

The Office of Infrastructure Protection

National Protection and Programs Directorate
Department of Homeland Security

Protective Security Advisors and Special Event Domestic Incident
Tracker Overview

Federal Emergency Management Agency National Preparedness
Symposium

August 8, 2012



Homeland
Security

The Role of Homeland Security

- Unify a National effort to secure America
- Prevent and deter terrorist attacks
- Protect against and respond to threats and hazards to the Nation
- Respond to and recover from acts of terrorism, natural disaster, or other emergencies
- Coordinate the protection of our Nation's critical infrastructure across all sectors

Critical Infrastructure Protection Challenges

- Majority of critical infrastructure privately-owned
- The Department of Homeland Security (DHS) has limited legal authority to regulate security practices of private industry (exceptions: National Protection and Programs Directorate Office of Infrastructure Protection (NPPD/IP) (high-risk chemicals), Transportation Security Administration, United States Coast Guard)
- DHS; Sector-Specific Agencies; other Federal entities; the private sector; and State, local, tribal, and territorial governments all have roles and responsibilities in critical infrastructure protection

Protective Security Advisors

- 93 Protective Security Advisors (PSAs) and Regional Directors, including 87 field deployed personnel, serve as critical infrastructure security specialists
- Deployed to 74 Districts in 50 states and Puerto Rico
- State, local, tribal, territorial, and private sector link to DHS infrastructure protection resources
 - Coordinate vulnerability assessments, training, and other DHS products and services
 - Provide vital link for information sharing in steady-state and incident response
 - Assist facility owners and operators with obtaining security clearances
- During contingency events, PSAs support the response, recovery, and reconstitution efforts of the States by serving as pre-designated Infrastructure Liaisons (IL) and Deputy ILs at the Joint Field Offices

Protective Security Advisor Locations

Protective Security Advisor (PSA) Locations - March 2012

Northwest Region - Scott Behuin	
AK	Anchorage Thomas Burgess
CO	Denver Joe O'Keefe
ID	Boise Eric Puype
MT	Helena Randy Middlebrook
OR	Portland Glen Collins
UT	Salt Lake City Ralph Ley
WA	Seattle David Holcomb
WY	Cheyenne Kenneth Longfritz

Midwest Region - Gregory Gardner	
AR	Little Rock Katherine Crowley
IA	Des Moines Phil Pitzten
KS	Topeka Charles Clanhahan
MO	St. Louis Rick Goins
ND	Bismarck Donald Ronsberg
NE	Omaha Greg Hollingshead
OK	Oklahoma City Glenn Moore
SD	Pierre August Geisinger

Great Lakes Region - Edward Gleason	
IL	Chicago Charles DuShane
IL	Chicago John Walsh
IL	Springfield Randall Rushing
IN	Indianapolis William Gleason
KY	Louisville Gregory Howard
MI	Detroit Emad Shenouda
MI	Grand Rapids Michael Moll
MN	Minneapolis Glenn Sanders
OH	Cincinnati James Emery
OH	Cleveland Patrick Shaw
WI	Milwaukee Tim Weiler

Northeast Region - Mary Raymond	
CT	New Haven Douglas Pesce
MA	Boston Al Richmond
ME	Portland Christopher Reidel
NH	Manchester Ronald Peimer
NJ	Newark Frank Westfall
NY	Albany Al Stenson
NY	New York City Joe Tadrick
NY	New York City Kevin Peterson
NY	Buffalo Mark Kreyer
PR	San Juan Julio Gonzalez-Rodriguez
RI	Providence Alan Seitz
VT	Williston Gabriel Palazzi

Headquarters	
VA	Headquarters Bill Egan

Mid-Atlantic Region - John Guest	
DC	National Capital Region Sean McArw
DC	National Capital Region Matthew Wornbacher
DE	Dover Ken Greeson
MD	Baltimore Ray Hanna
PA	Philadelphia Bill Ryan
PA	Pittsburgh Bob Winters
PA	Harrisburg Stephen White
VA	Richmond Robert Mooney
VA	Norfolk Mark Milcich
WV	Charleston Kenneth Ullom

Southeast Region - Donald Robinson	
FL	Tallahassee Billy Sasser
FL	Miami Gary Warren
FL	Tampa Ovlia Gagnon
FL	Orlando Marty Smith
GA	Atlanta James Hardy
NC	Raleigh Darryl Aspey
SC	Columbia Keith Jones
TN	Memphis Greg Innis
TN	Nashville Mark Coffey

Gulf Coast Region - Steve Nicholas	
AL	Mobile Kirk Toth
AL	Birmingham Mike Waters
LA	New Orleans Phil Constantin
LA	Baton Rouge Jeff McKee
MS	Jackson James Fenn
TX	Austin Ronald McPherson
TX	Dallas Haney Perrott
TX	El Paso Charles Hamilton
TX	Houston Kerry Spaulding
TX	Houston Michael Macha

Southwest Region - Donald Cheatham	
AZ	Phoenix Christine Figueroa
CA	Los Angeles Brian Keith
CA	Los Angeles Donald Ray
CA	Sacramento Frank Calvillo
CA	San Diego Peter Owen
CA	Fresno Richard Sierze
CA	San Francisco Richard Stribling
HI	Honolulu Richard Mitchem
NM	Albuquerque Jeffrey Murray
NV	Las Vegas Gonzalo Cordova

Legend

- ★ Regional Director
- Protective Security Advisor (PSA)
- PSA Regions Boundary
- ▭ State Boundary

PSA Regions

- Great Lakes
- Gulf Coast
- Mid-Atlantic
- Midwest
- Northeast
- Northwest
- Southeast
- Southwest



Department of Homeland Security
Office of Infrastructure Protection (IP)
IP Geospatial Support Team
Contact: IICD-GISProduction@dhs.gov



Homeland Security

ECIP Initiative

- Establishes/enhances DHS relationship with facility owners and operators, and informs owners and operators of the importance of their facilities and the need to be vigilant
- Enhanced Critical Infrastructure Protection (ECIP) survey
 - Identifies facilities' physical security, security forces, security management, protective measures, information sharing, and dependencies
 - Tracks implementation of new protective measures
- ECIP Dashboard
 - Creates facility protective measures index that can be used to compare against similar facilities
 - Tool for informing protective measures planning and resource allocation
- Information is protected under the Protected Critical Infrastructure Information program
- Information used by DHS for steady-state analysis and incident management

Homeland Security Information Network

- The Homeland Security Information Network (HSIN) is DHS's primary technology tool for trusted information sharing
- HSIN – Critical Sectors (HSIN-CS) enables direct communication between DHS; Federal, State, and local governments; and infrastructure owners and operators
- Content Includes:
 - Planning and Preparedness: Risk assessments, analysis, guidance, and security products; geospatial products and hurricane models; exercise and national event info
 - Incident Reporting and Updates: Real-time situational reports and alerts
 - Situational Awareness: Numerous recurring daily and monthly sector-specific and cross-sector reports on topics ranging from cybersecurity to emerging threats
 - Education and Training: Training on topics ranging from critical infrastructure resilience to threat detection and reaction for retail staff



Vulnerability Assessment Programs

- Site Assistance Visits (SAVs)
 - Brings together Federal partners, State and local law enforcement, other emergency responders, and critical infrastructure owners and operators to conduct an “inside the fence” assessment that identifies critical assets, specific vulnerabilities, protective measures, dependencies/interdependencies, and options for consideration for improving security
- Computer Based Assessment Tool
 - A computer-based visual cross-platform tool that displays critical site assets and current security postures
 - Integrates SAV and Buffer Zone Plan assessment data with geospherical video and geospatial and hypermedia data
 - Assists owners and operators, local law enforcement, and emergency response personnel, to prepare for, respond to, and manage critical infrastructure, National Special Security Events, high-level special events, and contingency operations



TRIPwire and TRIPwire Community Gateway

- TRIPwire – Online unclassified network for law enforcement having bombing prevention responsibilities to discover and share tactics, techniques, and procedures of terrorist improvised explosive device (IED) use
 - Combines expert analysis with relevant documents gathered from terrorist sources to assist law enforcement’s ability to anticipate, identify, and prevent IED incidents
- TRIPwire Community Gateway – Brings timely bombing prevention awareness information and analysis to the private sector with bombing prevention responsibilities
 - Responds to increasing private sector demand for bombing prevention information and assistance
 - Leverages content, expertise, and reputation of the existing TRIPwire system
 - Shares information on common site vulnerabilities, potential threat indicators, and effective protective measures for the 18 critical infrastructure sectors through HSIN-CS



Risk Mitigation Training

- IED Awareness and Bomb Threat Management Workshop
 - Provides an IED overview and focuses on the steps for managing bomb-related threats by outlining specific mitigation and response strategies to deal with explosive incidents and bomb threats
- IED Search Procedures Workshop
 - Enhances participants' knowledge of IED awareness, prevention measures, and planning protocols by outlining specific search techniques that reduce vulnerability and mitigate the risk of terrorist IED attacks
- Protective Measures Course
 - Provides owners and operators in the public/private sector with the knowledge to identify the appropriate protective measures for their unique sector
- Surveillance Detection Course for Law Enforcement & Security Professionals
 - Provides participants with the knowledge, skills, and abilities to detect hostile surveillance conducted against critical infrastructure



Risk Mitigation Training (cont.)

- IED Counterterrorism Workshop
 - Enhances the knowledge of State and local law enforcement and public/private sector stakeholders by providing exposure to key elements of the IED threat, surveillance detection methods, and soft target awareness
- Counter-IED and Bomb Threat Management Workshop (Executive Level)
 - High-level workshop, designed for executives and critical infrastructure owners, provides exposure to key elements of the IED threat, soft target awareness, bomb threat management planning, and mitigation cost considerations in order to inform risk management planning



Special Event and Domestic Incident Tracker

- Introduction
- Objective
- Core Methodology
- Benefits
- Steady State
- Threat Matrix
- Special Event
- Domestic Incident
- Future Vision

PSA Operations Special Event and Domestic Incident Tracker

State Selection

Comments ? Logout

Select Your State

Other

- [American Samoa](#)
- [Guam](#)
- [Northern Marianas Islands](#)
- [Puerto Rico](#)
- [US Virgin Islands](#)

[View All Special Events](#)

[View All Domestic Incidents](#)

SEDIT Introduction

- The Special Event and Domestic Incident Tracker (SEDIT) is a Web-based tool for field-deployed members to enhance steady-state, special event, and domestic incident capabilities
- Applicable to advanced-warning natural hazards, catastrophic planning, and no-notice incidents
- Steady-state data collection allows field members to contribute to special event planning and respond to domestic incidents
- Displays steady-state baseline and mitigated risk for facilities and assets
- Provides predictive analysis regarding dependencies and cascading effects during an event or incident
- Enhances Federal, State, and local situational awareness based on consequence, vulnerability, and threat

SEDIT Introduction (cont.)

- Provides enhanced critical infrastructure information for State and local fusion centers through PSAs
- Tracker uses National Threat Matrix developed with the DHS Office of Intelligence and Analysis (DHS I&A) and has the ability to be modified locally
- Integrates SAV assessments and ECIP survey data in risk calculations
- Incorporates SAV and ECIP resilience data to support domestic incident response

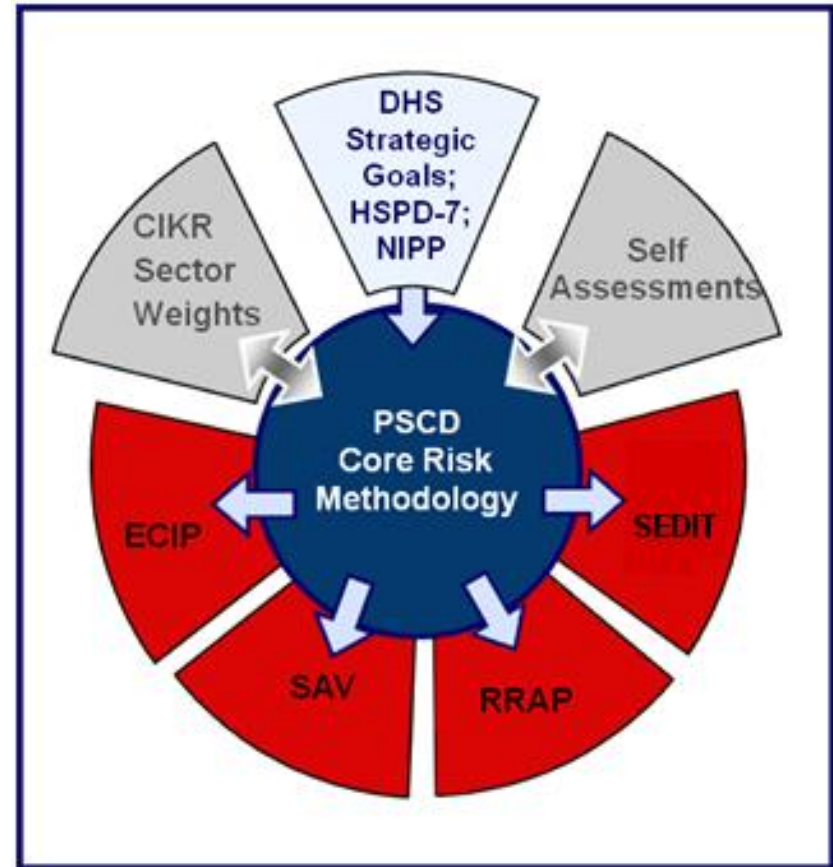
SEMIT Objectives

- Identify and mitigate vulnerabilities at national high priority critical infrastructure facilities
- Support DHS infrastructure protection objectives
 - National Infrastructure Protection Plan – Risk Framework (e.g., develop core assessment methodology): Analyze risk, analyze protective measures in place, mitigation strategies to reduce risk
 - National Response Framework – Infrastructure Liaison: Resilience and dependencies/interdependencies
- Provide meaningful products to owners and operators
 - ECIP Dashboards (e.g., physical security)
 - Relevant Information (e.g., Common Vulnerability, Potential Indicators, and Protective Measure papers)
 - Follow up (e.g., specialized assessment)



SEDIT Core Methodology

- Aligns methodology to ensure achievement of NPPD/IP and DHS goals
- Capitalizes on existing NPPD/IP processes and tools (e.g., ECIP and SAV)
- Minimizes duplication of effort
- Enhances interaction with the private sector



SEDIT Benefits

- Improves information sharing between Federal, State, and local partners and facility owners and operators
- Enhances the Department's ability to analyze data and produce improved protection and resilience measures
 - Risk-based and scalable
 - Allows greater weight to be placed on consequence, vulnerability, or threats
- Presents streamlined and user-friendly functionality in support of special events and domestic incidents
- Increases efficiency in the field by cross-feeding data between steady state (baseline), special events, and domestic incidents

SEdit Steady State

- Add facilities within each State
- Manipulate the following data within the facility:
 - Facility details
 - Facility Scores (Consequence, Vulnerability, Threat, Baseline Risk and Resilience) based on ECIP/SAV data and the National Threat Matrix
 - Improves risk score based on Consequence Survey function
 - Dependencies
- Information in steady state becomes basis for planning a special event or preparing for a domestic incident through protective and resilience measures

SEDIT Steady State (cont.)

WARNING: Data contained on this system is Protected Critical Infrastructure Information. [More info...](#)

PSA Operations Special Event and Domestic Incident Tracker

State Selection **Steady-State** Special Events Domestic Incidents

Comments ? Logout

Facilities National Threat Matrix State Overview Documents Sector Overviews Key Contacts Links Committee

Facilities in DC

PSA District Threat

Rows

Risk Awareness Score > 75
 Risk Awareness Score 51 - 75
 Risk Awareness Score 26 - 50
 Risk Awareness Score 0-25

ECIP V3/SAV Vulnerability Score

IST/SAV Consequence Score

Threat	Steady-State
Active Shooter	High
Aircraft	Low
Biological Attack	Low
Chemical (Agent Dispersed)	Very Low
Chemical (Weaponized)	Very Low
Cyber Attack	Medium
IED	Medium
Maritime	Very Low
Radiological	Very Low
VBIED	Medium

Name	District	Sector	Sub-Sector	Consequence	Vulnerability	Threat	Baseline Risk	Resilience
<input type="checkbox"/> Facility #1	DC	Banking and Finance	Banking and Credit	50	38	63	48	54
<input type="checkbox"/> Facility #2	DC	Commercial Facilities	Outdoor Events Facilities	28	74	66	46	26
<input type="checkbox"/> Facility #3	DC	Commercial Facilities	Outdoor Events	28	74	66	46	26



National Threat Matrix – Steady State

- National Threat Matrix developed by DHS I&A in coordination with Argonne National Laboratory
- Ability to modify facilities in coordination with State and local partners and fusion centers
- National threat information populates facility threat information for special events
- Additional threat streams can be added for special events

National Threat Matrix – Steady State (cont.)

	Active Shooter	Aircraft	Biological Attack	Chemical (Agent Dispersed)	Chemical (Weaponized)	Cyber Attack	IED	Maritime	Radiological	VBIED
	Very Low	Very Low	Low	Very Low	Very Low	Very Low	Very Low	Very Low	Very Low	Very Low
	High	Low	Low	Very Low	Very Low	Medium	Medium	Very Low	Very Low	Medium
	Low	Very Low	Very Low	Very Low	Very Low	Very Low	Very Low	Very Low	Very Low	Very Low
	High	Low	Low	Low	Very Low	Medium	Medium	Very Low	Very Low	Medium
	Low	Low	Very Low	Very Low	Very Low	Medium	Medium	Very Low	Very Low	Low
	Very Low	Low	Very Low	Very Low	Very Low	Low	Low	Very Low	Very Low	Low
	Low	Very Low	Very Low	Very Low	Very Low	Low	Low	Very Low	Very Low	Low
	Low	Very Low	Very Low	Very Low	Very Low	Low	Low	Very Low	Very Low	Low
	Medium	Very Low	Very Low	Very Low	Very Low	Medium	Medium	Very Low	Very Low	Low
	Medium	Medium	Very Low	Very Low	Very Low	Medium	Medium	Very Low	Very Low	Low
	Low	Very Low	Very Low	Very Low	Very Low	Very Low	Very Low	Very Low	Very Low	Very Low
	High	Low	Low	Low	Very Low	Very High	Medium	Very Low	Very Low	Medium
	Low	Very Low	Very Low	Very Low	Very Low	Low	Low	Very Low	Very Low	Very Low
	Very Low	Very Low	Very Low	Very Low	Very Low	Very Low	Very Low	Very Low	Very Low	Very Low
	Low	Low	Very Low	Very Low	Very Low	Low	Very Low	Very Low	Very Low	Very Low
	Low	Very Low	Low	Very Low	Very Low	Low	Very Low	Very Low	Very Low	Very Low
	Medium	Low	Low	Low	Very Low	High	Medium	Low	Very Low	Medium
	Very Low	Very Low	Very Low	Very Low	Very Low	Low	Very Low	Very Low	Very Low	Very Low



SEDIT Special Events

- Key information captured such as description, location, PSA involvement, status, lead agency, significance, and dates
- Add special events in order to take into account real-time threat information and temporary measures as they are put in place
- Catalog primary and secondary venues, lifeline utilities, and supporting infrastructure
- Display baseline risk, mitigated risk, protection measures, and applicable threat scenarios
- Visually display infrastructure in Google Earth format

SEEDIT Special Events (cont.)

PSA Operations Special Event and Domestic Incident Tracker

State Selection | Steady-State | Special Events | Domestic Incidents | SEDIT Conference - Test

Overview | Threat Quick Look | Documents | Accountability | Key Contacts | Links | Committee Participation

SEDIT Conference - Test Details [Edit]

PSA Involvement: 04/20/2011 - Event: 06/13/2011 - 06/17/2011
Significance: Local
Frequency: Annual
EOC Location:
Lead Agency:
Jurisdiction:
Description: Test
State(s): DC

Primary PSA: Ovila Gagnon
Alternate PSA: Robert Mooney
Regional Director: Don Robinson
Supporting PSAs: Ralph Ley, Joe O'Keefe

Risk Matrix [Export to KML] [Add Facilities] [Delete Selected]

Threat: -- Highest Threat Score --

- Risk Awareness Score > 75
- Risk Awareness Score 51 - 75
- Risk Awareness Score 26 - 50
- Risk Awareness Score 0-25

Rows: 50 [Go] [Delete Report]

Name	District	Sector	Sub-Sector	Consequence	Vulnerability	Threat	Baseline Risk	Mitigated Vulnerability	Mitigated Risk	Resilient
Facility #1	-	Commercial Facilities	Public Assembly	43	64	61	51	10	37	25
Facility #2	-	Government Facilities	Other Government Facilities	63	40	59	56	10	48	33
Facility #3	-	Banking and Finance	Banking and Credit	39	61	61	48	10	34	24



SEdit Domestic Incidents

- Key information captured such as description, location, and significance
- Modify vulnerability and threat based on incident impact
- Generate and track Requests for Action (RFAs)/Requests for Information (RFIs)
- Monitor and report on disruption of critical infrastructure
- Provide comprehensive pre- and post-incident information
- Track incidents involving multiple States
- Special events can be exported as a domestic incident
- Visually display infrastructure in Google Earth format
- Track and report infrastructure needs

SEEDIT Domestic Incidents (cont.)

PSA Operations Special Event and Domestic Incident Tracker

State Selection Steady-State Special Events Domestic Incidents Test Load Page

Overview CIKR Status Analysis Reports Vulnerability Quick Look Threat Quick Look RFA/RFI Summary Documents Accountability

Test Load Page Details

PSA Involvement 03/14/2011 - Primary PSA Robert Mooney
Status Active - Planning Alternate PSA Sean McAraw
Significance Local Regional Director John Guest
Frequency Supporting PSAs Matthew Wombacher
Description

State	Agency	JFO	EOC
IL			

Risk Matrix Export to KML

Rows 50 Go

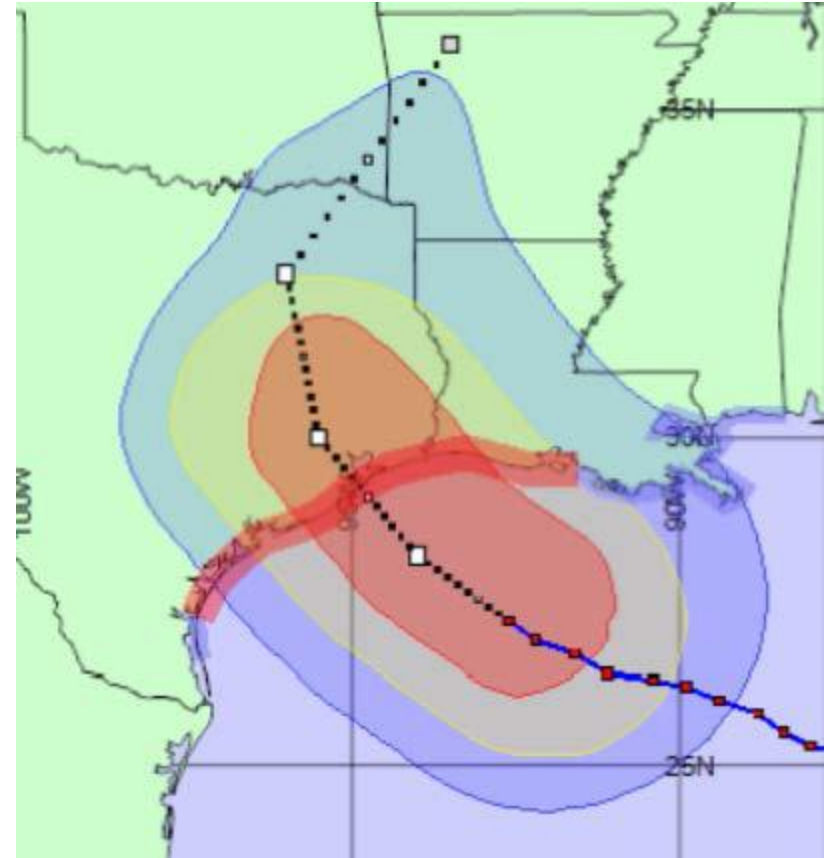
Potential for total site disruption
Potential for significant site disruption
Potential for site disruption causing minor degradation
Minimal risk of site disruption

Name	City	District	Sector	Sub-Sector	C	V	I	Risk	Pre Status	Post Status
Facility #1	Various	IL-S	Dams	Flood Damage Reduction Systems	16	100	50	43	Operational	Unknown
Facility #2	Hamlettsburg	IL-S	Dams	Dam Projects	7	72	100	38	Operational	Unknown
Facility #3	Benton	IL-S	Dams	Dam Projects	5	30	10	13	Operational	Unknown



Future Updates

- Development of an improved threat matrix. Improvements will include the ability to delete or hide threats from the National Threat Matrix
- Utilize SHAPE files to calculate threat scores for natural disasters based on current or historic modeling
- Link WebEOC to RFI/RFA function in SEDIT





Homeland Security

For more information visit:
www.dhs.gov/criticalinfrastructure

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