale transverse stripe between bulls eye. Dark postocular stripe. Belly grayish. Head distinct from neck. Tip of tail dark.

Habitat:

Found in low mountains, hills, grassy areas near streams, open fields, forest edges, and marshes.

Activity and behavioral patterns:

Terrestrial. Generally sluggish and immobile during day. When confronted, vibrates tail rapidly and attempts to hide.

Venom's effects:

Hemotoxic and neurotoxic. Local symptoms may include edema, ecchymosis, blistering, and severe pain. Systemic symptoms may include blurred vision, ptosis, and ataxia.

Branded Krait

Description:

Adult length usually 1 meter to 1.2 meters; maximum of 2 meters. Background color is pattern of alternating light and dark bands encircling body. Light bands pale to bright ca-



nary yellow; dark bands generally black and wider. Distinctive black spear-shaped mark beginning between eyes and extending back along neck. Prominent dorsal ridge down back and tail gives thin, emaciated appearance. Tail blunt or slightly bulbous at tip.

Habitat:

Most commonly found in grassy fields, meadows, and cultivated areas, often adjacent to streams, rivers, and lakes. Found at elevations up to 1,550 meters.

Activity and behavioral patterns:

Normally nocturnal; may prowl during day during and after rains. Unaggressive and stealthy. Hides head beneath body if molested; may twitch or writhe spasmodically but seldom attempts to bite even when aggravated.

Venom's effects:

Potent neurotoxin. Minimal local pain, redness, or edema. Systemic symptoms develop slowly; include general achiness, paralysis, shock, and respiratory failure. Fatalities recorded.

Chinese Banded Krait or Many-banded Krait

Description:

Adult length is 0.8 to 1.0 meter, with a maximum of 1.8 meters. Background color is black or blueblack, with 30 to 50 white transverse bands. Belly is white or off-white. Glossy



appearance; lacks verebral ridge along middle of back. Tail is long, thin and tapering.

Habitat:

Open woodland, grassy fields, bamboo groves, and wet areas such as ditches, rice paddies, and streams. May be found in villages and suburban areas. Found at elevations up to 1,300 meters.

Activity and behavioral patterns:

Nocturnal. Rarely seen during day except during and after rain. Hides under stones or in holes during the day. Hibernates from November to April. Not aggressive, especially during daylight hours; prefers to escape from potential threats. If escape is impossible, it hides its head beneath mounded coils of its body. More aggressive at night.

Venom's effects:

Extremely potent neurotoxin. Local symptoms are minimal; bite felt as a prick followed by slight itching, numbness, or redness, with minimal swelling. Systemic symptoms include nausea, vomiting, ptosis, inability to speak, swallow, or open mouth, chest tightness, breathlessness, generalized aching, and weakness of limbs. Many fatalities reported.

Oriental Coral Snake

Description:

Adult length is 0.3 to 0.5 meter; maximum of 1.0 meter. Narrow body; diameter the size of a finger. Background color variable; color either russet to



pink, with narrow, widely separated black crossbands and wide cream band across the base of the head, or brown to crimson, with three longitudinal black stripes from head to tail, and a narrow cream headband. Head is small, barely distinct from neck.

Habitat:

Scrub jungles and monsoon forests. Often found near human habitats. Avoids dry terrain.

Activity and behavioral patterns:

Nocturnal, remaining hidden during the day within humus of forest floor, or beneath logs, stones, and other debris. Occasionally active in early morning.

Venom's effects:

Likely neurotoxic. Little is known of venom. Few bites recorded. One fatality reported from Nepal.

Russell's Viper

Description:

Adult length usually 1 meter to 1.3 meters: maximum of 2 meters. Background color varies from pale grayish brown through reddish brown to dark brown. Dorsal and lateral series of black or brown, round or oval spots edged with black and white. Belly white with large black spots. Light V- or X-shaped marked on top of head.



Habitat:

Paddy fields and other agricultural land, open, rocky, bushy, or grassy terrain up to elevations of 3,000 meters. Does not occur in dense forests.

Activity and behavioral patterns:

Predominantly nocturnal but active by day during cool weather. Terrestrial. Coils up in striking position, inflates lungs, and emits loud sustained hisses when threatened. Short-tempered and very aggressive. When disturbed, strikes with great force and speed.

Venom's effects:

Extremely potent hemotoxin. Major cause of snakebite mortality, especially among rice farmers. Symptoms may include local pain and swelling, vomiting, abdominal pain, and diarrhea. Bleeding from gums, upper gastrointestinal tract, and urinary tract may develop within hours. May develop acute renal failure.

Sharp-nosed Pit Viper or Hundred-pacer

Description:

Adult length 0.8 to 1.0 meter; maximum of 1.5 meters. Stout snake. Background color light brown or gray-brown with a series of dark brown lateral triangles on each side. Pointed tops of two opposite triangles join mid-dor-



sally, creating an effect of alternating triangles of different color. A row of large, black spots extends along each side near the belly. Top and upper sides of head is uniformly black, with a straight, black postocular streak. Belly is yellow, spotted with dark brown. Entire color scheme is like that of the United States' copperhead. Large, triangular head with distinctive long, upturned snout.

Habitat:

Usually low mountain slopes or rocky hills with small valleys. Also found in forested mountains up to 1,400 meters in elevation, and low coastal areas at 100 meters in elevation. During the day, it can be seen on rocks or among vegetation along streams, where it blends well into surroundings.

Activity and behavioral patterns:

Active at night or in evening. Appears sluggish, but strikes and bites vigorously when aggravated. Remains in coiled position, ready to strike. During autumn, it hunts for rodents in or near rice paddies, in gardens, along roadsides, or in houses.

Venom's effects:

Potent hemotoxin; strongly hemorrhagic. Local symptoms include severe pain and bleeding, which may begin immediately, followed by swelling, blistering, necrosis, and ulceration. Systemic symptoms manifest early and suddenly, and include palpitations, dim vision, hematuria, hemoptysis, bloody stools, purpura, and anuresis. Many fatalities recorded.

Chinese Cobra

Description:

Adult length 1.4 to 1.6 meters; maximum 2.0 meters. Fairly heavy-bodied snake. Background color varies from gray-brown to black; belly is pale. Back of hood is unmarked, or with pale, blackedged band with central dark spot or spectacle marking. May have a dark band across the throat. May have narrow white transverse lines along



the length of its body, which is more prominent in juveniles.

Habitat:

Common in various habitats, including rice fields, marsh areas, forests, and human settlements.

Activity and behavioral patterns:

When threatened, it rears up and spreads its hood. Capable of spitting venom into the face of an aggressor.

Venom's effects:

Primarily neurotoxic; also cytotoxic. May cause immediate pain and swelling at site, followed by blistering and discoloration. Within hours after bite, victim may have vomiting and abdominal pain followed by drowsiness, ptosis, and inability to open mouth or speak. If venom contacts eyes, it may cause immediate, burning pain with inflammation and permanent blindness. Fatalities reported.

Monocellate Cobra Description:

Adult length may exceed 1.5 meters. Color and pattern varies widely. Background color yellow, yellow-tan, brown, greenish brown, olive, or black; may show alternate wide and narrow transverse dark



bands. Dorsal aspect of hood commonly has white annular marking, with black center and rim resembling an eye. May have transverse band with central "eye," or lack marking altogether. Ventral surface of neck paler or yellowish with broad, dark band.

Habitat:

Resides in virtually all habitats except dense forests; frequently found in cities and villages. Most common cobra in much of Southeast Asia. Shelters in areas such as rock piles, termite mounds, fallen logs, mammal burrows, and building foundations.

Activity and behavioral patterns:

Most active at twilight, but may bask in sun during day. Does not "spit" venom at aggressor.

Venom's effects:

Potent neurotoxin and cytotoxin. Pain and swelling often followed by blistering and extensive necrosis. Neurotoxic symptoms may include ptosis, drowsiness, dysphagia, dysphonia, and generalized weakness. Reports of mortality high.

King Cobra

Description:

World's largest venomous snake. Adult length usually 3 to 4 meters; maximum of about 5.5 meters. Background color olive, brown, or greenish yellow, becoming darker on tail.



Head scales edged with black. Throat yellow or orange, sometimes with dark markings.

Habitat:

Found in open country, cultivated areas, dense or open forests, bamboo thickets, dense mangrove swamps, and hilly jungles. Often found near streams. Range extends from sea level up to 1,800 meters elevation. Species widespread but uncommon.

Activity and behavioral patterns:

Diurnal and very active. Primarily terrestrial, but sometimes found in trees and water. Constructs elaborate nest of dead leaves and other decaying vegetation. Unlikely to attack unless provoked. When confronted, expands hood and may rise as high as 1.8 meters. When angry, gives deep resonant hiss similar to growl of small dog. Reports of aggressiveness and unprovoked attacks likely untrue.

Venom's effects:

Potent neurotoxin. Severe local pain and tenderness almost immediately following bite. Bites uncommon, but usually severe and may be rapidly fatal.

Mountain Pit Viper

No Photograph Available

Description:

Adult length usually 0.6 to 0.8 meter; maximum of 1.1 meters. Relatively thick-set snake. Background color light olive, reddish, or orange-brown; one or two dorsal rows of squarish patches meeting or alternating at vertebral line. Belly pale, spotted with brown. Dark brown or black triangular head, distinct from neck.

Habitat:

Inhabits mountains or plateaus from coastal lowlands up to more than 2,000 meters elevation. Found in tea fields, cultivated areas, under shrubs, and among vegetation. Often found near human habitation and sometimes in homes.

Activity and behavioral patterns:

Semi-arboreal, but commonly found on forest floor near streams. Sluggish disposition, but ready to bite when irritated.

Venom's effects:

Hemotoxic. Reported symptoms include severe local bleeding and swelling, thrombocytopenia, and coagulopathy.

Red-necked Keelback

Description:

Adult length usually 0.6 to 0.7 meter Background color olive, greenish gray, or greenish brown with indistinct flecks of black and yellow which may appear as a mid-dorsal stripe. Neck and forepart of body vivid red; sides of head



yellow, with sub-ocular black streak.

Habitat:

Brush-covered or grassy fields adjacent to streams, ditches, and paddies.

Activity and behavioral patterns:

Primarily diurnal and terrestrial. When threatened, rears forepart of body and spreads hood.

Venom's effects:

Primarily hemotoxic. Bite may be painless with minimal local swelling. Symptoms may include headache, nausea, and vomiting.

Yamakagashi

Description:

Adult length is 0.8 to 1.0 meter. Background color is variable, from uniform greenish brown with a pale belly, to striped pattern with black bands on a red or greenish brown background.



Habitat:

Most common in fields and mountain forests.

Activity and behavioral patterns:

Primarily diurnal and terrestrial. When threatened, it rears and spreads its hood.

Venom's effects:

Primarily hemotoxic; symptoms may include local swelling, bleeding from wound site, bleeding gums, and hematuria. Brain hemorrhage and acute renal failure reported. Nuchal glands release defensive secretions when pressure is applied to the snake's skin. Secretions may damage eyes on contact.

Chinese Bamboo Pit Viper

Description:

Adult length usually 0.6 to 0.7 meter; maximum of 1 meter; fairly stout snake. Background color uniform leaf to chartreuse green; no markings except thin white, yellowish white, or red and white longitudinal stripe along each side of



body. Belly pale green; tail rust colored. Distinctive rusty brown or brick red eye, flecked cream color.

Habitat:

Bamboo thickets, bushes, and trees along water courses; found more frequently on hillsides then on level terrain.

Activity and behavioral patterns:

Arboreal and nocturnal. Sluggish. Calm disposition, but strikes quickly if surprised or brushed against while in arboreal shelters. When threatened, may wind into coil and vibrate tail as warning.

Venom's effects:

Primarily hemotoxic. Symptoms include severe local pain, oozing from fang marks, extensive local swelling, bruising, nausea, and vomiting. Fatalities recorded.

White-lipped Green Pit Viper

No Photograph Available Description:

Adult length usually 0.4 to 0.6 meter; maximum of 0.9 meter. Relatively long thin snake with triangular-shaped head, very dis-

tinct from neck. Background color uniformly green, varying from yellowish green to bright grass green. May have darker crossbands on scales and interstitial skin. Belly pale yellowish white to dark green. Upper lip white or pale green. Entire side of head, below eye, white, pale yellow, or light green. Dorsal surface of tail reddish brown.

Habitat:

Prefers open country at low elevations. Frequently found around human habitations and in gardens.

Activity and behavioral patterns:

Mainly nocturnal and arboreal; rarely seen on ground except after dark. Relatively slow moving and unaggressive, except when thoroughly annoyed. However, when defending itself, strikes and bites vigorously.

Venom's effects:

Primarily hemotoxic. Symptoms may include local pain, swelling, bruising, and tender enlargement of local lymph nodes. Systemic symptoms may include nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, abdominal pain, lethargy, gastrointestinal bleeding, and hematuria. Bites common, Fatalities recorded.

Steppe Viper, Orsini's Viper

Description:

Adult length usually 0.4 to 0.5 meter; maximum of 0.65 meter. Background color gray, yellow, green, or light brown. Belly usually light or dark gray, sometimes with yellow



markings. Completely black specimens reported. Dark, wavy, zig-

zag line with black edges down center of back from head to tail; may be discontinuous. Head oval, narrower than that of other vipers; distinct from neck. Snout rounded, slightly upturned. Dark line extending from each eye to corner of mouth.

Habitat:

Found in dry plains, flatlands with few trees or bushes; more common at higher elevations. Also found on wooded hillsides in mountainous regions. Generally seeks open areas near dry clay or loamy soil. Hides in rodent dens and small animal burrows.

Activity and behavioral patterns:

Primarily diurnal, but may be nocturnal during hot summers months. More active than other vipers; can move rapidly. Hibernates during winter months. Not aggressive; avoids human confrontation. Seldom bites, even when bothered, but will bite if continuously disturbed, stepped on, or handled roughly.

Venom's effects:

Mildly hemotoxic. Envenomation causes local pain and swelling followed by dizziness. Recovery usually relatively rapid.

Chinese Habu, Taiwanese Pit Viper

No Photograph Available

Description:

Adult length usually 0.8 to 1 meter; maximum of 1.3 meters. Relatively long, thin snake. Background color light brown or grayish brown; vertebral row of large purplish brown or chocolate-colored spots sometimes edged with yellow line. Lateral row of dark circular blotches. Belly white with brown dots. Large triangular head with dark markings; thin neck. Postocular line to angle of jaw, dark with pale mark above.

Habitat:

Open agricultural country and forests up to 1,400 meters elevation. Bamboo forests, shrubs, stream banks, tea fields, and around human dwellings.

Activity and behavioral patterns:

Generally nocturnal but may be seen during day. Terrestrial. Generally slow moving. Disposition varies; some vicious and strike when tormented, others docile and sluggish. Usually will strike when cornered.

Venom's effects:

Potent hemotoxin. Bites usually cause severe local pain and swelling which may involve entire affected limb with tender enlargement of regional lymph nodes. Systemic symptoms may include nausea, vomiting, epigastric pain, fever, and shock, which may cause impaired consciousness or generalized convulsions. Peripheral leucocytosis common. Fatalities recorded.

Dangerous Invertebates

Scorpions

Although scorpions in the region are capable of inflicting a painful sting, none are known to be lifethreatening.

Spiders

Although there are several spider species found in the region that are capable of inflicting a painful bite, in-



cluding some very large and physically imposing tarantulas, none are known to be life-threatening.

Insects

There is little specific information of medical importance regarding insects. However, nearly all countries have at least one species of moth having venomous/urticating hairs and/or whose larva (caterpillar) has venomous spines. Some caterpillars are very hairy (such as puss moths and flannel moths) and almost unrecognizable as caterpillars, with long silky hairs completely covering the shorter venomous spines. Others bear prominent clumps of still, venomous spines on an otherwise smooth body. Contact with these caterpillars can be very painful. Some are brightly colored.

Paederus are small (usually 4 to 7 millimeters), slender rove beetles that do not look like typical beetles and have very short wing covers that expose most of their flexible abdomens. When crushed, their body fluid contains an agent that will blister skin on contact. The lesions take about a week to heal and the area remains painful for several weeks. The substance is extremely irritating if it gets into the eyes; temporary blindness has been reported.

Centipedes

Although area centipedes are capable of inflicting a painful bite, none are known to be lifethreatening.



Millipedes

Millipedes do not bite and in general are harmless to humans. However, when handled, some larger millipedes (may be more than 50 centimeters long) secrete a very noxious fluid that can cause severe



blistering upon contact; some can squirt this fluid at least 2 feet.

Dangerous Plants

Blistering Ammania

Photo not available

Mechanisms of toxicity:

Found mostly in wet places; has an extremely acrid sap that produces intense pain and blistering on contact with skin

Comments:

Often confused with loosestrife plants in the primrose family.

Wood nettle

Photo not available

Other names:

Moroides, stinger, gympie

Mechanisms of toxicity

The leaf edges, stems, stalks and fruit-bearing parts have stiff, sharp, stinging hairs — frequently not conspicuous. On contact the hair tips break and an extremely irritating liquid is injected into the skin. Light contact results in intense burning pain. Poses

a serious threat to forestry workers and jungle troops. Death was reported regarding a man who contacted the dried bark.

Comments:

Tends to be particularly thick in areas of regrowth or replanted forests. Chopping or slashing the bushes can produce prolonged sneezing and intense throat irritation. Light contact tends to be more painful than strong contact — described as tingling interspersed with sharp, stabbing pains accompanied by red inflammation with a large flare area.

Mango

Other name:

Indica.

Mechanisms of toxicity:

The leaves, stem and fruit's skin on this tree contain urushiol and other similar long-chain phenois. Other allergens are also present.



Dermatitis can occur from eating the fruit with the skin intact. Blisters may be confined to the lips and face, or can be generalized. Climbing the tree can result in severe dermatitis. There is also immediate hypersensitivity in some individuals. Ensuring the fruit is peeled prior to ingestion can prevent the reaction.

Comments:

Genus includes 35 species, usually large trees, primarily in Indomalaysia. Frequently found near human dwellings. These trees grow from 40 to 100 feet, and have lance-shaped leaves. Cultivated varieties have excellent fruit (in some wild-growing plants the fruit is unpleasant) edible raw or cooked. Ground seed is used as a flour; its fruit is used in chutney, pickles, squashes, etc.

Velvet Bean

Other names:

Cowitch, cowhage, picapica, ox eye bean, horseeye bean.

Mechanisms of toxicity

Many of the species' pods and flowers are covered with irritant hairs (proteolytic enzymes). Can be dangerous if they become embedded in the eye. Beans tend to be foul tasting, even after thorough boiling, so little danger of ingestion exists.

Comments:

Many species are widely naturalized.

Marking Nut Tree

No Photograph Available Other names:

Tar tree, anacardium

Mechanisms of toxicity

Often occupied by biting ants. Many of the plants have reputations for causing severe contact dermatitis. Anacardium fruit may drip a black, oily resin that hardens like lacquer. The resin can also produce a severe dermatitis. Toxic principles are similar to mango tree or poison ivy.



Comments:

Tree indigenous to India; used to make a liquid used to mark laundry in India and Malaysia. Fleshy swollen basal parts of the fruits are edible.

Panama Tree

Other names:

Castano, tartargum.

Mechanisms of toxicity

Seeds are edible, but pods have internal stiff bristles that easily penetrate skin, causing intense irritation.



Comments:

There are 200 tropical species.

Modikka

No Photograph Available Mechanisms of toxicity

The root is reported to contain prussic acid and a cyanogenic glycoside, which is destroyed by drying. It also contains a toxalbumin called modeccin, which is a protein-synthesis inhibitor. The usual poisoning scenario is that of the root being mistaken for an edible tuber, especially in situations of scarce food. Death has occurred after ingestion of the fruit. Symptoms within one day are mainly due to the hydrocyanic acid; the toxalbumin results in illness a few days later. Used in India as a "worming" medicine; sap is very irritating. Has been used in Africa to murder.

Comments:

Some species have been used in Africa as medicinals (e.g., for malaria and leprosy).

Stinging Nettle

Other names:

Roman nettle, Roman nettle, dog or small nettle.

Mechanisms of toxicity:

Brushing against the plant shears off a protective cap from specialized siliceous stinging hairs, allowing skin puncture. After puncture, an irritant liquid is released that can contain several pro-inflammatory mediators including alkaloids, histamine, acetylcholine, and 5 hydroxytryptamine. These substances cause the immediate reaction after a nettle sting.



The term "urticaria," describing the characteristic skin eruption, is derived from the genus name. Thought to be a defense against browsing animals; usually does not involve a hypersensitivity reaction. Stinging can persist at the site for more than 12 hours after clinical features of urticaria have disappeared. This persistence of symptoms is due to secondary release of inflammatory mediators, or persistence of implanted hairs.

Comments:

Genus of 30 species, usually perennial, single-stalked herbs less than 0.3 meter (1 foot) in height, found mainly in northern temperate areas. The tender tips are used as a leafy vegetable in some locales; simmering in water renders the stingers ineffective.

Lily of the Valley

Mechanisms of toxicity

Contains more than 20 cardiac glycosides (e.g. convallatoxin). Quickly fatal potential. Has caused death; children are attracted to its pretty flowers and bright berries; poisons have occurred from drinking water from a vase in which flowers were placed. Has been mistaken for wild garlic and made into soup. Used as an arrow poison in Africa.



Comments:

Dried roots made into many medicinals, especially in Russia.

Freshwater Mangrove

No Photograph Available

Other names:

Putat, bitung, laut.

Mechanisms of toxicity

Saponins and hydrocyanide have been isolated from fruit and seeds. Used as fish poisons in many Pacific islands. Fruit contains a triterpenoid saponin, and the seeds are emetic and have been shown to induce hypogleemia in rodents.

Comments:

Large tree found growing along shorelines; have large (20-38 centimeters-long, 10-15 centimeters-wide) non-toothed leaves, white to pink flowers (on individual stalks; square in cross section), and one-seed-

ed fruits (9-13 centimeters-long; square in cross-section). Seeds are crushed and used as fish poison by Australian troops and aborigines.

Rattlepod

Other names:

Rattlebox, rattleweed, chillagoe, horse poison.

Mechanisms of toxicity

Contains pyrrolizidine alkaloids (monocrotaline, heliotrine, retrosine); can kill. Low-level ingestions can cause lung damage; high levels will damage



the liver. Some species have caused toxicity through the contamination of flour or when incorporated in teas.

Comments:

The fruits are inflated dehiscent legumes (pods) with parchmentlike walls; the ripe seeds come loose within the pods and rattle when shaken. The flowers are pea-like. Found in open woods, roadsides, margins, sandy soils, and fields.

Snake's Head

No Photograph Available

Other names:

Guinea flower, Crown imperial.

Mechanisms of toxicity

Many contain veratrum alkaloids, used in some areas as medicinals.

Comments:

This genus has 100 species from western Europe and the Mediterranean to eastern Asia, but only a few have been clearly implicated as etiology of dermatitis.

Foxglove

Other names:

Fairy bells, lady's thimbles, lion's mouth, digitalis.

Mechanisms of toxicity

Entire plant contains irritant saponins and numerous digitalis glycosides.

Comments:

A tall-growing evergreen with hairy leaves and trumpetshaped flowers. Sucking the base of the flowers for the sweet taste or drinking water from vase in which they were placed has caused many poisonings. Fatalities have also occurred from mistaking the plant for other herbs for tea.



Bulb Yam

Other name:

Air potato, wild yam.

Mechanisms of toxicity

Bulb yam, air potato, and wild yam have tubers that contain diosgenin, a steroidal saponin, the alkaloid dioscorine, and a norditerpene lactone (diosbul-



bine). They and some other yams are poisonous when eaten raw. Causes gastroenteritis (nausea, bloody diarrhea). Some individuals eat them after special preparation. Has been used to commit murder. Found mainly in the lowlands.

Comments:

A prickly climber with a cluster of tubers just below the soil surface. Considered the chief "famine-food" of the tropical East. Poisonous unless properly prepared. Other species of this genus are good to eat with no special preparation, such as goa yam and buck yam.

Heliotrope

Other names:

Cherry pie, scorpion's tail, Indian heliotrope.

Mechanisms of toxicity

Contains pyrrolizidine alkaloids. Cause of large epidemics (Afghanistan, India) of illness following ingestion of bread made with flour contaminated with members of this genus. The pathologic effects (Budd-Chiari syndrome) take weeks to months, and death comes slowly over years. Chronic copper poisoning has occurred associated with this plant.



Comments:

A large genus of worldwide distribution (250 tropical and temperate trees and shrubs).

Coca

No Photograph Available

Mechanisms of toxicity

Natives of the Peru-Bolivia region chew the leaf for its stimulating effect. The source of cocaine.

Comments:

Growth is markedly affected by the environment, especially temperature. Fruit is bright red, pointed, succulent. Found in the upland soils of tropical South America, cultivated in the lowlands of various tropical areas.

Black Henbane

Other names:

Insane root, fetid nightshade.

Mechanisms of toxicity

Old well-known medicinal and deadly poison (hyoscyamine, atropine) with many uses in many cultures. Tropine alkaloids in the seeds (in a pod); has resulted in death; dermatitis (low risk).



Comments:

Erect, hairy annual with coarse, hairy stems 1-5 feet tall, native to Europe. Found in "weed communities" along roadsides on nutrient-rich sandy soils and loam. Dusky yellow flowers with violet veins. Fruits are capsules containing many black seeds (can be confused with the poppy plant seeds).

Kamyuye

No Photograph Available Mechanisms of toxicity

Contains latex with a mixture of sequiterpene alcohols. Has long been used as a medicinal. Used in Africa as a poison. Accidental fatalities have occurred when the bark was used to prepare a medicine for stomach problems.

Comments:

Tropical African aromatic shrub. Source of vanilla-scented oil.

Chinaberry

Other names:

White cedar, African lilac, bead tree

Mechanisms of toxicity

Yellow globose berry with three to five smooth, black, ellipsoidal seeds; has a resin; all parts have a saponin, triterpene neuro-



toxins, and a gastrointestinal irritant of uncertain chemical nature. Widely varying genetic variable toxicity. Has killed adults.

Comments:

Widely cultivated.

Annual/French Mercury

No Photograph Available

Other names:

Dog's Mercury

Mechanisms of toxicity

Native to Europe; entire plant is toxic. Has been mistaken for edible greens. Emetic and purgative. Has proven fatal.

Comments:

Dye source; carpeting rhizome herb often characteristic of disturbed woodland.

Balsam Apple

Other names:

Leprosy gourd, bitter gourd, cucumber gourd

Mechanisms of toxicity

Seeds and outer rind of ripe fruit contain a toxalbumin called momordin; the ripe fruit also has an hypoglycemic agent.



Small amounts cause headache, flushing, salivation, dilated pupils, emesis, diarrhea, abdominal pain. Can kill.

Comments:

A slender vine with small yellow flowers. Fruits have a rough outer rind, variable shape but like a gourd, usually yellowish with reddish pulp.

Pokeweed

Other names:

Pokeberry, poke salet.

Mechanisms of toxicity:

Mature stems, roots, and berries are poison (saponins mostly in foliage and roots). Death possible when not prepared properly.



Comments:

Young shoot tips, less than 6 inches, are eaten in many cultures, including Canada; requires proper preparation (boiled with water changes; water contains toxic substances — kills snails that carry bilharzia). Dye from berries used to color ink, wine, sweets.

Burn Bean

No photograph available

Other names:

Colorines, mescal bean, red hots, necklace pod sophora, silverbush, pagoda tree.

Mechanisms of toxicity

Dark to bright red beans in woody pods are hallucinogenic; used by American Indians before peyote was discovered. Seeds and flowers are very poisonous, causing convulsions; has caused death. One seed can kill a child. Cytisine acts much like a nicotinic ganglionic stimulation agent.

Comments:

Fruit is source of a yellow dye. Dried flowers are sold as medicinal in Indonesia; used for bleeding problems.

May Apple

Other name:

American mandrake

Mechanisms of toxicity:

A dangerous plant used in many folk-remedies. The podophyllin resin is in all parts; the rootstock, leaves, and unripe fruit contain the



toxin podophylloresin (purgative), the glycoside podophyllotoxin

(a lignan), and the antimitotic peltatin. All parts are poisonous except the ripe fruit, which is edible. Ingestion results in vomiting and severe diarrhea; fatalities have resulted from repeated ingestion or topical application of an extract of the rootstock. Was used by Amerindians for suicide.

Comments:

Found in east Asia, the Himalayas, and North America. Historically used by many cultures as a medicinal.

Black Nightshade

Other names:

Deadly nightshade, common nightshade, horse nettle, bittersweet, Jerusalem cherry, nipple fruit, quena, wild tomato, apple of Sodom, white-edged nightshade.



Mechanisms of toxicity

The fruit of the Jerusalem cherry is a black berry; the fully ripe berries are eaten; unripe berries contain solanine alkaloids, which can cause gastroeritis, weakness, circulatory depression. Can kill

Comments:

Approximately 2,000 species of herbs, vines, shrubs covered with small star-shaped hairs. Perfect white, yellow, or blue flowers. Berries have dry or juicy pulp and several seeds.

Strychnine

Other names:

Nuxvomica tree, Snakewood tree

Mechanisms of toxicity:

The entire plant, including the seeds, contains the powerfully acting indole alkaloid strychnine, which can kill.

Comments:

Genus of 190 different species of trees, shrubs and vines with berry-like



fruits, found in most tropical regions. Some have the reputation of having edible fruit despite dangerous seeds. It is a source of curare obtained by stripping and macerating its bark. Curare, now used as a muscle relaxant, was formerly used as an arrow poison by South American Indians.

English Yew

Other names:

Groundhemlock, American yew, Japanese yew.

Mechanisms of toxicity:

Taxine A and B, classed as steroid alkaloids, are present in all plant parts except the aril. A single



chewed seed is deadly. An hour after ingestion, nausea, dizziness, and abdominal pain begin. This is followed by reddening of the lips, dilatation of the pupils, shallow breathing, tachycardia, and coma. Then the pulse slows, blood pressure drops, and death occurs through respiratory paralysis. No proven treatment exists. Emptying the stomach hours after ingestion may be helpful as leaves may not pass through the GI tract expeditiously. Various

clinical measures (circulatory stimulants, artificial respiration, cardiac pacemaker) have not prevented death in suicide cases.

Comments:

An evergreen shrub or small tree bearing a characteristic fleshy, red, sweet-tasting aril with a single green to black, partly exposed, hard-shelled seed within. In North America, the Japanese yew, the toxicity of which may exceed that of the English yew, has repeatedly caused fatal animal poisonings. Was once known as the "tree of death."

Trumpet Creeper

Mechanisms of toxicity:

Causes contact (allergic type) and irritant dermatitis.

Comments:

Woody climbing vine with fluted pink and orange flowers.

Freshwater Mangrove

No Photograph Available

Other names:

Putat, bitung, laut.

xMechanisms of toxicity:

Saponins and hydrocyanide have been isolated from fruit and seeds. Used as fish poisons in many Pacific islands. Fruit contains a triterpenoid saponin, and the seeds are emetic and have been shown to induce hypogleemia in rodents.

Comments:

Large tree found growing along shorelines; have large (20-38 centimeters-long, 10-15 centimeters-wide) non-toothed leaves, white to pink flowers (on individual stalks; square in cross section), and one-seeded fruits (9-13 centimeters-long; square in cross-section). Seeds are crushed and used as fish poison by Australian troops and aborigines.



APPENDIX J: INTERNATIONAL TELEPHONE CODES

Algeria	213	Malta	356
Australia	61	Mexico	52
Austria	43	Morocco	212
Bahrain	973	Netherlands	31
Belgium	32	Nigeria	234
Brazil	55	New Zealand	64
Canada	1	Norway	47
China	86	Oman	968
Cyprus	357	Philippines	63
Denmark	45	Portugal	351
Djibouti	253	Qatar	974
Egypt	20	Republic of Korea	82
Ethiopia	251	Saudi Arabia	966
Finland	358	Senegal	221
France	33	Seychelles	248
Gabon	241	Singapore	65
Germany	49	Somalia	252
Greece	30	South Africa	27
Hawaii	1	Spain	34
Hong Kong	852	Sweden	46
Indonesia	62	Switzerland	41
Iran	98	Syria	963
Iraq	964	Taiwan	886
Ireland	353	Tanzania	255
Israel	972	Thailand	66
Ivory Coast	225	Tunisia	216
Japan	81	Turkey	90
Jordan	962	UAE	971
Kenya	254	United Kingdom	44
Kuwait	965	United States	1
Libya	218	Yemen	967
Madagascar	261	Zambia	260
Malaysia	60	Zimbabwe	263
AT&T (public phones)	0072-911 or 0030-911	On Base	550-HOME or 550-2USA