ISAF Joint Command
District Assessments
100408
IJC District Assessments

- Focused on Key Terrain and Area of Interest Districts
- Based on “Bottom-Up” RC Analysis and Inputs
- Statistical Data to support Trends Development
- Collaborative Supporting Analysis
- Operational Assessment Process
- Assessment Packet
  - Base Assessment Slide
  - Written Assessment
  - Data Charts
  - Other Supporting Material
Key Terrain and Area of Interest Districts

Key Terrain Districts (80)
Area of Interest Districts (41)
Other ISAF Presence
Unfinished Road
IJC Overall District Assessments

- Population actively supporting Insurgency: 32%
- Neutral: 35%
- Sympathy for GIRoA: 26%
- Support INS: 7%
- Not Assessed: 0%

Not Assessed*
District Governance Assessments

District Governance Definitions

- Full authority
- Emerging
- Unproductive
- Dysfunctional
- Non-existent
- Not Assessed

Percentage of Key Terrain Districts

- Unproductive: 35%
- Dysfunctional: 23%
- Emerging: 24%
- Not Assessed: 14%
- Full Auth: 4%
- Non-existent: 0%
District Development Assessments

District Development Definitions

- **Sustainable Growth**
- **Dependent Growth**
- **Minimal Growth**
- **Stalled Growth**
- **Population at Risk**
- **Not Assessed**

### Percentage of Key Terrain Districts

- **Sustainable Growth**: 38%
- **Dependent Growth**: 21%
- **Minimal Growth**: 15%
- **Stalled Growth**: 35%
- **Population at Risk**: 7%
- **No Data Available**: 6%
District Security Assessments

District Security Definitions

- Secure Environment
- Occasional Threats
- Frequent Threats
- Dangerous Environment
- Unsecure Environment
- Not Assessed

Percentage of Key Terrain Districts

- Frequent Threats: 24%
- Dangerous Environment: 29%
- Occasional Threats: 30%
- Secure Environment: 5%
- Not Assessed: 5%
- Unsecure Environment: 7%

As of: 081955DAPR10
# Key Terrain Districts and Areas of Interest

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>D</th>
<th>Province</th>
<th>District</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Kabul</td>
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<td>Bar Kunar (Asmar)</td>
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<td>Kushk-e Kohnah</td>
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**Key:**

- **P** = Province
- **RC** = Regional Command
- **D** = District
District Assessment Model

District Assessment
(Overall assessment based on Governance, Development, Security)

Population actively supporting Govt and Security Forces
Population sympathizing w/ Gov’t
Neutral/On the Fence
Population sympathizing w/ Insurgents
Population actively supporting Insurgency

Population actively supporting Govt and Security Forces
Population sympathizing w/ Govt and Security Forces
Population neutral/on the fence
Population sympathizing with Insurgents
Population actively supporting Insurgency

* An area outside the key terrain, activity tracked but not formally assessed: Afghan efforts with international assistance are likely to be successful in these areas; or areas where insufficient data available for complete assessment.
Doctrinal District Assessment Concept

Overall Assessment of the District

- Interagency Reports
- Commander’s Assessment Brief
- Commander Comments

Overall Rating

Staff Discussion w/Unit Input

Routine Data Reports (CIDNE)

CCIR /Assessment Reports

Objective Data (Quantitative)

Subjective Data (Commander & Unit knowledge of Environment)
## Doctrinal District Assessment Definitions

### District Assessment
(Overall assessment based on Governance, Development, Security)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Full authority</th>
<th>Emerging</th>
<th>Unproductive</th>
<th>Dysfunctional</th>
<th>Non-existent</th>
<th>Not Assessed</th>
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<td>Population actively supporting Govt and Security Forces</td>
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<tr>
<td>Population sympathizing w/ Govt and Security Forces</td>
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<tr>
<td>Population neutral/on the fence</td>
<td>Yellow</td>
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<tr>
<td>Population sympathizing with Insurgents</td>
<td>Not Assessed</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Population actively supporting Insurgency</td>
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### District Governance Definitions

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<th>Stalled Growth</th>
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<td>Dangerous Environment</td>
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### District Security Definitions

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<th>Frequent Threats</th>
<th>Dangerous Environment</th>
<th>Unsecure Environment</th>
<th>Not Assessed</th>
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<td>Yellow</td>
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NATO/ISAF UNCLASSIFIED REL GIROA

As of: 081955DAPR10
### District Overall Definitions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Active Support for Gov't</th>
<th>Sympathy for Gov't</th>
<th>Neutral/On the Fence</th>
<th>Sympathy for Insurgency</th>
<th>Active Support for Insurgency</th>
<th>Not Assessed</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>• Environmental conditions in district with respect to Governance, Development and Security are such that a super-majority (&gt;70%) of the population accepts legitimacy of GIRoA or of traditional local governance structures not actively in opposition to GIRoA.</td>
<td>• Environmental conditions in district with respect to Governance, Development and Security are such that the majority of population (&gt;50%) accepts legitimacy of GIRoA or of traditional local governance structures not actively in opposition to GIRoA.</td>
<td>• Environmental Conditions in district with respect to Governance, Development and Security are such that the population is divided with respect to legitimacy of GIRoA. &lt; 50% accept legitimacy of GIRoA, or majority is neutral or uncommitted.</td>
<td>• Environmental Conditions in district with respect to Governance, Development and Security are such that the majority of the population (&gt;50%) rejects legitimacy of GIRoA, or aligns with anti-government elements.</td>
<td>• Environmental Conditions in district with respect to Governance, Development and Security are such that a super-majority of the population (&gt;60%) rejects legitimacy of GIRoA, or aligns with anti-government elements.</td>
<td>• An area outside the key terrain, activity tracked but not formally assessed: Afghan efforts with international assistance are likely to be successful in these areas</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Environmental conditions in district with respect to Governance, Development and Security are such that open, active support for GIRoA is routine.</td>
<td>• Environmental conditions in district with respect to Governance, Development and Security are such that most support for GIRoA is passive but INS enjoy little support or tolerance.</td>
<td>• Environmental conditions in district with respect to Governance, Development and Security are such that the majority of individuals are dissatisfied with conditions in terms of their Personal, Community, Food, Health, Economic, Political security.</td>
<td>• Environmental conditions in district with respect to Governance, Development and Security are such that the majority of individuals are dissatisfied with conditions in terms of their Personal, Community, Food, Health, Economic, Political security.</td>
<td>• Environmental conditions in district with respect to Governance, Development and Security are such that open, active support for anti-government elements is routine.</td>
<td>• Areas where insufficient data available for complete assessment.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## District Governance Definitions

### Full Authority
- An established and officially recognized government (govt.) system exists with key positions filled.
- Govt. provides essential services and protects the population without need for significant international community (IC) aid or security.
- Most of the population is aware of the role of govt., perceiving it as legitimate and participating in the political process.
- Population accepts govt. authority; disagreements with the govt.or its decisions are freely voiced in a non-violent manner without retribution.
- An official legal system exists and is functioning, the tribal justice system is often used for resolving social and family matters.
- Government corruption has minimal impact on individuals’ lives.

### Emerging
- An established and officially recognized government system exists with an acceptable number of vacancies in key positions.
- Govt. provides essential services and protects the population but elements of incompetence or corruption limit effectiveness; some IC aid needed.
- Population is generally supportive of the government and participates in key political processes.
- The population accepts govt. authority; disagreements with the govt. or its decisions are voiced, rarely escalate into violent confrontations.
- An official legal system may exist, but the tribal system is the primary judicial means at the local level.
- Government corruption has some effect on individuals but is not sufficient to compromise legitimacy.

### Unproductive
- An established and officially recognized government system exists with many key position vacancies or a high turnover rate.
- Govt. hindered from providing essential services and protecting the population due to incompetence, corruption or insurgent influence; dependent upon external GIRoA or IC aid to perform many functions.
- Population generally neutral towards govt., protecting self-interests.
- Population may not accept the govt. authority; disagreements with the govt. or its decisions are voiced, frequent threat of demonstrations that may escalate into violent confrontations.
- An ineffective official legal system may exist, forcing reliance upon the tribal system for governance and justice.
- Government corruption has some effect on individuals but is not sufficient to compromise legitimacy.

### Dysfunctional
- An officially recognized govt. system exists with most key positions as well as support positions vacant or a high turnover rate.
- Govt. cannot provide essential services and protect the population due to incompetence, corruption or insurgent influence; dependent upon significant external GIRoA or IC help to provide essential services to the public; local govt. in danger of collapse absent external aid.
- Population perceives govt. as largely illegitimate due to internal conflict, invasive corruption, insurgent influence, or incompetence; hostile resistance to govt more common.
- Tribal system dominant; official legal system absent or regarded as less useful than alternative systems such as shadow-courts.
- Government corruption is pervasive, compromising legitimacy of government for most individuals.

### Non-existent
- Little or no GIRoA presence; official govt. may exist but with few occupied positions.
- External GIRoA or IC forced to provide for most essential services.
- Population perceives GIRoA attempts to build local govt as illegitimate and often refuses to participate in the political process; may be unaware of value of official govt.
- GIRoA authority and IC attempts at aiding GIRoA local authority are viewed as invasive and may be met with hostility.
- The population is dependent on a shadow government or tribal system for all governance and justice issues.

### Not Assessed
- An area outside the key terrain, activity tracked but not formally assessed: Afghan efforts with international assistance are likely to be successful in these areas
- Areas where insufficient data available for complete assessment.
## District Development Definitions

| Sustainable Growth | • Viable economic growth based on Afghan business activity exists.  
|                    | • Basic needs are of acceptable quality, readily available to most of the population and sustainable.  
|                    | • Many people are employed with sustainable employment.  
|                    | • The number of stores selling amenities is increasing.  
|                    | • IC activity and investment is primarily for advances in the economy rather than basic needs. |
| Dependent Growth   | • Economic growth exists, but continued growth is dependent on IC investment.  
|                    | • Basic needs are available to most of the population but the quality of service often does not meet acceptable standards.  
|                    | • Although many people are employed, most jobs are of short duration.  
|                    | • Amenity stores openings and closures susceptible to minor market shifts.  
|                    | • IC activity and investment needed to increase growth. |
| Minimal Growth     | • Minimal economic growth exists.  
|                    | • Either quality or accessibility to many basic services is seriously lacking.  
|                    | • Employment is cyclic or seasonal based on availability of job programs.  
|                    | • Stores exist solely to provide necessities to the population.  
|                    | • IC activity and investment needed to increase growth. |
| Stalled Growth     | • Economic growth is stalled.  
|                    | • Both quality and accessibility to many basic services are seriously lacking.  
|                    | • Many people are unemployed, and most are still actively looking for work and hopeful.  
|                    | • Few stores exist in the area; population must travel significant distances to purchase necessities.  
|                    | • IC jobs and investment are minimal; more are needed in the area to spur the economy. |
| Population At Risk | • Few prospects for economic growth exist.  
|                    | • Lack of basic needs seriously risks the life and health of the population.  
|                    | • Many people are unemployed and disgruntled about the lack of employment opportunities.  
|                    | • Few stores exist in the area and population is dependent on humanitarian assistance for necessities.  
|                    | • IC jobs and investment are non-existent in the area. |
| Not Assessed       | • An area outside the key terrain, activity tracked but not formally assessed: Afghan efforts with international assistance are likely to be successful in these areas  
|                    | • Areas where insufficient data available for complete assessment. |
# District Security Definitions

| Secure Environment | • Attack levels are low to non-existent – any attacks that do occur are attributed to criminal activity and do not intimidate a large segment of the population.  
| • Enemy presence is not evident in intelligence reporting or local populace readily reports on enemy presence/activities.  
| • Government security forces provide security; population feels safe to conduct daily activities and serve in GIRoA or ISAF provided jobs. |

| Occasional Threats | • Some attacks occur causing intimidation limited to a small segment of the population or are so infrequent that most threats are considered to be criminal.  
| • Moderate amount of reporting from populace on enemy; intelligence indicates enemy is unable to establish support areas.  
| • Government security forces actively patrol urban areas and respond to incidents in other areas.  
| • Population conducts daily activities and may serve in GIRoA or Coalition provided jobs. |

| Frequent Threats | • Frequent attacks intimidating a significant segment of the population; organized criminal activity may be prevalent.  
| • Populace reluctant to report on enemy presence and activities; intelligence indicates the enemy has covert support areas.  
| • Government security forces are limited by resources, apathy, or capability.  
| • Although the population may serve in GIRoA or Coalition offered jobs, they limit their movement to essential activities. |

| Dangerous Environment | • Security forces in the area conduct movement only with heightened security measures and / or a dedicated security element.  
| • Reporting from populace severely hindered; intelligence indicates the enemy has a robust support network in the area.  
| • The majority of the population does not feel safe to serve in GIRoA or Coalition offered jobs.  
| • The population seldom associate with the Coalition forces out of fear of retribution or from ideological alignment with the Taliban. |

| Unsecure Environment | • Security forces movement in the area is heavily restricted, requiring special approval for mission essential movement.  
| • Reporting from populace may be subject to enemy influence; the enemy has complete freedom of movement in the area.  
| • ANSF and Coalition forces are only authorized to conduct mission essential movements which require special approval.  
| • Population is unable or unwilling to serve in GIRoA or Coalition jobs. |

| Not Assessed | • An area outside the key terrain, activity tracked but not formally assessed: Afghan efforts with international assistance are likely to be successful in these areas  
| • Areas where insufficient data available for complete assessment. |
District Definition Criteria

- Primary impact of conditions apply to ~75% of population in the district
- Narrative used to describe any inter-district variations
- Assessment based on routine and valid organizational or unit reporting; or common data
- Combined Information Data Network Exchange (CIDNE) or Joint Operations Intelligence Information System (JOISS) as data base for event and entity data
- CIMIC and Harmonie Web - Unclassified Information Portals
Key Terrain Districts
BAGHLAN-E JADID (BAGHLAN Province) District Assessment

Governance: “DYSFUNCTIONAL”
- Government cannot provide essential services and protect the population due to incompetence
- Low GIRoA presence with widespread corruption
- Alleged cooperation between District and Taliban

Development: “POPULATION AT RISK”
- Few prospects for economic growth exist
- Due to security situation few Civil-Military Co-Operation projects carried out; minimal investment in the area to spur economy
- High unemployment prevalent across the district
- Well developed roads and adequate health services

Security: “DANGEROUS ENVIRONMENT”
- Security forces in the area conduct movement only with heightened security measures
- Insurgent safe haven in area west of Kunduz River

BAGHLAN-E JADID District is assessed as “POPULATION SYMPATHIZING w/ INSURGENTS”. Environmental Conditions in district with respect to Governance, Development and Security are such that the majority of the population (>50%) rejects legitimacy of GIRoA, or aligns with anti-government elements.
PUL-E KHUMRI (BAGHLAN Province) District Assessment

Governance: “EMERGING”
- GIRoA provides essential services and protects the population with effectiveness
- No district level governance; directly subordinated to Provincial Government

Development: “DEPENDENT GROWTH”
- Basic needs are available to most of the population but the quality of service often does not meet acceptable standards
- Active non-governmental organizations; due to security situation and location of District Center
- Agriculture remains basis for economy, improved irrigation would allow for more growth away from river

Security: “OCCASIONAL THREATS”
- Government security forces actively patrol urban areas and respond to incidents in other areas
- Insurgent target ANSF along Highway 3

PUL-E KHUMRI District is assessed as “POPULATION SYMPATHIZING WITH GOV’T AND SECURITY FORCES” due to environmental conditions in district with respect to Governance, Development and Security are such that most support for GIRoA is passive but insurgents enjoy little support or tolerance.
MAZAR-E SHARIF District Assessment

Governance: “EMERGING”
- Population is generally supportive of the government
- Possible leadership change

Development: “SUSTAINABLE GROWTH”
- Viable economic growth based on Afghan business activity exists
- Trading/logistic hub, attracting lots of investors
- Basic infrastructure and well developed road system established supporting development efforts

Security: “OCCASIONAL THREATS”
- Security forces actively patrol urban areas and respond to incidents in other areas
- Minimal insurgent presence within the District
- Effective ANSF
- Local population does not support insurgency

MAZAR-E SHARIF District is assessed as “POPULATION SYMPATHIZING WITH GOV’T AND SECURITY FORCES” due to environmental conditions in district with respect to Governance, Development and Security are such that most support for GIROA is passive but INS enjoy little support or tolerance.
ALIABAD (KUNDUZ Province) District Assessment

Governance: “DYSFUNCTIONAL”
• Government cannot provide essential services and protect the population
• Tribal system dominant
• GIRoA influence minimal in the western part of district

Development: “STALL ED GROWTH”
• Both quality and accessibility to many basic services are seriously lacking, such as access to potable water
• Most of populace employed in subsistence farming; few stores exist to provide other necessities
• Well developed road network; sufficient health and education services available

Security: “DANGEROUS ENVIRONMENT”
• Security forces in the area conduct movement only with heightened security measures
• Insurgents from CHAHAR DARREH influence western portion of district
• Militia presence contains insurgent influence, may be long term threat to GIRoA control

ALIABAD District is assessed as “POPULATION SYMPATHIZING w/ INSURGENTS” due to a corrupt government with a poor reputation and stalled growth. Environmental Conditions in district with respect to Governance, Development and Security are such that the majority of the population (>50%) rejects legitimacy of GIRoA, or aligns with anti-government elements.
ARCHI (KUNDUZ Province) District Assessment

**Governance: “DYSFUNCTIONAL”**
- GIRQO influence negligible due to security situation
- Population within District Center Pro-GIRQO

**Development: “STALLED GROWTH”**
- Both quality and accessibility to many basic services are seriously lacking
- Due to security few Civil-Military Co-Operation projects carried out; non-governmental organizations only utilize local staff
- Annual flooding has created significant development delays

**Security: “DANGEROUS ENVIRONMENT”**
- Security forces in the area conduct movement only with heightened security measures
- Insurgent safe haven and narcotics trafficking area
- Small militia presence combating insurgents

ARCHI District is assessed as “POPULATION SYMPATHIZING w/ INSURGENTS” primarily due to the absence of ISAF / GIRQO, allowing INS FoM in the district. Environmental Conditions in district with respect to Governance, Development and Security are such that the majority of the population (>50%) rejects legitimacy of GIRQO, or aligns with anti-government elements.
CHAHAR DARAH (KUNDUZ Province)
District Assessment

Governance: “DYSFUNCTIONAL”
• Government cannot provide essential services and protect the population; dependent upon significant external GIRoA or International Community help to provide essential services to the public

Development: “STALLED GROWTH”
• Many people are unemployed, and most are still actively looking for work and hopeful
• International Community jobs and investment are minimal; more are needed in the area to spur the economy
• Due to security situation few Civil-Military Co-Operation projects carried out
• Majority of district involved in agriculture

Security: “DANGEROUS ENVIRONMENT”
• Security forces in the area conduct movement only with heightened security measures
• ANSF presence lacking
• Well developed early warning network

CHAHAR DARAH District is assessed as “POPULATION SYMPATHIZING w/ INSURGENTS”. Environmental Conditions in district with respect to Governance, Development and Security are such that the majority of the population (>50%) rejects legitimacy of GIRoA, or aligns with anti-government elements.
Governance: “UNPRODUCTIVE”
• Government hindered from providing essential services and protecting the population
• Small GIroA presence outside District Center

Development: “MINIMAL GROWTH”
• Quality and accessibility to many basic services is seriously lacking
• Due to security situation few Civil-Military Co-Operation projects carried out
• Well developed road network combined with SHIR KHAN Border Crossing may allow for future growth

Security: “FREQUENT THREATS”
• Frequent attacks intimidating the population

IMAM SAHIB District is assessed as “POPULATION NEUTRAL / ON THE FENCE” due to the absence of GIroA influence and insurgent freedom of movement. Environmental conditions in district with respect to Governance, Development and Security are such that little active support for either GIroA or insurgent is evident.
KHANABAD (KUNDUZ Province) District Assessment

Governance: “UNPRODUCTIVE”
- Population generally neutral towards government
- Limited GIRoA presence
- Local Power Broker Mir ALAM wields significant influence

Development: “MINIMAL GROWTH”
- International Community activity and investment is necessary to sustain minimal growth
- School and health services currently adequate for populaces’ needs
- Well developed road network can provide good trade with further development

Security: “OCCASIONAL THREATS”
- Government security forces are limited by resources
- ANSF presence lacking; militias have largely expelled insurgent groups, and are currently providing security

KHANABAD District is assessed as “POPULATION NEUTRAL / ON THE FENCE”. Environmental conditions in district with respect to Governance, Development and Security are such that little active support for either GIRoA or insurgent is evident.
KUNDUZ (KUNDUZ Province) District Assessment

Governance: “UNPRODUCTIVE”
- Corruption substantially impacts government’s legitimacy
- Population within District Center Pro-GIRoA

Development: “DEPENDENT GROWTH”
- Basic needs are available to most of the population but the quality of service often does not meet acceptable standards
- Many non-governmental organization projects ongoing, primarily around district center; less activity in rural areas

Security: “FREQUENT THREATS”
- Populace reluctant to report on enemy presence and activities
- District Center secure due to significant ANSF / ISAF presence
- Rising militia presence is a concern

KUNDUZ District is assessed as “POPULATION NEUTRAL/ ON THE FENCE” primarily due to the stable security situation and significant ongoing development projects. Environmental conditions in district with respect to Governance, Development and Security are such that little active support for either GIRoA or insurgents is evident.
GHORMACH (FARYAB Province) District Assessment

Governance: “NON- EXISTENT”
- Little GIROA presence; official government exists
- Population is dependent on tribal system for governance and justice issues

Development: “POPULATION AT RISK”
- Many people are unemployed and disgruntled about the lack of employment opportunities
- Lack of basic needs seriously risks the life and health of the population
- Few prospects for economic growth exist

Security: “DANGEROUS ENVIRONMENT”
- Security forces in the area conduct movement only with heightened security measures
- Reporting hindered;

GHORMACH District is assessed as “POPULATION ACTIVELY SUPPORTING INSURGENCY” as the environmental conditions in the district with respect to Governance, Development and Security are such that a large majority of individuals are dissatisfied with conditions in terms of their Personal, Community, Food, Health, Economic and Political Security.
QAISAR (FARYAB Province)
District Assessment

Governance: “UNPRODUCTIVE”
• Government hindered from providing essential services and protecting the population
• Reliance upon the tribal system for governance and justice
• Population generally neutral towards government

Development: “MINIMAL GROWTH”
• Minimal economic growth exists
• Accessibility to many basic services is seriously lacking
• Employment is cyclical on availability of job programs

Security: “FREQUENT THREATS”
• The population may serve in GIRoA or Coalition offered jobs, they limit their movement to essential activities
• Insurgents enjoy freedom of movement in large parts of district
• Security forces in the area conduct movement only with heightened security measures

QAISAR District is assessed as “POPULATION NEUTRAL/ ON THE FENCE”. Environmental Conditions in district with respect to Governance, Development and Security are such that the population is divided with respect to legitimacy of GIRoA. Less than 50% of the population accept legitimacy of GIRoA, or majority is neutral or uncommitted.
CHAHAR BOLAK (BALKH Province)
District Assessment

Governance: “DYSFUNCTIONAL”
• Government cannot provide essential services and protect the population

Development: “STALLED GROWTH”
• Both quality and accessibility to many basic services lacking
• Many people unemployed, and most are still actively looking for work and hopeful
• Lack of water a problem in many villages

Security: “FREQUENT THREATS”
• Pashtun pockets are insurgent strongholds / safe havens
• Security forces limited by resources

CHAHAR BOLAK District is assessed as “POPULATION NEUTRAL/ON THE FENCE” as the environmental conditions in district with respect to Governance, Development and Security are such that less than half of individuals are satisfied with conditions in terms of their Personal, Community, Food, Health, Economic and Political security.
CHIMTAL (BALKH Province) District Assessment

Governance: “NON-EXISTENT”
- Little GIROA presence; official government exists Population dependent on tribal system for all governance and justice issues

Development: “POPULATION AT RISK”
- Few prospects for economic growth exist
- Lack of basic needs seriously risks the life and health of the population
- Few stores exist in the area and population is dependent on humanitarian assistance for necessities
- International Community jobs and investment are non-existent in the area

Security: “FREQUENT THREATS”
- Security forces limited

CHIMTAL District is assessed as “POPULATION NEUTRAL/ ON THE FENCE” as environmental conditions in the district with respect to Governance, Development and Security are such that less than half of individuals are satisfied with conditions in terms of their Personal, Community, Food, Health, Economic and Political security.
DOWLATABAD (BALKH Province) District Assessment

Governance: “EMERGING”
- An established and recognized government exists

Development: “DEPENDENT GROWTH”
- Economic growth exists but dependent on International Community investment
- Basic services lacking; employment cyclical/seasonal based on job programs

Security: “OCCASIONAL THREATS”
- Infrequent attacks, most threats considered to be criminal
- Government security forces actively patrol urban areas and respond to incidents in other areas
- Population conducts daily activities and may serve in GIRoA or Coalition provided jobs

DOWLATABAD District is assessed as “POPULATION SYMPATHIZING WITH GOVERNMENT AND SECURITY FORCES” as environmental conditions in district with respect to Governance, Development and Security are such that most support for GIRoA is passive but insurgents enjoy little support or tolerance.
SHOLGARAH (BALKH Province) District Assessment

**Governance: “UNPRODUCTIVE”**
- GIRoA hindered from providing essential services and protecting the population

**Development: “POPULATION AT RISK”**
- Few prospects for economic growth exist
- Many people are unemployed and disgruntled about the lack of employment opportunities
- International Community jobs and investment are minimal; more are needed in the area to spur the economy

**Security: “OCCASIONAL THREATS”**
- Some attacks occur causing intimidation limited to a small segment of the population
- Government Security Forces are limited

SHOLGARAH District is assessed as “POPULATION NEUTRAL/ON THE FENCE” as environmental conditions in district with respect to Governance, Development and Security are such that little active support for either GIRoA or insurgent is evident.
Governance: “UNPRODUCTIVE”
- Government hindered from providing essential services and protecting the population
- GIRoA willing to cooperate with the Provincial Reconstruction Team
- UZBEK Chief of Police biased against the PASHTUN population
- Afghan National Police are regarded limited against insurgents

Development: “MINIMAL GROWTH”
- Either quality or accessibility to many basic services is seriously lacking
- One of poorest, rural districts in RC-North
- High unemployment, opportunity for insurgent recruitment

Security: “FREQUENT THREATS”
- Frequent attacks intimidating a significant segment of the population
- Insurgent activity increasing
- Insurgent taxation of the population

ALMAR District is assessed as “POPULATION NEUTRAL/ON THE FENCE”. Environmental conditions in district with respect to Governance, Development and Security are such that little active support for either GIRoA or insurgents is evident. The open bias of the Chief of Police and high unemployment are significant propaganda assets for the insurgents.
FAIZABAD (JOWZJAN Province) District Assessment

Governance: “UNPRODUCTIVE”
- Government hindered from providing essential services and protecting the population
- Reliance upon the tribal system for governance and justice
- Few reports on constitutional government in the district

Development: “MINIMAL GROWTH”
- Employment is cyclically based on the availability of job programs
- Agricultural province with rich natural resources: oil and gas
- Agriculture primary revenue source for 48% of households
- 31% literacy rate and poor health system

Security: “OCCASIONAL THREATS”
- Some attacks occur causing intimidation limited to a small segment of the population; most threats are considered to be criminal
- INS targeting Ring Road using Small Arms Fire and Improvised Explosive Devices

FAIZABAD District is assessed as “POPULATION NEUTRAL/ ON THE FENCE”. Environmental Conditions in district with respect to Governance, Development and Security are such that the population is divided with respect to legitimacy of GIRoA. < 50% accept legitimacy of GIRoA, or majority is neutral or uncommitted.
MARDIAN (JOWZJAN Province) District Assessment

Governance: “EMERGING”
- Government hindered from providing essential services and protecting the population
- Local governance restricted to District Center

Development: “POPULATION AT RISK”
- The quality or accessibility to many basic services is seriously lacking
- High unemployment; opportunity for insurgent recruitment
- Few Civil-Military Co-Operation or non-governmental organization projects ongoing
- Well developed road network, exploited by smugglers due to lack of border control

Security: “OCCASIONAL THREATS”
- Two significant events in 2009
- People are susceptible to insurgent and criminal recruitment efforts

MARDIAN District is assessed as “POPULATION NEUTRAL/ ON THE FENCE”. Environmental conditions in district with respect to Governance, Development and Security are such that less than half of individuals are satisfied with conditions in terms of their Personal, Community, Food, Health, Economic and Political security.
RC South
GARM SER (HELMAND Province)
DISTRICT ASSESSMENT

**Governance:** “UNPRODUCTIVE”
- An established and officially recognized government system exists
- Reliance upon the tribal system for justice

**Development:** “DEPENDENT GROWTH”
- Economic growth exists, but continued growth is dependent on International Community investment
- Basic needs are available to most of the population
- Amenity stores open; closures susceptible to minor market shifts

**Security:** “FREQUENT THREATS”
- Frequent attacks intimidate the population
- Government security forces are limited by capability
- Populace reluctant to report on enemy presence and activities

GARM SER District is assessed as between “POPULATION NEUTRAL/ON THE FENCE”. Environmental conditions in district with respect to Governance, Development and Security are such that the population is divided with respect to legitimacy of GIROA.
KAJAKI (HELMAND Province) DISTRICT ASSESSMENT

Governance: “NON-EXISTENT”
- Limited populace support to GIRoA
- The population is dependent on tribal system for justice issues

Development: “STALLED GROWTH”
- Economic growth is stalled
- Many people are unemployed
- International Community is needed to spur the economy

Security: “DANGEROUS ENVIRONMENT”
- Security forces in the area conduct movement only with heightened security measures
- Intelligence indicates the enemy has a robust support network in the area
- The majority of the population does not feel safe to serve in GIRoA

KAJAKI District is assessed as “POPULATION ACTIVELY SUPPORTING INSURGENCY”. Environmental conditions in respect to Governance, Development and Security leads a large majority of individuals are dissatisfied with conditions in terms of Community, Food, Health, Economic, Political and Security conditions.
LASHKAR GAH District is assessed as “POPULATION NEUTRAL/ON THE FENCE”. Environmental conditions in district with respect to Governance, Development and Security are such that the population is divided with respect to legitimacy of GIRoA. Less than 50% accept legitimacy of GIRoA, or majority is neutral or uncommitted.
MUSA QAL’AH (HELMAND Province)  
DISTRICT ASSESSMENT

Governance: “DYSFUNCTIONAL”
- Population perceives government as largely illegitimate due to internal conflict and invasive corruption
- Tribal system dominant; limited population support for GIRoA

Development: “STALLED GROWTH”
- Economic growth is stalled
- Both quality and accessibility to many basic services is lacking
- International Community necessary to sustain growth

Security: “DANGEROUS ENVIRONMENT”
- Security forces in the area conduct movement only with heightened security measures

MUSA QAL’AH District is assessed as “POPULATION SYMPATHIZING w/ INSURGENTS”. Environmental conditions in district with respect to Governance, Development and Security are such that most support for insurgency remains passive.
NAD’ ALI (HELMAND Province) DISTRICT ASSESSMENT

Governance: “UNPRODUCTIVE”
- Government hindered from providing essential services and protecting the population
- Reliance upon the tribal system for governance and justice

Development: “MINIMAL GROWTH”
- Minimal economic growth exists
- International Community activity and investment is necessary to sustain minimal growth
- Accessibility to many basic services is seriously lacking

Security: “FREQUENT THREATS”
- Frequent attacks intimidating a significant segment of the population
- Populace reluctant to report on enemy presence and activities

NAD’ ALI District is assessed as “POPULATION NEUTRAL/ON THE FENCE”. Environmental Conditions in district with respect to Governance, Development and Security are such that the population is divided with respect to legitimacy of GIROA.
NAHR-E SARAJ (HELMAND Province)
DISTRICT ASSESSMENT

Governance: “UNPRODUCTIVE”
- An established and officially recognized government system exists
- Population generally neutral towards government
- Reliance upon the tribal system for justice

Development: “DEPENDENT GROWTH”
- Economic growth exists, but continued growth is dependent on International Community investment
- Basic needs are available to most of the population

Security: “DANGEROUS ENVIRONMENT”
- Security forces in the area conduct movement only with heightened security measures

NAHR-E SARAJ District is assessed as “POPULATION NEUTRAL/ON THE FENCE”. Environmental conditions in district with respect to Governance, Development and Security are such that less than half of individuals are satisfied with conditions in terms of their, Community, Food, Health, Economic, Political and security situation.
NAWAH-YE BARAKZAI District is assessed as “POPULATION NEUTRAL/ON THE FENCE”. Environmental conditions in district with respect to Governance, Development and Security are such that less than half of individuals are satisfied with conditions in terms of their Personal, Community, Food, Health, Economic, Political or security conditions.

Governance: **“UNPRODUCTIVE”**
- Government hindered from providing essential services and protecting the population due to insurgent influence
- Reliance upon the tribal justice system

Development: **“DEPENDENT GROWTH”**
- Economic growth exists, but continued growth is dependent on International Community investment
- Basic needs are available to most of the population

Security: **“FREQUENT THREATS”**
- Frequent attacks intimidating a significant segment of the population
- Population serves in GIRoA or Coalition jobs
NOW ZAD (HELMAND Province)
DISTRICT ASSESSMENT

Governance: “UNPRODUCTIVE”
- An officially recognized government system exists with most key positions as well as support positions vacant
- Limited populace support to GIROA

Development: “STALLED GROWTH”
- Economic growth is stalled
- Both quality and accessibility to many basic services is lacking
- International Community jobs and investment are minimal

Security: “DANGEROUS ENVIRONMENT”
- Reporting from populace severely hindered

NOW ZAD District is assessed as “NEUTRAL ON/THE FENCE”. Environmental conditions in district with respect to Governance, Development and Security are such that little active support for either GIROA or insurgents is evident.
REG-E KHAN NESHIN (HELMAND Province)
DISTRICT ASSESSMENT

Governance: “UNPRODUCTIVE”
• Population generally neutral towards government, protecting self-interests
• Reliance upon the tribal system for justice

Development: “STALLED GROWTH”
• Economic growth is stalled
• Both quality and accessibility to many basic services is lacking
• International Community jobs and investment are minimal; more are needed in the area to spur the economy

Security: “FREQUENT THREATS”
• Frequent attacks intimidating a significant segment of the population

REG-E KHAN NESHIN District is assessed as “POPULATION NEUTRAL/ON THE FENCE”. Environmental conditions in district with respect to Governance, Development and Security are such that little active support for either GIROA or insurgents is evident.
SANGIN (HELMAND Province)
DISTRICT ASSESSMENT

**Governance: “DYSFUNCTIONAL”**
- An established and officially recognized government system exists
- Reliance upon the tribal system for justice

**Development: “STALLED GROWTH”**
- Economic growth is stalled
- Both quality and accessibility to many basic services is lacking
- International Community jobs and investment are minimal

**Security: “DANGEROUS ENVIRONMENT”**
- Security forces in the area conduct movement only with heightened security measures
- Reporting from populace severely hindered

SANGIN District is assessed as “POPULATION NEUTRAL/ON THE FENCE”. Environmental Conditions in district with respect to Governance, Development and Security are such that the population is divided with respect to legitimacy of GIRoA.
ARGHANDAB District is assessed as “POPULATION NEUTRAL/ON THE FENCE”. Environmental Conditions in district with respect to Governance, Development and Security are such that the population is divided with respect to legitimacy of GIROA.

**Governance:** “UNPRODUCTIVE”
- Population generally neutral towards government
- Reliance upon the tribal system for justice

**Development:** “DEPENDENT GROWTH”
- Economic growth exists, but continued growth is dependent on International Community investment
- Basic needs are available to most of the population

**Security:** “FREQUENT THREATS”
- Frequent attacks intimidating
- Government security forces are limited by resources
DAMAN (KANDAHAR Province) 
DISTRICT ASSESSMENT

Governance: “UNPRODUCTIVE”
• Population generally neutral towards government
• Reliance upon the tribal justice system

Development: “DEPENDENT GROWTH”
• Economic growth is dependent on International Community investment
• Although many people are employed, most jobs are of short duration
• International Community activity needed to increase growth

Security: “OCCASIONAL THREATS”
• Some attacks occur limited to a small segment of the population

DAMAN District is assessed as “POPULATION NEUTRAL/ON THE FENCE”. Environmental conditions in district with respect to Governance, Development and Security are such that the population is divided with respect to legitimacy of GIRoA.
GHORAK (KANDAHAR Province)
DISTRICT ASSESSMENT

Governance: “DYSFUNCTIONAL”
• An officially recognized government system exists
• International Community helps to provide essential
  services to the public

Development: “STALLED GROWTH”
• Economic growth is stalled
• Both quality and accessibility to many basic services
  lacking
• International Community jobs and investment are
  minimal

Security: “FREQUENT THREATS”
• Frequent attacks intimidating population
• Government security forces are limited

GHORAK District is assessed as “POPULATION
SYMPATHIZING w/ INSURGENTS”. Environmental
conditions in district with respect to Governance,
Development and Security are such that most support
for insurgency remains passive.
Governance: “UNPRODUCTIVE”
• Government hindered from providing essential services
• Government substantially impacts the population

Development: “DEPENDENT GROWTH”
• Economic growth exists
• International Community activity and investment needed to increase growth

Security: “OCCASIONAL THREATS”
• Some attacks occur causing intimidation limited to a small segment of the population
• Population conducts daily activities and may serve in GiroA or Coalition provided jobs

KANDAHAR (DAND) District is assessed as “POPULATION SYMPATHIZING w/ GOVERNMENT AND SECURITY FORCES”. Environmental conditions in district with respect to Governance, Development and Security are such that most support for GiroA is passive but INS enjoy little support or tolerance.
KHAKREZ (KANDAHAR Province)
DISTRICT ASSESSMENT

Governance: “NON-EXISTENT”
- The population is dependent on a tribal system for all justice issues
- Little GIROA presence

Development: “STALLING GROWTH”
- International Community jobs and investment are minimal; more are needed in the area to spur the economy
- Economic growth is stalled
- Both quality and accessibility to many basic services is lacking

Security: “FREQUENT THREATS”
- Frequent attacks intimidating a significant segment of the population
- Government security forces are limited

KHAKREZ District is assessed as “POPULATION ACTIVELY SUPPORTING INSURGENTS”. Environmental conditions in district with respect to Governance, Development, and Security are such that open, active support for anti-government elements is routine.
MAIWAND District is assessed as “POPULATION SYMPATHIZING w/ INSURGENTS”. Environmental conditions in district with respect to Governance, Development and Security are such that most support for insurgency remains passive.
PANJWA’I (KANDAHAR Province)
DISTRICT ASSESSMENT

Governance: “UNPRODUCTIVE”
- Government hindered from providing essential services due to corruption
- Government substantially impacts individuals’ lives

Development: “STALLED GROWTH”
- Economic growth is stalled
- International Community jobs and investment are minimal; more are needed in the area to spur the economy

Security: “DANGEROUS ENVIRONMENT”
- Security forces in the area conduct movement only with heightened security measures

PANJWA’I District is assessed as “POPULATION SYMPATHIZING w/ INSURGENTS”. Environmental conditions in district with respect to Governance, Development and Security are such that most support for insurgency remains passive.
SHAH WALI KOT (KANDAHAR Province) DISTRICT ASSESSMENT

Governance: “UNPRODUCTIVE”
- An established and officially recognized government system exists
- Reliance upon the tribal justice system

Development: “STALLED GROWTH”
- Economic growth is stalled
- International Community jobs and investment are minimal; more are needed in the area to spur the economy

Security: “FREQUENT THREATS”
- Frequent attacks intimidating a significant segment of the population

SHAH WALI KOT District is assessed as “POPULATION SYMPATHIZING w/ INSURGENTS”. Environmental conditions in district with respect to Governance, Development and Security are such that most support for insurgency remains passive.
SPIN BOLDAK (KANDAHAR Province)
DISTRICT ASSESSMENT

Governance: “UNPRODUCTIVE”
• An established and officially recognized government system exists
• Reliance upon the tribal system for justice

Development: “MINIMAL GROWTH”
• Minimal economic growth exists.
• International Community activity and investment is necessary to sustain minimal growth

Security: “OCCASIONAL THREATS”
• Some attacks occur causing intimidation limited to a small segment of the population

SPIN BOLDAK District is assessed as “POPULATION NEUTRAL/ON THE FENCE”. Environmental conditions in district with respect to Governance, Development and Security are such that little active support for either GIRoA or INSURGENTS is evident.
ZHARAY (KANDAHAR Province)  
DISTRIBUT ASSESSMENT  

Governance: “DYSFUNCTIONAL”  
• An officially recognized government system exists  
• Government cannot provide essential services and protect the population  
• Tribal system dominant  

Development: “STALLED GROWTH”  
• Economic growth is stalled  
• International Community jobs and investment are minimal; more are needed to spur the economy  

Security: “DANGEROUS ENVIRONMENT”  
• Security forces in the area conduct movement only with heightened security measures  

ZHARAY District is assessed as “POPULATION SYMPATHIZING WITH INSURGENTS”. Environmental conditions in district with respect to Governance, Development and Security are such that most support for insurgency remains passive.
QALAT (ZABUL Province)
DISTRICT ASSESSMENT

Governance: “UNPRODUCTIVE”
- An established and officially recognized government system exists
- Reliance upon the tribal justice system

Development: “MINIMAL GROWTH”
- Minimal economic growth exists
- International Community activity and investment is necessary to sustain minimal growth

Security: “DANGEROUS ENVIRONMENT”
- Security forces in the area conduct movement only with heightened security measures

QALAT District is assessed as “POPULATION SYMPATHIZING WITH INSURGENTS”. Environmental conditions in district with respect to Governance, Development and Security are such that most support for insurgency remains passive.
SHAH JOY (ZABUL Province)
DISTRICT ASSESSMENT

Governance: “DYFUNCTIONAL”
• An officially recognized government system exists
• Population perceives government ineffective due to internal conflict and insurgent influence,

Development: “MINIMAL GROWTH”
• Minimal economic growth exists
• Accessibility to many basic services is lacking
• International Community activity and investment is necessary

Security: “DANGEROUS ENVIRONMENT”
• Security forces in the area conduct movement only with heightened security measures

SHAH JOY District is assessed as “POPULATION SYMPATHIZING WITH INSURGENTS”. Environmental conditions in district with respect to Governance, Development and Security are such that most support for insurgency remains passive.
DEH RAWUD (URUZGAN Province)
DISTRICT ASSESSMENT

Governance: “EMERGING”
- An established and officially recognized government system exists
- Population is generally supportive of the government and participates in key political processes

Development: “MINIMAL GROWTH”
- Minimal economic growth exists
- International Community activity and investment is necessary to sustain minimal growth
- Accessibility to many basic services is seriously lacking

Security: “FREQUENT THREATS”
- Frequent attacks intimidating a significant segment of the population

DEH RAWUD District is assessed as “POPULATION NEUTRAL/ON THE FENCE”. Environmental conditions in district with respect to Governance, Development and Security are such that the population is divided with respect to legitimacy of GIRoA.
BAGHRAN (HELMAND Province)  
DISTRICT ASSESSMENT

Governance: “UNPRODUCTIVE”  
- Government hindered from providing essential services and protecting the population  
- Reliance upon the tribal justice system

Development: “STALLED GROWTH”  
- Economic growth is stalled  
- Both quality and accessibility to many basic services are seriously lacking  
- International Community necessary to sustain growth

Security: “NOT ASSESSED”

BAGHRAN District is assessed as “POPULATION ACTIVELY SUPPORTING INSURGENTS”. Environmental conditions in district with respect to Governance, Development, and Security are such that open, active support for anti-government elements is routine.
Governance: “NON-EXISTENT”
• Poor population perception of GIRoA
• The population is dependent on tribal system for justice issues

Development: “STALL ED GROWTH”
• Economic growth is stalled
• Both quality and accessibility to many basic services are seriously lacking
• International Community necessary to sustain growth

Security: “OCCASIONAL THREATS”
• Some attacks occur causing intimidation limited to a small segment of the population
• Moderate amount of reporting on enemy

NESH District is assessed as “POPULATION SYMPATHIZING w/ INSURGENTS”. Environmental conditions in district with respect to Governance, Development and Security are such that most support for insurgency remains passive.
KHASH ROD (NIMROZ Province)
DISTRICT ASSESSMENT

Governance: “NON-EXISTENT”
• The population is dependent on a tribal system for all justice issues
• Little GIRoA presence

Development: “MINIMAL GROWTH”
• Minimal economic growth exists
• International Community activity and investment is necessary to sustain minimal growth

Security: “DANGEROUS ENVIRONMENT”
• Security forces in the area conduct movement only with heightened security measures
• Intelligence indicates the enemy has a robust support network in the area

KHASH ROD District is assessed as “POPULATION SYMPATHIZING WITH INSURGENTS”. Environmental conditions in district with respect to Governance, Development and Security are such that most support for insurgency remains passive.
TARNEK WA JALDAK (ZABUL Province)
DISTRICT ASSESSMENT

Governance: “NON-EXISTENT”
• The population is dependent on a tribal system for all justice issues
• Little GIRoA presence

Development: “STALLED GROWTH”
• Economic growth is stalled
• Both quality and accessibility to many basic services are seriously lacking
• International Community necessary to sustain growth

Security: “NOT ASSESSED”

TARNEK WA JALDAK District is assessed as “POPULATION SYMPATHIZING WITH INSURGENTS”. Environmental conditions in district with respect to Governance and Development are such that most support for insurgency remains passive.
RC East
Governance: “DYSFUNCTIONAL”
- An officially recognized government system exists
- Sub-governor present but not fully staffed
- Tribal system dominant

Development: “POPULATION AT RISK”
- No signs of economic growth; lacking basic services
- Unemployment levels unknown
- Local stores providing necessities; minimal international community involvement to encourage economic growth

Security: “DANGEROUS ENVIRONMENT”
- Reporting from populace severely hindered
- Currently, there is limited reporting
- AB BAND District is likely used to facilitate illicit transit of weapons and supplies

AB BAND District is assessed as “POPULATION SYMPATHIZING WITH INSURGENTS” Environmental conditions in district with respect to Governance, Development and Security are such that most support for insurgency remains passive.
ANDAR (GHAZNI Province) District Assessment

Governance: “DYSFUNCTIONAL”
- An officially recognized government system exists
- Complaints are associated with government withholding grain from the population
- Tribal system dominant

Development: “MINIMAL GROWTH”
- Minimal economic growth - roads and security contributing to improved economic growth
- Lacking basic services - concern over quality of water and limited medical care; employment cyclical - dependent on agribusiness; local stores providing necessities

Security: “UNSECURE ENVIRONMENT”
- Reporting may be subject to enemy influence
- ANDAR District remains the most dangerous and unsecured area in GHAZNI Province
- The Taliban controls the local population through Shadow Governance and heavily implemented Sharia Law

ANDAR District is assessed as “POPULATION SYMPATHIZING WITH INSURGENTS” Environmental conditions in district with respect to Governance, Development and Security are such that most support for insurgency remains passive.
GHAZNI (GHAZNI Province) District Assessment

Governance: “EMERGING”
- An established and officially recognized government system exists
- GIRoA support is prevalent within district center; Essential services are provided through GIRoA system
- Outlying villages are still subject to Taliban influence
- An official legal system exists

Development: “DEPENDANT GROWTH”
- Economic growth dependent on international community
- Basic needs are met, but not to acceptable standards
- Majority of population employed; increase in the number of stores

Security: “FREQUENT THREATS”
- Populace reluctant to report on enemy presence and activities
- The GHAZNI District population enjoys significant freedom of movement

GHAZNI District is assessed as “POPULATION SYMPATHIZING WITH GOVERNMENT AND SECURITY FORCES” Environmental conditions in district with respect to Governance, Development and Security are such that the majority of individuals are satisfied with conditions in terms of their Personal, Community, Food, Health, Economic and Political security.
GIRO (GHAZNI Province) District Assessment

**Governance: “DYSFUNCTIONAL”**
- Improvement is that most key positions filled; Security remains a significant threat to stability.
- The population is dependent on tribal system for all governance and justice issues.

**Development: “POPULATION AT RISK”**
- Few prospects for economic growth exist.
- Lack of basic needs seriously risks the life and health of the population.
- Many people are unemployed and disgruntled.
- Few stores exist in the area and population is dependent on humanitarian assistance for necessities.

**Security: “UNSECURE ENVIRONMENT”**
- Reporting may be subject to enemy influence.
- Ring Road’s strategic importance draws insurgent focus towards attacks on convoys.
- Population is unable or unwilling to serve in GIRoA or Coalition jobs.

GIRO District is assessed as “POPULATION ACTIVE SUPPORT FOR INSURGENCY” Environmental conditions in district with respect to Governance, Development, and Security are such that open, active support for anti-government elements is routine.
MOQUR District is assessed as “POPULACE NEUTRAL / ON THE FENCE” Environmental conditions in district with respect to Governance, Development and Security are such that little active support for either GIROA or insurgents is evident.
QARAH BAGH (GHAZNI Province) District Assessment

Governance: “DYSFUNCTIONAL”
- An officially recognized government system exists
- Limited connection to GIRoA for development purposes
- Tribal system dominant

Development: “STALLING GROWTH”
- Stalled economic growth due to low security and INS interference
- Basic services lacking; clinics unable to handle volume of traffic; high unemployment, many seek employment in Iran
- Adequate number of stores to meet population needs

Security: “UNSECURE ENVIRONMENT”
- Reporting may be subject to enemy influence
- QARAH BAGH is a high-risk district
- The Taliban in the district harass and intimidate local nationals and try to forbid females from going to school
- HWY 1 remains a insurgent attacks and fighter facilitation

QARAH BAGH district is assessed as “POPULATION SYMPATHIZING WITH INCURGENTS” Environmental conditions in district with respect to Governance, Development and Security are such that most support for insurgency remains passive.
WAGHEZ (GHAZNI Province) District Assessment

Governance: “EMERGING”
• An established and officially recognized government system exists
• Police are effective in securing the major bazaar and district center and are held in high regard by the people
• The tribal system is the primary judicial means at the local level

Development: “MINIMAL GROWTH”
• Stalled economic growth, completion of the WAGEZ Road should enhance economy
• Lacking adequate basic services; employment is seasonal
• Stores limited to providing necessities

Security: “DANGEROUS ENVIRONMENT”
• Reporting severely hindered
• Taliban elements target GIRoA infrastructure to discredit GIRoA’s ability to provide sufficient security
• Intimidation is a large factor in influencing the local populace

WAGHEZ District is assessed as “POPULATION NEUTRAL / ON THE FENCE” Environmental conditions in district with respect to Governance, Development and Security are such that little active support for either GIRoA or insurgents is evident.
Governance: “DYSFUNCTIONAL”
• An officially recognized govt. system exists
• Tribal system dominant
• Complaints of favoritism and decisions made in favor of tribal affiliations

Development: “STALLED GROWTH”
• Growth stalled; quality and access to basic services lacking; high employment
• Few stores exist in the area; population must travel significant distances to purchase necessities
• International Community investment minimal

Security: “FREQUENT THREATS”
• Populace reluctant to report on enemy presence and activities
• Intimidation is conducted IOT maintain coerced populace support and discrediting GIRoA

BAK District is assessed as “SYMPATHY FOR INSURGENCY” Environmental conditions in district with respect to Governance, Development and Security are such that most support for insurgency remains passive.
JAJI MAIDEN District Assessment

Governance: "UNPRODUCTIVE"
- An established and officially recognized government system exists
- Population generally neutral towards government
- Tribal arrangements continue to dominate conflict resolution as the people believe it to be more fair

Development: "MINIMAL GROWTH"
- Growth stalled; basic services lacking; Employment cyclical/seasonal
- Few stores exist in the area; population must travel significant distances to purchase necessities
- International community investment minimal

Security: "FREQUENT THREATS"
- Populace reluctant to report on enemy presence and activities
- Although the population may serve in GIRoA or Coalition offered jobs, they limit their movement to essential activities

JAJI MAIDEN District is assessed as "POPULATION NEUTRAL/ON THE FENCE" Environmental conditions in district with respect to Governance, Development and Security are such that little active support for either GIRoA or insurgents is evident.
KHOST MATUN (KHOST Province) District Assessment

Governance: “UNPRODUCTIVE”
- An established and officially recognized government system exists
- Reliance upon the tribal system for governance and justice
- A Tribal Council exists that cooperates with local authorities
- Government staff needs more civil servant capacity in training/education

Development: “MINIMAL GROWTH”
- Growth stalled; basic services lacking; Employment cyclical/seasonal
- Few stores exist in the area; population must travel significant distances to purchase necessities
- International community investment minimal

Security: “OCCASIONAL THREATS”
- Government security forces actively patrol urban areas and respond to incidents in other areas
- Population conducts daily activities and may serve in GIRoA or Coalition provided jobs

KHOST MATUN District is assessed as “POPULATION SYMPATHIZING WITH GOVERNMENT AND SECURITY FORCES”. Environmental conditions in district with respect to Governance, Development and Security are such that the majority of population (>50%) accepts legitimacy of GIRoA or of traditional local governance structures not actively in opposition to GIRoA.
NADIR SHAH KOT (KHOST Province)
District Assessment

Governance: “DYSFUNCTIONAL”
• An officially recognized government system exists
• Tribal system dominant

Development: “STALLED GROWTH”
• Quality and access to basic services lacking; high employment
• Few stores exist in the area; population must travel significant distances to purchase necessities
• International Community investment minimal

Security: “DANGEROUS ENVIRONMENT”
• Security forces in the area conduct movement only with heightened security
• Reporting severely hindered

NADIR SHAH KOT District is assessed as “POPULATION SYMPATHIZING WITH THE INSURGENTS” Environmental conditions in district with respect to Governance, Development and Security are such that most support for insurgency remains passive.
SABERI (KHOST Province) District Assessment

Governance: “NON-EXISTENT”
- Little GIROA presence; official government may exist
- The population is dependent on tribal system for all governance and justice issues

Development: “STALLED GROWTH”
- Quality and access to basic services lacking; high employment
- Few stores exist in the area; population must travel significant distances to purchase necessities
- International Community investment minimal

Security: “DANGEROUS ENVIRONMENT”
- Reporting severely hindered
- The population seldom associate with the Coalition forces out of fear of retribution or from ideological alignment with the Taliban

SABERI District is assessed as “POPULATION SYMPATHIZING WITH THE INSURGENTS”
Environmental conditions in district with respect to Governance, Development and Security are such that most support for insurgency remains passive.
SHAMUL (ZADRAN) (KHOST Province) District Assessment

Governance: “DYSFUNCTIONAL”
- An officially recognized government system exists
- Tribal system dominant
- Population hostile, resistance to government more common

Development: “STALLED GROWTH”
- Quality and access to basic services lacking; high employment
- Few stores exist in the area; population must travel significant distances to purchase necessities
- International Community investment minimal

Security: “UNSECURE ENVIRONMENT”
- Security forces movement in the area is heavily restricted,
- Population is unable or unwilling to serve in GIRoA or Coalition jobs
- Reporting may be subject to enemy influence

SHAMUL District is assessed as “POPULATION SYMPATHIZING WITH THE INSURGENTS”
Environmental conditions in district with respect to Governance, Development and Security are such that most support for insurgency remains passive.
TANAI (KHOST Province) District Assessment

Governance: “UNPRODUCTIVE”
- An established and officially recognized government system exists
- Reliance upon the tribal system for governance and justice

Development: “MINIMAL GROWTH”
- Growth stalled; basic services lacking; employment cyclical/seasonal
- Few stores exist in the area; population must travel significant distances to purchase necessities
- International community investment minimal

Security: “DANGEROUS ENVIRONMENT”
- Reporting severely hindered
- The population seldom associate with the Coalition Forces out of fear of retribution

TANAI District is assessed as “POPULATION NEUTRAL / ON THE FENCE” Environmental conditions in district with respect to Governance, Development and Security are such that little active support for either GIRoA or insurgents is evident.
NURGAL (KONAR Province) District Assessment

Governance: “UNPRODUCTIVE”
- An established and officially recognized government system exists
- Outside the river valley attempts to implement projects have met resistance
- Reliance upon the tribal system for governance and justice

Development: “MINIMAL GROWTH”
- Minimal economic growth exists; basic services lacking
- Employment cyclical/seasonal based on job programs
- International Community activities/investment needed for growth

Security: “OCCASIONAL THREATS”
- Population conducts daily activities and may serve in GIRoA or Coalition provided jobs
- Coalition Forces presence in the district is limited
- The insurgent network is focused on maintaining influence over the local populace

NURGAL District is assessed as “POPULATION NEUTRAL / ON THE FENCE” Environmental conditions in district with respect to Governance, Development and Security are such that little active support for either GIRoA or insurgents is evident.
Governance: “EMERGING”
- GIRoA district level governance is unable to provide basic services
- District level positions are filled with officials that have at least a high school diploma
- Outside the city center, little involvement with GIRoA
- Outside the city relies on the tribal system for conflict resolution

Development: “STALLLED GROWTH”
- Quality and access to basic services lacking; high employment
- Few stores exist in the area; population must travel significant distances to purchase necessities
- International Community investment minimal

Security: “OCCASIONAL THREATS”
- Population conducts daily activities and may serve in GIRoA or Coalition provided jobs
- Limited Coalition Forces presence in the District

KHAS KONAR district is assessed as “POPULATION NEUTRAL/ ON THE FENCE” Environmental conditions in district with respect to Governance, Development and Security are such that little active support for either GIRoA or INS is evident.
ALINGAR (LAGHMAN Province) District Assessment

**Governance:** “EMERGING”
- An established and officially recognized government system exists
- Recent changes in GOV positions
- Population is becoming more aware of what services are provided by GIRoA.

**Development:** “MINIMAL GROWTH”
- Growth stalled; basic services lacking; employment cyclical/seasonal
- Few stores exist in the area; population must travel significant distances to purchase necessities
- International community investment minimal

**Security:** “DANGEROUS ENVIRONMENT”
- Reporting severely hindered
- The population seldom associate with the Coalition Forces
- Limited collection assets; limited Coalition Forces presence and no installations in the district
- Locals perceive GIRoA as unable to secure the area

**ALINGAR District is assessed as “POPULATION NEUTRAL / ON THE FENCE”**
Environmental conditions in district with respect to Governance, Development and Security are such that little active support for either GIRoA or insurgents is evident.
METHAR LAM (LAGHMAN Province)
District Assessment

Governance: “EMERGING”
• Government provides essential services and protects the population
• Duly elected Government recognized by the citizens.
• Tribal system is the primary judicial means at the local level

Development: “SUSTAINABLE GROWTH”
• Rated good in all areas of development; need to expand coverage of basic services
• Need more non-seasonal employment
• International community activity and investment needed

Security: “OCCASIONAL THREATS”
• Population conducts daily activities and may serve in GIROA or Coalition provided jobs
• Attacks are mostly ineffective

METHAR LAM District is assessed as “POPULATION SYMPATHIZING WITH GOVERNMENT AND SECURITY FORCES” Environmental conditions in district with respect to Governance, Development and Security are such that most support for GIROA is passive but INS enjoy little support or tolerance.
QARGHAH’I (LAGHMAN Province) District Assessment

Governance: “EMERGING”
- Government provides essential services and protects the population
- Duly elected Government recognized by the citizens.
- Tribal system is the primary judicial means at the local level

Development: “MINIMAL GROWTH”
- High levels of seasonal unemployment
- Basic services met, but need improvement in clinics and schools
- International community involvement needed to improve conditions

Security: “OCCASIONAL THREATS”
- Standoff attacks are the primary method
- Highway 7 used to facilitate illicit activities

QARGHAH’I District is assessed as “POPULATION SYMPATHIZING WITH GOVERNMENT AND SECURITY FORCES” Environmental conditions in district with respect to Governance, Development and Security are such that the majority of individuals are satisfied with conditions in terms of their Personal, Community, Food, Health, Economic and Political security.
BATI KOT (NANGARHAR Province)
District Assessment

Governance: “UNPRODUCTIVE”
- An established and officially recognized government system exists
- Reliance upon the tribal system for governance and justice

Development: “STALLLED GROWTH”
- Unemployment is the major limiting factor for development
- Both quality and accessibility to many basic services are lacking
- More international community involvement is needed

Security: “OCCASIONAL THREATS”
- Population conducts daily activities and may serve in GIRoA or Coalition provided jobs
- Limited governance and development create an environment for money, weapons, equipment and narcotics facilitation

BATI KOT District is assessed as “POPULATION NEUTRAL / ON THE FENCE” Environmental conditions in district with respect to Governance, Development and Security are such that little active support for either GIRoA or insurgents is evident.
BEHSUD (NANGARHAR Province) District Assessment

**Governance: “EMERGING”**
- An established and officially recognized government system exists
- Provincial government centered in the Jalalabad municipality
- Populace acknowledges limited corruption
- An official legal system exists within the District.

**Development: “DEPENDANT GROWTH”**
- Level of development is high due to the influence of Jalalabad City
- Unemployment is the only limiting factor
- International community activity and investment needed to increase growth

**Security: “DANGEROUS ENVIRONMENT”**
- Insurgents sporadically target the district, focusing on disrupting development and creating an environment not conducive for governance
- Highway 7 typically utilized for illicit travel and trade

BEHSUD District is assessed as “POPULATION SYMPATHIZING WITH GOVERNMENT AND SECURITY FORCES” Environmental conditions in district with respect to Governance, Development and Security are such that the majority of individuals are satisfied with conditions in terms of their Personal, Community, Food, Health, Economic and Political security.
CHAPARHAR (NANGARHAR Province) 
District Assessment

Governance: “UNPRODUCTIVE”
- An established and officially recognized government system exists
- People continue to seek out Governor’s representatives for issues and guidance on problems and solutions
- Reliance upon the tribal system for governance and justice

Development: “MINIMAL GROWTH”
- International community involvement and decrease unemployment needed to improve economic conditions
- Employment is cyclic or seasonal based on availability of job programs
- Basic services available to majority of the populace

Security: “DANGEROUS ENVIRONMENT”
- Reporting severely hindered
- The population seldom associate with the Coalition Forces

Chaparhar District is assessed as “POPULATION NEUTRAL / ON THE FENCE” Environmental conditions in district with respect to Governance, Development and Security are such that little active support for either GIROA or insurgents is evident.
JALALABAD (NANGARHAR Province) District Assessment

Governance: “FULL AUTHORITY”
- An established and officially recognized government system exists
- Provincial council, tribal council, and others have legitimate meeting halls and facilities
- An official legal system exists and is functioning

Development: “SUSTAINABLE GROWTH”
- Improvements in basic services needed
- Basic needs are of acceptable quality, readily available
- Many people are employed with sustainable employment
- International community activity and investment is primarily for advances in the economy

Security: “OCCASIONAL THREATS”
- Population conducts daily activities and may serve in GIRoA or Coalition provided jobs
- Highway 7 typically utilized for illicit travel and trade

JALALABAD District is assessed as “POPULATION SYMPATHIZING WITH GOVERNMENT AND SECURITY FORCES” Environmental conditions in district with respect to Governance, Development and Security are such that most support for GIRoA is passive but INS enjoy little support or tolerance.
KHOGYANI (NANGARHAR Province)  
District Assessment

Governance: “EMERGING”
- Population accepts the government authority
- Positions are filled; District Development Assemblies, District Governor and line directors present
- The access to the provincial legal system in JALALABAD strengthens the Rule of Law

Development: “STALLED GROWTH”
- International Community involvement needed to sustain economy and provide jobs
- Lacking basic services – health clinics and drinking water
- High employment, but population still hopeful

Security: “UNSECURE ENVIRONMENT”
- Reporting may be subject to enemy influence
- KHOGYANI insurgency is dormant

KHOGYANI District is assessed as “POPULATION NEUTRAL / ON THE FENCE” Environmental conditions in district with respect to Governance, Development and Security are such that little active support for either GIROA or insurgents is evident.
KUZ KONAR (NANGARHAR Province) District Assessment

Governance: “EMERGING”
- An established and officially recognized government system exists
- Positions are filled with knowledgeable personnel
- Majority of district supports the government
- The provincial-level judicial system exists in Jalalabad City; however, tribal systems are the primary means to resolve local issues

Development: “MINIMAL GROWTH”
- Successful agricultural growth due to KONAR River
- Quality and accessibility to many basic services is seriously lacking
- International community activity and investment is necessary to sustain minimal growth

Security: “OCCASIONAL THREATS”
- Information on this district is extremely limited
- Its close proximity to traditional facilitation lends credibility to the assessment that the area is primarily used for facilitation

KUZ KONAR District is assessed as “POPULATION SYMPATHIZING WITH GOVERNMENT AND SECURITY FORCES”. Environmental conditions in district with respect to Governance, Development and Security are such that the majority of population (>50%) accepts legitimacy of GIRoA or of traditional local governance structures not actively in opposition to GIRoA.
MOHMAND DARA (NANGARHAR Province)
District Assessment

Governance: “UNPRODUCTIVE”
- An established and officially recognized government system exists
- Positions filled including the Ministry line representatives
- Reliance upon the tribal system for governance and justice

Development: “MINIMAL GROWTH”
- Development limited by high unemployment
- Employment is cyclic or seasonal based on availability of job programs
- Good infrastructure for agribusiness; international community involvement needed

Security: “DANGEROUS ENVIRONMENT”
- Threats are mainly along the Highway 1 leading to and from the PAKISTAN border
- Torkham Gate, the border crossing that goes from PAKISTAN to KABUL, has been attacked twice this year with suicide bombers

MOHMAND DARA District is assessed as “POPULATION NEUTRAL / ON THE FENCE” Environmental conditions in district with respect to Governance, Development and Security are such that little active support for either GIROA or insurgents is evident.
RODAT (NANGARHAR Province) District Assessment

Governance: “EMERGING”
- An established and officially recognized government system exists
- Limited capacity to connect services to the people results in water in abundant supply and a health clinic that is inadequate
- The tribal system is the primary judicial means at the local level

Development: “MINIMAL GROWTH”
- High unemployment; small farms offer limited employment
- Lacking adequate basic services - health care, public sanitation, potable water and schools
- International community activity and investment needed to increase growth

Security: “OCCASIONAL THREATS”
- Population conducts daily activities and may serve in GIRoA or Coalition provided jobs
- Area used for illicit facilitation

RODAT District is assessed as “POPULATION SYMPATHIZING WITH GOVERNMENT AND SECURITY FORCES” Environmental conditions in district with respect to Governance, Development and Security are such that the majority of individuals are satisfied with conditions in terms of their Personal, Community, Food, Health, Economic and Political security.
SHINWAR (NANGARHAR Province)
District Assessment

Governance: “EMERGING”
• An established and officially recognized government system exists
• Population is generally supportive of the government
• The tribal system is the primary judicial means at the local level

Development: “MINIMAL GROWTH”
• High unemployment; small farms offer limited employment
• Lacking adequate basic services - health care, public sanitation, potable water and schools
• International community activity and investment needed to increase growth

Security: “OCCASIONAL THREATS”
• Moderate amount of reporting on enemy
• Insurgent activity in the area is mainly dedicated to narcotics trade
• Rising food costs, lack of employment and infrastructure leaves the populace vulnerable to the insurgency as well as the narcotics revenue

SHINWAR District is assessed as “POPULATION SYMPATHIZING WITH GOVERNMENT AND SECURITY FORCES” Environmental conditions in district with respect to Governance, Development and Security are such that the majority of individuals are satisfied with conditions in terms of their Personal, Community, Food, Health, Economic and Political security.
SURKH ROD District Assessment

Governance: “EMERGING”
- An established and officially recognized government system exists
- Population is generally supportive of the government, accepting a degree of corruption and participating in key political processes
- An official legal system may exist, but the tribal system is the primary judicial means at the local level

Development: “DEPENDENT GROWTH”
- Economic growth exists but dependent on International Community investment
- Basic services lacking; employment cyclical/seasonal based on job programs

Security: “OCCASIONAL THREATS”
- Moderate amount of reporting on enemy
- There are limited threats, mostly consisting of occasional Improvised Explosive Device emplacements

SURKH ROD District is assessed as “POPULATION SYMPATHIZING WITH GOVERNMENT AND SECURITY FORCES” Environmental conditions in district with respect to Governance, Development and Security are such that the majority of individuals are satisfied with conditions in terms of their Personal, Community, Food, Health, Economic and Political security.
MOTA KHAN (PAKTIKA Province) District Assessment

Governance: “UNPRODUCTIVE”
- Government hindered from providing essential services and protecting the population
- Reliance upon the tribal system for governance and justice

Development: “MINIMAL GROWTH”
- Growth dependent on international community
- Basic services available to most of population
- Employment cyclical/seasonal; international community investment minimal

Security: “FREQUENT THREATS”
- Frequent attacks intimidate the population
- The majority of kinetic activity consists of ambushes targeting main routes
- Although the population may serve in GIRoA or Coalition offered jobs, they limit their movement to essential activities

MOTA KHAN District is assessed as “POPULATION NEUTRAL / ON THE FENCE” Environmental conditions in district with respect to Governance, Development and Security are such that little active support for either GIRoA or insurgents is evident.
GAYAN (PAKTIKA Province) District Assessment

Governance: “DYSFUNCTIONAL”
- An officially recognized government system exists
- Government cannot provide essential services and protect the population
- Tribal system dominant

Development: “STALLED GROWTH”
- Quality and access to basic services lacking; high employment
- Few stores exist in the area; population must travel significant distances to purchase necessities
- International Community investment minimal

Security: “UNSECURE ENVIRONMENT”
- Reporting subject to enemy influence
- Population is unable or unwilling to serve in GIRoA or Coalition jobs
- GAYAN District lies directly in a major facilitation lane PAKISTAN

GAYAN District is assessed as “POPULATION SYMPATHIZING WITH INSURGENTS” Environmental conditions in district with respect to Governance, Development and Security are such that most support for insurgency remains passive.
ORGUN (PAKTIKA Province) District Assessment

Governance: “UNPRODUCTIVE”
• An established and officially recognized government system exists
• Population generally neutral towards government
• Reliance upon the tribal system for governance and justice

Development: “MINIMAL GROWTH”
• Growth dependent on international community
• Basic services available to most of population
• Employment cyclical/seasonal; international community investment minimal

Security: “OCCASIONAL THREATS”
• Moderate amount of reporting on enemy
• ORGUN is a transit point utilized by INS

ORGUN District is assessed as “POPULATION SYMPATHIZING WITH GOVERNMENT AND SECURITY FORCES” Environmental conditions in district with respect to Governance, Development and Security are such that the majority of individuals are satisfied with conditions in terms of their Personal, Community, Food, Health, Economic and Political security.
SAR ROWZAH (PAKTIKA Province) District Assessment

Governance: “UNPRODUCTIVE”
- An established and officially recognized government system exists
- Reliance upon the tribal system for governance and justice

Development: “MINIMAL GROWTH”
- Growth dependent on international community
- Basic services available to most of population
- Employment cyclical/seasonal; international community investment minimal

Security: “FREQUENT THREATS”
- Reporting limited on insurgents activities
- Although the population may serve in GIRoA or Coalition offered jobs, they limit their movement to essential activities

SAR ROWZAH District is assessed as “POPULATION NEUTRAL / ON THE FENCE” Environmental conditions in district with respect to Governance, Development and Security are such that little active support for either GIRoA or insurgents is evident.
SHARAN (PAKTIKA Province) District Assessment

Governance: “UNPRODUCTIVE”
- An established and officially recognized government system exists
- Population generally neutral towards government
- Reliance upon the tribal system for governance and justice

Development: “MINIMAL GROWTH”
- Growth dependent on international community
- Basic services available to most of population
- Employment cyclical/seasonal; international community investment minimal

Security: “OCCASIONAL THREATS”
- Moderate amount of reporting on enemy
- The district is mainly a transit route
- Due to the decent amount of ISAF presence, insurgent activity is limited to intimidation tactics and standoff attacks

SHARAN District is assessed as “POPULATION SYMPATHIZING WITH GOVERNMENT AND SECURITY FORCES” Environmental conditions in district with respect to Governance, Development and Security are such that the majority of individuals are satisfied with conditions in terms of their Personal, Community, Food, Health, Economic and Political security.
ZADRAN (PAKTIYA Province) District Assessment

Governance: “DYSFUNCTIONAL”
- An established and officially recognized government system exists
- Government hindered from providing essential services and protecting the population
- Reliance upon the tribal system for governance and justice

Development: “STALLLED GROWTH”
- Quality and access to basic services lacking; high employment
- Few stores exist in the area; population must travel significant distances to purchase necessities
- International Community investment minimal

Security: “DANGEROUS ENVIRONMENT”
- Reporting hindered
- A key historic support area for INS
- Insurgency benefits from the support of locals

ZADRAN District is assessed as “POPULATION SYMPATHIZING WITH INSURGENTS” Environmental conditions in district with respect to Governance, Development and Security are such that most support for insurgency remains passive.
GARDEZ (PAKTIYA Province) District Assessment

Governance: “EMERGING”
• An established and officially recognized government system exists
• The official positions are filled
• Tribal system is the primary judicial means at the local level

Development: “DEPENDANT GROWTH”
• Minimal economic growth; basic services available to most of population
• Employment cyclical/seasonal
• International community investment necessary to sustain growth

Security: “OCCASIONAL THREATS”
• Population conducts daily activities and may serve in GIRoA or Coalition provided jobs
• GARDEZ City is a major population center in Afghanistan, thus garnering attention from the insurgency

GARDEZ District is assessed as “POPULATION SYMPATHIZING WITH GOVERNMENT AND SECURITY FORCES” Environmental conditions in district with respect to Governance, Development and Security are such that the majority of individuals are satisfied with conditions in terms of their Personal, Community, Food, Health, Economic and Political security.
SHWAK (PAKTIYA Province) District Assessment

**Governance:** “DYSFUNCTIONAL”
- An officially recognized government system exists
- Government unable to ensure basic services without international community help
- Tribal system dominant

**Development:** “STALLED GROWTH”
- Minimal economic growth; quality and access to basic services lacking
- Extremely high employment
- International community investment necessary to sustain growth

**Security:** “FREQUENT THREATS”
- Although the population may serve in GIRoA or Coalition offered jobs, they limit their movement to essential activities
- This district is another area for tribal support to the INS

SHWAK District is assessed as “POPULATION NEUTRAL / ON THE FENCE” Environmental conditions in district with respect to Governance, Development and Security are such that little active support for either GIRoA or insurgents is evident.
ZORMAT (PAKTIYA Province) District Assessment

Governance: “NON-EXISTENT”
- Little GIRoA
- Mullahs and religious figures heavily influence the District’s resistance to GIRoA
- The population is dependent tribal system for all governance and justice issues

Development: “STALLED GROWTH”
- Growth stalled; quality and access to basic services lacking
- Extremely high employment
- International community investment minimal

Security: “DANGEROUS ENVIRONMENT”
- Reporting hindered
- ZORMAT is used as a staging area for insurgents

ZORMAT District is assessed as “POPULATION SYMPATHIZING WITH INSURGENTS” Environmental conditions in district with respect to Governance, Development and Security are such that most support for insurgency remains passive.
Governance: “UNPRODUCTIVE”
- Established and officially recognized government system exists
- Increased capacity for getting administrative needs met
- Population generally neutral towards government

Development: “MINIMAL GROWTH”
- Positive signs that economic growth is possible; potential for expanding apple production
- Adequate basic services available to majority of populace; moderate employment levels but at low wages
- Cash-For-Work programs improving employment opportunities

Security: “DANGEROUS ENVIRONMENT”
- Reporting hindered
- Highway 1 is a main target for insurgent attacks
- The enemy network has been greatly affected during the past year

SAYYAD ABAD District is assessed as “POPULATION NEUTRAL / ON THE FENCE” Environmental Conditions in district with respect to Governance, Development and Security are such that the population is divided with respect to legitimacy of GIRoA. < 50% accept legitimacy of GIRoA, or majority is neutral or uncommitted.
SARKANI (Konar Province) District Assessment

Governance: “UNPRODUCTIVE”
- An established and officially recognized government system exists
- The link between District and Provincial level strengthening leaders
- Reliance upon the tribal system for governance and justice

Development: “STALLED GROWTH”
- Economic growth stalled; basic services lacking
- High employment, but population still hopeful
- International Community jobs and investment are minimal, more needed to spur economy

Security: “DANGEROUS ENVIRONMENT”
- Reporting hindered
- The district harbors multiple infiltration lanes, which are used by insurgents year round to move men, weapons and equipment

SERKANI District is assessed as “POPULATION NEUTRAL/ ON THE FENCE”. Environmental Conditions in district with respect to Governance, Development and Security are such that the population is divided with respect to legitimacy of GIRoA.
BARAKI BARAK (LOGAR Province) District Assessment

Governance: “UNPRODUCTIVE”
- An established and officially recognized government system exists
- Some international community aid needed and efforts are underway to increase capacity
- Population generally accepts government authority

Development: “STALLED GROWTH”
- Both quality and accessibility to many basic services are seriously lacking
- Moderate employment levels but at low wages; Cash-For-Work programs improving employment opportunities

Security: “FREQUENT THREATS”
- Frequent attack threats occur to maintain influence over the populace
- The district is used as a transit point for fighters and supplies
- Although the population may serve in GIRoA or Coalition offered jobs, they limit their movement to essential activities

BARAKI BARAK District is assessed as “POPULATION NEUTRAL/ON THE FENCE”. Environmental conditions in district with respect to Governance, Development and Security are such that less than half of individuals are satisfied with conditions in terms of their Personal, Community, Food, Health, Economic, Political security.
RC West
AB-E KAMARI (BADGHIS Province)
District Assessment

Governance: “EMERGING”
• The Governor and inhabitants (80% Tajik) are pro-GIROA
• Training and capacity building for Civil servants is improving
• Official legal system may exist
• Rule of Law sector in poor condition
• High percentage of illiteracy and some efforts in gender training

Development: “DEPENDENT GROWTH”
• Economic growth exist, but continued growth dependent on International Community investment
• International Community efforts focus on infrastructure
• Main educational efforts focused on building schools and educational material packages
• Efforts focus on Agricultural Extension Service, Plant Protection Plan and Agricultural and Rural Development Training

Security: “FREQUENT THREATS”
• Frequent attacks intimidating a significant segment of the population
• High rate of attacks main supply routes
• Insurgents activities more linked to economic matters than political or military actions

AB-E KAMARI District is assessed as “Population sympathizing w/ Government and Security Forces”. Environmental conditions in district with respect to Governance, Development and Security are such that the majority of individuals are satisfied.
QAL’AH - YE NOW (BADGHIS Province)
District Assessment

Governance: “FULL AUTHORITY”
- Population accepts government authority
- Population perception of Sub-National GiRoA good
- Rule of Law is being developed

Development: “SUSTAINABLE GROWTH”
- International Community activity and investment for advances in economy
- Sewage system network-houses connection is ongoing
- Water and power supply networks are improving
- Efforts by PRT to improve education and health
- Projects focused on airport and HWY 1 to MORGHAB (Asian Development Bank)

Security: “SECURE ENVIRONMENT”
- Attack levels low to non-existent
- Government security forces provide security
- Population supports ANSF/ISAF

QAL’AH - YE NOW District is assessed as “POPULATION SYMPATHIZING w/ GOVERNMENT AND SECURITY FORCES”. Environmental conditions in district with respect to Governance, Development and Security are such that the majority of individuals are satisfied with conditions in terms of their Personal, Community, Food, Health, Economic, Political security.
HERAT (HERAT Province) District Assessment

Governance: “FULL AUTHORITY”
- An official legal system exists and it is functioning
- Governance programs widely spread
- RoL programs working, training judiciary, members accessible to population
- Perception of GIROA remains supportive
- United Nations Assistance Mission in Afghanistan representatives, International Organizations and Non-Governmental Organizations deployed in HERAT

Development: “SUSTAINABLE GROWTH”
- International Community investment primarily for economic advances
- Basic services provided to population
- Main development projects focus: Community Services
- Improvement is needed in education, Energy, Health System, and Water

Security: “SECURE ENVIRONMENT”
- Government security forces provide security
- Attack levels low to non-existent
- Mainly criminality and external influences could play an important role in the near future

HERAT District is assessed as “POPULATION SYMPATHIZING w/ GOVERNMENT AND SECURITY FORCES”. Environmental conditions in district with respect to Governance, Development and Security are such that the majority of individuals are satisfied.
INJIL (HERAT Province) District Assessment

Governance: “EMERGING”
- Population sympathizing with Government and ANSF/ISAF
- Rule of Law programs initiated
- At the local level tribal system remains the primary judicial means
- GIRoA structures within the District are established and functional

Development: “DEPENDENT GROWTH”
- Economic growth exists, but continued growth dependent on International Community investment
- National Solidarity Program dispersed number of projects throughout district
- Educational situation is quiet good
- Basic services such as electricity, water and sewage systems are functional

Security: “SECURE ENVIRONMENT”
- Attack levels low to non-existent
- Government security forces provide security
- Insurgents presence is assessed but it is not active

INJIL District is assessed as “POPULATION SYMPATHIZING w/ GOVERNMENT AND SECURITY FORCES.” Environmental conditions in district with respect to Governance, Development and Security are such that the majority of individuals are satisfied with conditions in terms of their Personal, Community, Food, Health, Economic, Political security.
KARUKH (HERAT Province) District Assessment

Governance: “EMERGING”
- National Solidarity Program implementing number of projects
- Essential services properly covered along the main villages although doesn’t cover part of the rural population
- An official legal system may exist
- Most legal issues are settled through local Mullah or Village Elder

Development: “DEPENDENT GROWTH”
- Economic growth exists, but continued growth dependent on International Community investment
- Basic services in good condition
- CIMIC projects planned: 13 water wells
- Insufficient Public Health Service for the population
- The Ministry of Education has four schools under construction in the district

Security: “OCCASIONAL THREATS”
- ISAF/ANSF presence along Highway-1 and SABZAK PASS
- Insurgents presence is low to non existent

KARUKH District is assessed as “POPULATION SYMPATHIZING w/ GOVERNMENT AND SECURITY FORCES”. Environmental conditions in district with respect to Governance, Development and Security are such that the majority of individuals are satisfied with conditions in terms of their Personal, Community, Food, Health, Economic, Political security.
KOHSAN (HERAT Province) District Assessment

Governance: “EMERGING”
- The population accepts government authority
- Local population works with Sub Governmental structure
- Poppy cultivation dismantled
- Relationship with Provincial Counterpart are fruitful

Development: “MINIMAL GROWTH”
- International Community investment necessary to sustain minimal growth
- Lack of school material and teachers, but literacy rate is high
- No suitable pipe scheme or sanitation network
- Basic services sufficient
- The main Hospital is in the center of the District and 85 km from the remote areas

Security: “OCCASIONAL THREATS”
- Population conducts daily activities and may serve in GIRoA provided jobs

KOHSAN District is assessed as “POPULATION SYMPATHIZING w/ GOVERNMENT AND SECURITY FORCES”. Environmental conditions in district with respect to Governance, Development and Security are such that the majority of individuals are satisfied with conditions in terms of their Personal, Community, Food, Health, Economic, Political security.
GUZARAH (HERAT Province) District Assessment

Governance: “UNPRODUCTIVE”
- Rule of Law: the structure permits judges and prosecutors to investigate on criminal issues in the proper way
- A prison assures detention of criminals

Development: “SUSTAINABLE GROWTH”
- Joint development plan successful providing basic and community services
- Freedom of movement along Highway 1 allows access to markets
- Main population problems: basic services
- Key Infrastructures: HERAT Airport Road and ESMERALD Road
- International Community investment for advances in economy rather than basic needs

Security: “OCCASIONAL THREATS”
- Some attacks occur causing intimidation limited to small segment of the population
- Local population sympathizing with ANSF/ISAF

GUZARAH District is assessed as “POPULATION SYMPATHIZING w/ GOVERNMENT AND SECURITY FORCES”. Environmental conditions in district with respect to Governance, Development and Security are such that the majority of individuals are satisfied.
OBEH (HERAT Province) District Assessment

Governance: “UNPRODUCTIVE”
- Most of the population perceive Government as legitimate and participate in the political process
- Rule of Law: prosecutors’ Justice System is working well

Development: “MINIMAL GROWTH”
- International Community activity and investment needed to increase growth.
- Agriculture is the main activity for population
- Sewage system is not available in the district
- Basic services are in a sufficient state
- One school building completed in CHANARAN

Security: “SECURE ENVIRONMENT”
- Enemy presence is not evident in reporting
- Kinetic activities are rare

OBEH District is assessed as “POPULATION NEUTRAL / ON THE FENCE”. Environmental conditions in district with respect to Governance, Development and Security are such that little active support for either GIROA or INS is evident.
PASHTUN ZARGHUN (HERAT Province)
District Assessment

Governance: “UNPRODUCTIVE”
- Government hindered providing essential services and protecting the population
- Rule of Law: the District’s justice system is currently lacking of human capacity and material resources

Development: “MINIMAL GROWTH”
- Basic services still in a poor condition
- Majority of efforts focused on basic services within this region
- Coordinated medium/long term projects with provincial council, UNAMA, PRT, International Community to provide community services
- International Community activity and investment necessary

Security: “OCCASIONAL THREATS”
- INS activity is assessed as low
- ISAF/ANSF operations improved situation
- Poverty could encourage criminal activity

PASHTUN ZARGHUN District is assessed as “POPULATION NEUTRAL / ON THE FENCE.”
Environmental conditions in district with respect to Governance, Development and Security are such that little active support for either GIRoA or INS is evident.
ZINDAH JAN (HERAT Province) District Assessment

**Governance:** “EMERGING”
- The population accepts the government authority
- District well ruled
- District poppy free
- Shuras maintain links directly with local population
- Court is working although no permanent justice facilities

**Development:** “DEPENDENT GROWTH”
- Basic needs available but quality of service often does not meet acceptable standards
- Basic services in good condition
- CIMIC projects focused on the construction of health infrastructures, schools, wells and roads
- ZENDEH-JAN NESWAN High School Completed

**Security:** “SECURE ENVIRONMENT”
- Attack levels low to non-existent
- Limited reporting on insurgent activities

ZINDAH JAN District is assessed as “POPULATION SYMPATHIZING w/ GOVERNMENT AND SECURITY FORCES”. Environmental conditions in district with respect to Governance, Development and Security are such that the majority of individuals are satisfied with conditions in terms of their Personal, Community, Food, Health, Economic, Political security.
QADIS (BADGHIS Province) District Assessment

Governance: “UNPRODUCTIVE”
- Government hindered from providing essential services
- No Government programmes/projects

Development: “MINIMAL GROWTH”
- International Community activity and investment is necessary to sustain minimal growth
- Main economic activity is agriculture
- Lack of funding and projects
- There are no reports of Non Governmental Organizations working in the District

Security: “FREQUENT THREATS”
- Frequent attacks intimidating a significant segment of the population
- Insurgents activities are more linked to economic matters than political or military actions
- Strong insurgents presence in the west of the District

QADIS District is assessed as “POPULATION NEUTRAL/ ON THE FENCE”. Environmental conditions in district with respect to Governance, Development and Security are such that less than half of individuals are satisfied with conditions in terms of their Personal, Community, Food, Health, Economic, Political security.
MUQUR (BADGHIS Province) District Assessment

Governance: “UNPRODUCTIVE”
• Population generally neutral towards government
• Rule of Law: there are no judges, prosecutors or lawyers
• Most legal issues are settled through local Mullah or Village Elder, especially in the rural areas

Development: “STALLED GROWTH”
• International Community jobs and investments are minimal; more needed to spur economy
• Both quality and accessibility to many basic services are seriously lacking.
• Economic opportunities are constrained by the lack of electricity, factories and processing/storage facilities
• Education is poor in the Pashtun areas

Security: “DANGEROUS ENVIRONMENT”
• The majority of the population does not feel safe to serve in GIRoA or Coalition offered jobs
• RC W assessed security as “FREQUENT THREATS” in the 2nd cycle (4FEB10): RC West did not provide further information to support the new assessment

MUQUR District is assessed as “POPULATION SYMPATHIZING WITH INSURGENTS”. Environmental conditions in district with respect to Governance, Development and Security are such that most support for insurgency remains passive. RC W assessed MUQUR District as “POPULATION NEUTRAL / ON THE FENCE” in the 2nd cycle (4FEB10). They did not provide further information to support the new assessment.
MURGHAB (BADGHIS Province) District Assessment

Governance: “DYSFUNCTIONAL”
- Government cannot provide essential services and protect the population
- Smuggling activities are widespread in the whole area
- The majority of the population is Pashtun
- Rule of Law: without district judge or prison

Development: “MINIMAL GROWTH”
- International Community activity and investment is necessary to sustain minimal growth
- Agriculture is the primary source of income and industry is almost nonexistent
- Insufficient number of potable water wells

Security: “UNSECURE ENVIRONMENT”
- Reporting from populace may be subject to enemy influence; the enemy has complete freedom of movement in the area
- RC W assessed security as “FREQUENT THREATS” in the 2nd cycle (4FEB10): RC West did not provide further information to support the new assessment

MURGHAB District is assessed as “POPULATION SYMPATHIZING WITH INSURGENTS”. Environmental conditions in district with respect to Governance, Development, and Security are such that open, active support for anti-government elements is routine. RC W assessed MURGHAB District as “POPULATION NEUTRAL / ON THE FENCE” in the 2nd cycle (4FEB10). They did not provide further information to support the new assessment.
BAKWAH (FARAH Province) District Assessment

Governance: “NON EXISTENT”
- Limited legitimate governance exists
- GIRoA has no influence in the area
- Many local nationals adhere to the tribal way of life

Development: “STALLD GROWTH”
- Many people are unemployed, and most are still actively looking for work and hopeful.
- Agriculture based economy with access to good arable land
- Lack of surface water and limited pump irrigation hinders growth; a hydrology study has been completed to address the issue
- Basic services almost non-existent

Security: “FREQUENT THREATS”
- Frequent attacks intimidating a significant segment of the population
- Tribal elders relied on for justice

BAKWAH District is assessed as “POPULATION SYMPATHIZING WITH INSURGENTS.” There is very little of interaction between GIROA and the populace, which relies mostly on their elders, while basic administrative services do not provide minimal standards. Insurgency, subordinated by its shadow structure, is constantly active, main threat is IED attack.
BALA BOLUK (FARAH Province) District Assessment

Governance: “EMERGING”
- An official legal system may exist but tribal system is primary judicial means at local level
- RC W assessed governance in BALA BOLUK as “UNPRODUCTIVE” in the 2nd cycle. They did not provide further information to support the new assessment

Development: “MINIMAL GROWTH”
- International Community activity and investment is necessary to sustain minimal growth
- Agriculture is the main activity of the population
- Lack of maintenance of canal intakes limits growth

Security: “OCCASIONAL THREATS”
- Some attacks occur causing intimidation limited to a small segment of the population or are so infrequent that most threats are considered to be criminal
- RC W assessed security in BALA BOLUK as “DANGEROUS ENVIRONMENT” in the 2nd cycle (4FEB10). They did not provide further information to support the new assessment

BALA BOLUK District is assessed as “POPULATION SYMPATHIZING w/ GOVERNMENT AND SECURITY FORCES”. Environmental conditions in district with respect to Governance, Development and Security are such that the majority of population accepts legitimacy of GIRoA. RC W assessed BALA BOLUK District as “POPULATION NEUTRAL / ON THE FENCE” in the 2nd cycle (4FEB10). They did not provide further information to support the new assessment.
FARAH (FARAH Province) District Assessment

Governance: “FULL AUTHORITY”
- Population accept Government authority
- Rule of Law: strained by lack of infrastructure and resources
- The population feels safe

Development: “SUSTAINABLE GROWTH”
- Basic needs are acceptable quality, readily available to most of population and sustainable
- Priorities are clear roads, water, and electricity
- Telecommunications are functional and covers FARAH City
- Transport infrastructure reasonably developed

Security: “FREQUENT THREATS”
- High criminal activity
- Taliban safe haven

FARAH District is assessed as “POPULATION SYMPATHIZING w/ GOVERNMENT AND SECURITY FORCES”. Environmental conditions in district with respect to Governance, Development and Security are such that the majority of individuals are satisfied with conditions in terms of their Personal, Community, Food, Health, Economic, Political security.
PUSHT-E ROD (FARAH Province) District Assessment

Governance: “DYSFUNCTIONAL”
- Tribal system dominant
- Government cannot provide essential service

Development: “POPULATION AT RISK”
- Few prospects for economic growth exist
- Lack of canal maintenance and intakes limits growth
- Basic services are being diminished by Taliban

Security: “FREQUENT THREATS”
- Strong intimidation campaign towards local nationals

PUSHT-E ROD District is assessed as “POPULATION SYMPATHIZING WITH INSURGENTS.” Environmental conditions in district with respect to Governance, Development and Security are such that the majority of individuals are dissatisfied with conditions in terms of their Personal, Community, Food, Health, Economic, Political security.
KUSHK-E KOHNAH (HERAT Province)
District Assessment

Governance: “UNPRODUCTIVE”
- Government hindered from providing essential services
- Lack coordination with local Government

Development: “MINIMAL GROWTH”
- International Community activity and investment is necessary to sustain minimal growth
- The district’s development remains dependant on the engagement of the International Community, UNAMA and major NGOs

Security: “OCCASIONAL THREATS”
- Some attacks occur causing intimidation limited to a small segment of the population
- Insurgents want to assure Freedom of Movement

KUSHK-E KOHNAH District is assessed as “POPULATION NEUTRAL / ON THE FENCE.”
Environmental conditions in district with respect to Governance, Development and Security are such that less than half of individuals are satisfied with conditions in terms of their Personal, Community, Food, Health, Economic, Political security.
RC Capital
BAGRAMI (KABUL Province) District Assessment

Governance: “EMERGING”
- An established and officially recognized government system exists
- GIRoA provides essential services and protects the population
- Population is generally supportive of the GIRoA
- The population accepts GIRoA authority

Development: “DEPENDENT GROWTH”
- Economic growth exists, but continued growth is dependent on International Community investment
- Basic needs are available to most of the population but the quality of service often does not meet acceptable standards
- Although many people are employed, most jobs are of short duration
- Amenity stores openings and closures susceptible to minor market shifts

Security: “OCCASIONAL THREATS”
- Some attacks occur causing intimidation limited to a small segment of the population
- Government security forces actively patrol urban areas and respond to incidents in other areas

BAGRAMI District is assessed as “POPULATION SYMPATHIZING WITH GOVERNMENT AND SECURITY FORCES.” This assessment is based on the “EMERGING” Governance, “DEPENDANT GROWTH” in Development and the “OCCASIONAL THREATS” for Security.
DIH SABZ (KABUL Province) District Assessment

**Governance: “EMERGING”**
- An established and officially recognized government system exists
- GIROA provides essential services and protects the population
- The population accepts GIROA authority; disagreements with the GIROA or its decisions are voiced, rarely escalate into violent confrontations
- Tribal system is the primary judicial means at the local level

**Development: “MINIMAL GROWTH”**
- Frequent attacks intimidating a significant segment of the population; organized criminal activity may be prevalent
- Populace reluctant to report on enemy presence and activities; intelligence indicates the enemy has covert support areas
- Government security forces are limited by resources, apathy, or capability

**Security: “OCCASIONAL THREATS”**
- Some attacks occur causing intimidation limited to a small segment of the population
- Government security forces actively patrol urban areas and respond to incidents in other areas

DIH SABZ District is assessed as “POPULATION SYMPATHIZING WITH GOVERNMENT AND SECURITY FORCES.” This assessment is based on the “EMERGING” Governance, “MINIMAL GROWTH” in Development and the “OCCASIONAL THREATS” for Security.
KHAKI JABBAR (KABUL Province) District Assessment

Governance: “FULL AUTHORITY”
- An established and officially recognized government system exists
- GIRoA provides essential services and protects the population without need for significant international community aid or security
- An official legal system exists and is functioning, the tribal justice system is often used for resolving social and family matters

Development: “STALLED GROWTH”
- Economic growth is stalled
- Many people are unemployed, and most are still actively looking for work and hopeful
- Few stores exist in the area; population must travel significant distances to purchase necessities
- International Community jobs and investment are minimal; more are needed in the area to spur the economy

Security: “SECURE ENVIRONMENT”
- Attack levels are low to non-existent – any attacks that do occur are attributed to criminal activity and do not intimidate a large segment of the population

KHAKI JABBAR District is assessed as “SYMPATHIZING WITH GOVERNMENT AND SECURITY FORCES”. This assessment is based upon the “FULL AUTHORITY” of Governance, “STALLED GROWTH” in Development and the “SECURE ENVIRONMENT” for Security.
Comments